

Hard to Decide.



It is sometimes hard to decide in selecting a pattern for a suit, skirt or jacket; you may not know just the becoming thing. Let the "Palmer Garment" decide the question for you come in here and try on a number of different styles, and look at a variety of fabrics. If we can't give you a perfect fit, and satisfaction, with what we have here, we'll order for you specially whatever you want.

SUITS, Price \$8 to \$35

JUST UNPACKED

One of the nicest line of Ladies Shirt Waists ever heard of in this part of the country. The Styles are right up to the minute and are the nicest and best for the price to be found anywhere in this section. We just want you to look them over, we will do the rest.

50 Cents to \$7.50

They are Called Iron Clad

BECAUSE they wear like-iron-clad. You will save a whole lot of money in the course of a year if you use the Iron Clad brand of hosiery on the whole family. Try a pair and compare them with others that cost the same amount.

SHOES.

This is just one of our long suits. Shoes for gentlemen, for ladies, for Misses for children, in fact every member of the family. We handle the

Douglas and Queen Quality

You don't need any talk to convince you of their merits.

One of the lines we are proudest of is our hosiery—hosiery for men, women, boys and misses.

This is the trademark of the kind of hosiery we sell—clad your feet with "Iron Clads."

Your Spring Suit

Can be bought of us at less money than it costs to have a tailor measure you. We always have the best on earth in this line.

JOHNSON & HILL CO.

Largest Distributors in Wood County.

WANT MANUAL TRAINING.

Ladies Making Effort to Have Course in New School.

When the new high school building is completed there will be rooms in the building which can be devoted to the studies of manual training and domestic science. It was not the intention of the school commissioners to introduce the two courses into the curriculum of the school at once, however, owing to the fact that there are indications that the commissioners will be at the end of their rope from a financial standpoint when the building is finished.

For some time past the ladies of the city have taken more than a passing interest in the matter and they have determined that if their assistance will be of use to the commissioners they are ready and willing to do all in their power to help the matter along.

The matter started by a meeting of the three Woman's clubs of the city at which there were papers and discussions on the subject, and when the meeting was over the ladies had resolved that if their co-operation would help the matter along, it would be forthcoming.

There has been some objection from persons in the city concerning introducing the courses into the school at all, but it would seem that this emanated mostly from people who have not taken the trouble to look at the matter from all the different standpoints and are prejudiced almost without reason.

Altho manual training for boys and domestic science for girls are new courses for this city, there are institutions where they have been in operation for two or more decades, and they have been found to equal any of the other studies commonly taught in school for fitting the young for the battle of life.

The ladies have been about town with petitions which have been presented to the citizens for their signatures. These petitions were for the purpose of obtaining the sentiment of the representative people of the town. The lists are not complete, but so far as they have been circulated, the action of the ladies has been heartily endorsed. If this sentiment continues in favor of the movement the ladies propose, thru their efforts, to furnish the rooms of the new high school which are to be used for the study of manual training and domestic science, so that almost immediately after the building is occupied for school purposes these studies can be taken up with the rest.

From data gathered by the ladies it has been decided that the paraphernalia for the rooms will cost somewhere between \$700 and \$800. This amount the ladies propose to raise by contributions and entertainments of different kinds and they are confident that they could accomplish their object in a very short time.

It was thru the efforts of the ladies that Professor Harvey was induced to lecture in the city, and the many who listened to his discourse were not only well pleased but also much enlightened on the subject.

County Court.

The following matters were heard at the session of the county court on Tuesday, Judge W. J. Conway presiding:

In relation to the guardianship of the minor heirs of Margaretta Specht. Inventory of estate of said heirs filed.

In relation to the sale of real estate of Gustave Dahlke, incompetent. Order confirming agreement of sale and directing conveyance made, signed and filed.

In relation to the estate of David Fawcett, deceased. Petition for letters of administration filed. Guardian ad litem appointed for minor heirs. Notice of letters of administration.

In relation to the estate of Simon Kronholm, deceased. Petition for letters of administration filed. Guardian ad litem for minor heirs appointed. Notice for application for letters of administration signed and filed.

Examining Employees.

The C. & N. W. company recently adopted a new book of rules to go into effect on the entire system. Employees from passenger conductors to section foremen were supplied with books which they have been diligently studying for the past two weeks. Examinations will be held at Kaukauna until all have had an opportunity to attend. For the passenger conductors there are nearly 400 questions which must be answered in writing. These cover all sorts of emergencies and are for the better protection of the traveling public and the company's property, in order that accidents may be reduced to a minimum from the fact of that all employees will be thoroughly familiar with their business.

Services at St. John's Church.

Palm Sunday: Celebration of the Eucharist in the Chapel at 7:30 a. m. Maundy Thursday: Celebration of the Eucharist in the Chapel at 7:30 a. m.

Good Friday: Morning prayer and litany at 10:30 a. m.

The Chapel will be open all day for those desiring to have quiet for private devotions and meditation on that most Holy Mystery of the Cross. Easter day: Celebration of the Eucharist at 7:30 and 10:30 a. m.

Lockjaw from Cobwebs.

Cobwebs put on a cut lately gave a woman lockjaw. Millions know that the best thing to put on a cut is Buckle's Arnica salve, the infallible healer of wounds, ulcers, sores, skin eruptions, burns, scalds and piles. It cures or no pay. Only 25c at John E. Daly's.

New Assessment Blanks.

Supervisor of Assessment Cochran received some new blanks from the state tax commission this week. The new blanks are for the use of assessors throughout the county and are made to conform with the assessment laws as they exist today. Heretofore the assessors have been doing their work on blanks that were based on laws that were passed thirty years ago, and were consequently sadly out of date.

Among the new blanks are two forms for personal property statement. Also a new form of assessment roll showing the amount fixed by the assessor, with and without improvements as well as the valuation as fixed by the board of review. There is also a new form of personal property assessment roll, so that all of the blanks that the assessor uses are right up to date. Assessors in the county are warned to use the new forms in making their assessments, as it may save them a whole lot of work.

DATE HAS BEEN SET.

Home Talent Minstrel will occur on April 15.

Manager Joe Corriveau and his assistants have set the date for the home talent minstrel for the fifteenth of April and should nothing intervene that is not now known of the entertainment will be one to be long remembered.

The entertainment will be one out of the ordinary, as there will be a liberal sprinkling of the fair sex to relieve the monotony of the ordinary minstrel show.

The four end men will be the blackest of black face artists and will be Joe Corriveau, Charles Pomainville and the Babcock brothers, all of whom have been before the public eye and proven themselves to entertainers par excellence. Two of the end "men" will be of the male persuasion and two females.

Pet Crotteau will represent John D. Rockefeller; Floyd Moore, J. Pierpont Morgan; Ed Armstrong, Wm. K. Vanderbilt; Jessie Hupgood, Prince Henry and Charles Laramie as Admiral Schley will be interloper for the occasion. Among the females will be Helen Gould taken by Curtis Crotteau, Miss Roosevelt by Albert Marceau, Miss Rothschild by Henry Mackley and Miss Leiter by W. A. Slingerland.

This array of illustrious personages will make up the first part, with a good supply of songs, ballads and jokes, all of which will be up to day after tomorrow. The boys are already practicing their various work wherever it is possible to do so, and songs and music are being prepared as rapidly as possible.

The second part will be an olio of good things from the jokers standpoint, with a lot of music thrown in for good measure. There will be a vocal quartet composed of Podawiltz, Crotteau, Corriveau and LaBrecche, a musical team with Colcord and Robinson. Micol and his sparring partner, Hit Hard Clark, will give an exhibition of the manly art of self defense for the amusement of the spectators.

Maunna Katzenjammer will be represented by Marcell McCarthy while Dick Crotteau and Russ Wasser will impersonate the two boys whose antics are ever bringing them to grief. Alphonse and Gaston will be on deck in the persons of Curtis Crotteau and Albert Marceau and Charley Laramie will do the Happy Hooligan act. Pet Crotteau will be the policeman and there will also be selections of the contortionist variety by Fred Aucutt. Originality and fun is the object aimed at by the boys, and from the indications they will succeed in their efforts.

Society and Club Notices.

The M. W. K. club will meet next Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. C. M. Reune.

The Historical and Literary society will meet on Tuesday evening with Mrs. A. L. Fontaine.

The Entre Nous club will meet on Wednesday next with Mrs. Brown.

The Ladies Aid society of the First Congregational church of the west side will meet Wednesday with Mrs. E. C. Rossier.

The Woman's Club will be entertained next Thursday evening by Mesdames Harvey and Gaynor at the residence of Mrs. Gaynor.

The Ladies' Aid society of the M. E. church of east side will meet next Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Lamberton.

The Ladies' Aid society of the M. E. church, west side, will meet on Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Reilly.

Summer Dairy School.

A summer term has been added to the instruction given at the Wisconsin Dairy school. Students are admitted to this course at any time during the spring and summer after March 1st 1902. They are expected to remain at least ten weeks altho they may continue the work longer if desired. No previous experience in dairy work is required for admission to this course, which is intended for beginners or for persons with little practical knowledge of creamery or dairy work. While some lectures will be given, nearly all of the student's time will be occupied in the work of the various departments under the supervision of the instructors. Quizzes and examinations will be held to determine the progress being made by the students. For further information concerning the Dairy School address E. H. Farrington, Madison, Wis.

FOR SALE—200 egg incubator, new, best make, cost \$25, will sell for \$15. Also new bone grinder, cost \$7.50 will sell for \$5. O. W. GOTHKE.

OFFICERS NOMINATED.

Caucuses well Attended Throughout the City.

The ward caucuses were held in the different parts of the city on Monday evening and the number of votes polled indicate that they were pretty generally better attended than usual on such occasions. The following officers were put in nomination.

First ward—Supervisor, E. P. Arpin; alderman, tie between J. B. Arpin and Frank Bulmyre; delegates to city convention, Dave Kammerer, B. J. Closnit and E. I. Philico.

Second ward—Supervisor, T. W. Brazeau; alderman, H. Metzger; delegates, C. A. Podawiltz, H. Abel and E. L. Steib.

Third ward—Supervisor, Wm. Scott; alderman, F. W. Kruger; delegates, Frazer Johnson, John E. Daly, G. W. Davis.

Fourth ward—Supervisor, Geo. T. Rowland; alderman, tie between M. S. Pratt and A. Bunde; delegates, Frank Cameron, A. Bunde and J. Rickman.

Fifth ward—Supervisor, Ira Bassett; alderman, Wm. Otto; delegates, F. Bossert, C. Anthover and A. N. Palmer.

Sixth ward—Supervisor, D. D. Conway; alderman, C. F. Kellogg; delegates, F. H. Jackson, M. G. Gordon and D. D. Conway.

Seventh ward—Supervisor, L. M. Nash; alderman, E. C. Rossier; delegates, J. Crotteau, M. McCarthy and Dr. F. Pomainville.

Eighth ward—Supervisor, Nels Johnson; alderman, H. S. Boles; delegates, S. Preston, Dr. A. L. Ridgman and Ben Hansen.

At the convention on Wednesday evening there were twenty-three delegates present out of twenty-four and there seemed to be a great unanimity as to who should be the nominees.

D. D. Conway was elected temporary chairman Dr. P. Pomainville temporary secretary of the meeting and these were afterward made permanent.

On the informal ballot for mayor, W. E. Wheelan received 22 votes and Dr. A. L. Ridgman 1. On motion the ballot was declared formal.

For city treasurer M. W. Mosher received 22 votes and Albert Bunde one. This ballot was also declared formal.

On the informal ballot for assessor B. G. Chaudos received the entire 23 votes and the ballot was made formal.

On the informal ballot for justice of the peace Bert Brown received 11 votes, T. J. Cooper 10, L. Kroner 1 and J. Crotteau 1. On the formal ballot Brown received 12 votes and Cooper 11 and Brown was declared the nominee of the convention.

The following committee was appointed: Dave Kammerer, C. A. Podawiltz, John E. Daly, A. Bunde, M. O. Potter, M. G. Gordon, M. McCarthy and Scott Payne.

Prof. Harvey Lectures.

The lecture given by Prof. L. D. Harvey on Friday evening on the subjects of Manual training and Domestic science was well attended by an appreciative audience. The number present indicated that there are a large part of our citizens who are interested in these studies and have a desire to become more conversant with them. The movement in favor of these two branches has become so unanimous that there is not much doubt of their being established when the new school is built.

Nominations at Pittsville.

The following officers were nominated at Pittsville on Wednesday at a citizen's convention: Mayor—L. E. Colvin. Treasurer—Edw. Houghton. Assessor—Nels Covey.

Supervisors—1st ward, Geo. Brown; 2d ward, Mr. Clark; 3d ward, C. E. Fero.

Aldermen—1st ward, John Wower, Pat Kehoe; 2d ward, Geo. Knister, Fred Nichols; 3d ward, W. Jensen, Jerre Case.

Some Wisconsin Weather.

The past week has been a remarkable one in a winter of remarkable weather. A cool wind blew out of the west on Saturday night and by the following morning mercury was hovering around the zero mark with a gale blowing. The cold weather stuck until Monday night when the wind went down and prognosticators of spring began to take courage. Since that time there has been nothing to complain of.

Government to Investigate.

New York Fruit Trade Journal—"Philadelphia Record" says the U. S. department of agriculture "is planning to build a cranberry bog about half an acre in extent on a portion of the Arlington farm, recently turned over to it for an experimental station. On this investigation will be pursued into 'cranberry scald,' a disease which is threatening with extermination the cranberry industry of New Jersey, New York and New England and which is slowly spreading into still other parts of the country."

Mrs. Charles Pagel.

Mrs. Charles Pagel, a resident of the town of Sigel, died on Thursday of last week and was buried on Monday. The deceased was an old resident of the town and eighty years of age. She leaves a husband, who is eighty-one years old and six children, they being: Herman Pagel of Montana, Albert Pagel of S. Dakota, Mrs. F. C. Henke of Sigel, Mrs. John Henke of Sigel, Mrs. C. Kaulman of Grand Rapids and Mrs. John Weber who resides in Iowa.

If You Could Look into the future and see the condition to which your cough, if neglected, will bring you, you would seek relief at once—and that naturally would be through

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

Guaranteed to cure Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all Lung Troubles. Cures Coughs and Colds in a day. Write to S. C. Wells & Co., Le Roy, N. Y., for free trial bottle.

Karl's Clover Root Tea purifies the Blood

EAST SIDE

A No. 1 Brick Cream, all flavors, per gallon \$1.50
A No. 1 Bulk Cream, all flavors, per gallon \$1.00

Ice Cream Parlors

We make cream as good as the best—not better—that describes our ice cream. Cream on sale every day in the year.

G. W. DAVIS.

GEO. W. BAKER,

Funeral Director and Licensed Embalmer.

All business entrusted to my care will have prompt and careful attention. A qualified lady assistant. Special attention given to night calls.

Telephone 313. Corner St. East Side. GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.

Abstracts of Title

If you are negotiating a loan on, or selling your city lots or your acreage, you will need a correct Abstract of Title.

C. E. BOLES,
CENTRALIA, WIS.

CALL AT COURT HOUSE OR TELEPHONE 232.

Notice of Application to Vacate Parts of the Town Plat of Remington, Wood County, Wis.

To Whom It May Concern—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have filed a petition in the circuit court of Wood County, Wisconsin, asking for the vacating of all that part and those parts of the "town plat of Remington, Wood County, Wisconsin" of which they are the proprietors and the streets, highways and alleys opposite to and adjoining said lands of which petitioners are the proprietors and not now in actual use for highway purposes. Notice is further hereby given that the undersigned will, on May 12th, 1902, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the court room in the court house in the city of Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wis., apply to the said court to have said court vacate each every and all parcels, blocks, lots and parts of lots and in said town plat of Remington, Wood Co., Wis., of which the undersigned are owners and proprietors either in common or in severalty and also will then and there apply to said court to vacate all streets and alleys adjoining said blocks, lots and parcels and parcels so vacated, not now in use for highway purposes. Said petition is on file in the office of the clerk of said court and said plat is recorded in Vol. 2 of Plats on page 11 in the office of the Register of Deeds of said Wood County and both are referred to for more particularity. Dated March 11th, 1902.

MARION H. CLEVELAND,
HENRY G. REMINGTON,
B. G. CHAUDOS,
By B. M. Vaughan their Attorney.

Notice of Judicial Election.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, ss
WOOD COUNTY.
Notice is hereby given that at the judicial election to be held in the several towns, wards, villages and civil townships in Wood County, state of Wisconsin, on the first Tuesday of April, A. D. 1902, being the first day of said month, the following officers are to be elected to-wit:

A circuit judge, to serve the seventh judicial circuit, consisting of the counties of Adams, Portage, Waupaca, Washburn and Wood, in place of honorable Charles M. Webb, whose term will expire on the first Monday in January, A. D. 1902.

Said election shall be held and conducted, votes canvassed and returns made in accordance with law.

Given under my hand and official seal at Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, this 24th day of February, A. D. 1902.

E. S. RESNE, County Clerk.

Notice of City Election.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, ss
WOOD COUNTY,
CITY OF GRAND RAPIDS.

To the Electors of the said City of Grand Rapids: Notice is hereby given that the ensuing city election is to be held on the first Tuesday of April, A. D. 1902, being the first day of said month and year. At said time there will be elected the following city officers, to-wit: A mayor, treasurer, assessor, justice of the peace, one supervisor for each ward and one alderman for each ward of said city.

Further take notice, that the polls of said election will be opened at 9 o'clock a. m. and close at five o'clock p. m. and will be held in the following voting precincts and places, to-wit: First Ward—Ed. Maloney's residence.

Second Ward—Grand Avenue Hall.

Third Ward—John Plonk's residence.

Fourth Ward—John Plonk's residence.

Fifth Ward—Waterworks power house.

Sixth Ward—Brainerd Worthington's shop.

Seventh Ward—City Hall.

Eighth Ward—Martin Nelson's residence.

Dated March 5, A. D. 1902.

M. G. GORDON,
City Clerk of the said City of Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wisconsin.

MEN NOT YET RESCUED.

Tug Unable to Go to Relief of Stranded Fishermen.

MAY HAVE PERISHED.

Families of Missing Fishermen Fear They Were Carried Out on Floating Ice.

Marquette, Wis., March 18.—[Special.]—There is a great deal of anxiety here for the safety of the fifteen Marquette fishermen who were caught in the moving ice Saturday night. The tugboat, which started out to bring them back, was unable to make the trip on account of the heavy sea, and returned. The tug will make another attempt this afternoon. In the meantime friends and relatives of the missing men, whose whereabouts for a certainty are not known, are in great alarm and making every possible effort to hurry the trip of the tug. Nothing has been heard from the missing men, and it was taken as a matter of course that they had got ashore on Chambers island, but it is likely that they had a hard time of it and some of them may not have made the island. The ice moved unexpectedly and when it started up it was moving along at the rate of about seven miles an hour. A break in the island side of the ice would have made it impossible for the men to land and they would have been carried out into the lake.

EXPLOSION IS FATAL.

Boiler in Mill Near Wausau Blows Up, Wrecking the Plant.

Wausau, Wis., March 18.—[Special.]—At 7 o'clock this morning a terrible explosion occurred at the Gayitt mill, about ten miles east of this city, which resulted in the death of three men. The dead are:

CAVITT, WILLIAM M., owner of the mill, 48 years old; died fifteen minutes after accident.

GOLDMAN, CASPER, 27 years old. Instantly killed.

DOHONESKI, JOHN, 15 years of age. Instantly killed.

The mill had just started up for the day when the accident occurred. The boiler, which was a large one, was driven 600 feet from the mill, wrecking the engine room and striking the three men in its progress, killing two instantly.

About fifteen minutes before the explosion the entire crew of fifteen men were in the engine room warming themselves and had then remained a few minutes longer, hardly one would have escaped injury, for all were crowded near the boiler.

The Dohoneski boy's head was nearly blown from his body and he was otherwise injured. Goldman's skull was blown from the right side and Gavitt's skull was fractured above the right ear and his left arm was broken.

Gavitt came here from Danneberg, Pa., fifteen years ago and engaged since that time in the lumber business. He leaves a wife and five children.

The cause of the explosion is thought to have been neglect of the water gauge.

DR. EATON AT REST.

Death of a Prominent Physician of Oshkosh.

Oshkosh, Wis., March 18.—[Special.]—The funeral of Dr. Leonidas J. Eaton, a well-known physician of this city, who died Sunday morning after an illness with diabetes and heart disease, took place this afternoon at 1 o'clock. Dr. Eaton was born on a farm in the town of Oshkosh, Winnebago county, September 2, 1819, the son of Jefferson and Jane Brooks Eaton, both of whom were natives of the state of New York. In summer he worked on the farm and in winter attended the district school. During the winter of 1838 and 1839 he was a student in the public schools of this city. He also taught school at about this time. During the winter of 1839 and 1870 he studied medicine in this city. In the fall of 1871 he entered Rush Medical college at Chicago. Two weeks later he had entered the college was destroyed in the great Chicago fire and he returned to this city and pursued his study of medicine privately. In the meantime the college was rebuilt and he re-entered it in the fall of 1872 and completed a full medical course in the spring of 1874. He was city physician in 1882. Deceased was a member of the Knights of Pythias and the Ancient Order of United Workmen and also the Sons of St. George societies. Those who survive him are his brother, M. H. Eaton, and a sister, Mrs. Ellen Neville, both of this city.

DECREASE IN BIRTHS.

Nearly 2000 Less in Wisconsin Than During Previous Year.

Madison, Wis., March 18.—According to the returns made by county registrars to the Secretary of State, Frank Rich, the total number of births in Wisconsin in 1901 was nearly 2000 less than the preceding year. The greatest decrease was in Winnebago county, which reports a falling off of nearly 100 per cent. The number of marriages increased 500 and the deaths 410. All counties in the state except Juneau have made their reports to the secretary of state.

FIGHT WITH BUCK DEER.

Racine Man Badly Wounded by Enraged Animal.

Racine, Wis., March 18.—After fighting thirty minutes with an enraged buck deer, Joseph Shulax, an employee of ex-Mayor M. M. Secor, came out alive, but badly cut and lacerated, and it will be weeks before his wounds are healed. Mr. Secor is the owner of a small zoological garden in which are kept deer and other animals. A large buck got loose in the orchard and Shulax attempted to drive it back into the enclosure.

HENRY J. LAUN DEAD.

Pioneer Sawmill Operator of Kiel Passes Away.

Kiel, Wis., March 18.—[Special.]—Henry John Laun, one of the most prominent citizens of this vicinity and a pioneer of the town of Schleswig, passed away at the age of 61 years of age. He operated one of the first sawmills in this part of the state. He is survived by his wife and four sons, J. B. Laun of this place, Louis Laun of Elkhorst, Henry G. Laun of Wausau and Alfred A. Laun of New Holstein.

LUMBER BURNS AT ELAND.

Fire Breaks Out in the Yards of the Traffic Company.

Eland, Wis., March 18.—[Special.]—Fire broke out in the lumberyard of the Eland Traffic company, destroying about 500,000 feet of lumber, yesterday. It is the defendant and the plaintiff.

ABDUCTED PROFESSOR.

How Madison Teacher Happened to Fall in Love with Rich Seminary Girl.

Madison, N. Y., March 18.—[Special.]—The announcement of the marriage of Prof. Clark Landis, formerly of Madison, Wis., to Miss Ethel R. Shearer is the culmination of a romantic abduction on the part of a class of schoolgirls in which the professor was the principal. The freshmen class of the State normal seminary had arranged a banquet, with Prof. Landis as guestmaster of the evening. The sophomore girls made an unsuccessful attempt to raid the banquet hall and then did the next best thing.

They abducted the postmaster, Prof. Landis. He was hurried into a carriage and then driven to a house in an adjacent village, where he was detained for twelve hours. One of his jailers was Miss Shearer, who under these peculiar circumstances met the professor for the first time.

Although he is 38 years old and she is but 18, it was a case of love at first sight, and rather than involve her in any unpleasantness, he refused to make charges against the students who participated in the prank to the faculty.

Miss Shearer is the daughter of a wealthy parents, but they offered no objection to the union, and Prof. and Mrs. Landis are receiving the congratulations of their classmates and friends.

WILL NOT PAY TAXES.

Racine Company Considers Assessment at Sheboygan Exorbitant and will Fight It.

Sheboygan, Wis., March 18.—[Special.]—Attorney Kearney of Racine addressed the city council last night, giving notice that the company intended contesting the payment of its tax assessment of this year, considering it exorbitant. The company's tax is over \$8000, about \$1000 increase over the year previous.

Meischer circle, Ladies of the Grand Army, gave their first card social last night. Over 300 took part. First prize was won by A. Oststedt, second by W. Kupsch.

Mrs. Edward Deibel led the lady bowlers last night at the Ellis alleys, scoring 157.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Tallmadge are in San Francisco.

MURDERED FOR \$12.

Body of Man, Who Had Been Missing Months, Found in River Near Prairie du Chien.

Prairie du Chien, Wis., March 18.—[Special.]—The badly decomposed body of a man was found by hunters in the Mississippi river, a mile below the city. It was identified as Peter Holley, who disappeared suddenly last October from Alton's dairy farm, where he was employed, and had not been heard from since.

The general impression is that Holley was murdered for \$12 which he had just received for his wages, as he has a deep gash in his neck on the right side of his face and over the left eye. There are blood stains on his clothing and the body is not bled, which strongly indicates murder. From appearances the body was probably in the water all winter. All valuables were taken from the body.

COLLEGE IN PERIL.

Students Turn Fire-Fighters and Save Institution from Destruction.

Racine, Wis., March 18.—[Special.]—For a while last evening it seemed impossible to save Racine college from total destruction by fire. The students, under President Robinson, turned fire-fighters and battled with the flames until they were extinguished. The loss was slight, but property valued at \$200,000 was in great peril.

LOSES HIS EYESIGHT.

August Ebert, Living Near Necedah, Accidentally Shoots Himself While Out Hunting.

Necedah, Wis., March 18.—[Special.]—August Ebert of the town of Preston, near Friendship, was shot by the accidental discharge of his gun, while hunting. Part of the charge penetrated his chest and also one eye, destroying the sight. He was sent to Milwaukee to have the eye taken out.

FIRE AT FOND DU LAC.

Block of Old Wooden Buildings are Destroyed.

Fond du Lac, Wis., March 18.—[Special.]—Fire early this morning almost completely destroyed the wooden block of buildings on the west side of Main street, near Second street, owned by William Clancy and M. M. Anderson and occupied by the Kieft Bros. cigar factory and store, the Sommerfeldt barber shop and the Ideal restaurant, owned and operated by Mrs. P. E. Case. The fire started at about 2 o'clock, presumably in the Kieft's store. The total loss is estimated at \$9000, well covered by insurance.

WINS SENIOR ORATORICAL.

Michael B. Obirich of Lawrence, Ill., Takes First Place.

Madison, Wis., March 18.—Michael B. Obirich of Lawrence, Ill., won the "open" last night with an oration on John Quincy Adams, the judges giving him four out of six points. Thorwald P. Apel of Kenosha and Frank W. Bucklin of Breadhead were tied for second place. John V. Brennan of Tomah qualified for the final by obtaining fourth place. It is expected that the final oratorical contest will be held March 28.

ROBBS WITH SHEARS

Masked Thieves Fail in Attempt to Hold Up Dunsbar Man.

Dunsbar, Wis., March 18.—Two masked robbers tried to rob W. E. Hallock. He was alone in his sitting room when he heard someone step up on his porch and rap. He picked up a pair of large shears and went to the door. On opening it one of the robbers showed a revolver in his face and told him to hold up his hands. He struck at the fellow and then slammed the door shut. The robbers were evidently green at the business.

BREACH OF PROMISE CASE.

Former Milwaukee Man Sued by a Woman at Manitowish.

Manitowish, March 18.—[Special.]—Civil damages for alleged breach of promise are sought by Anna Rohlf of Kossuth in a suit which has been instituted in circuit court here. Emil C. Zuk, now residing at a residence of Milwaukee, is the defendant and the plaintiff.

OBJECT TO SUNDAY SHOWS.

Appleton Ministers and Churchgoers are Indignant.

WILL START CRUSADE.

Opera House Built by Subscriptions from People Who Object to Sabbath Breaking.

Appleton, Wis., March 17.—[Special.]—The first Sunday attraction ever booked by the management of the Appleton theater was put on the boards last night and was the signal for open warfare between the local ministers and their staunchest followers, and the members of the Appleton Theater company, who are some of the most prominent and representative business men in this city and the Fox River valley. The play had been extensively advertised throughout the week, giving the pastors ample time to prepare a knockout blow for a repetition of this practice. Rev. F. T. Rouse of the First Congregational church was perhaps the most strenuous in his attempt to compel a discontinuance of engaging Sunday night attractions. He denounced the action on the part of the company, declaring that he was positive that none of his people and but few others in the city who contributed anything towards the erection of the new playhouse, did so with the idea that it would be open on Sunday evenings and thus furnish a rendezvous for the rough element who attend church only as a last resort. A union meeting of all the church workers in the city has been called for some night during the coming week, at which time the matter will be thoroughly discussed and steps taken to suppress a repetition of Sunday evening shows.

The new Appleton theater, which was constructed at a cost of over \$35,000, and which was dedicated but a few weeks ago, is the private property of a firm of which John S. Van Norwick, the millionaire papermaker, is president. Nearly one-half of the cost of the house was paid by the citizens of Appleton, who to the number of over 1200 subscribed from \$10 up toward the erection of the new playhouse. Many of the heaviest subscribers being prominent and influential church members, it is thought that the fight against Sunday attractions will result in much bitter feeling among the leading citizens of the city.

SHOT IN THE HEAD.

Cowardly Attempt to Murder the Former City Clerk of Brill.

Brill, Wis., March 17.—An attempt was made to murder John Otto, formerly city clerk of this place, a shot being fired at him through the window as he sat in his parlor, Saturday evening. The bullet crashed through the window glass, struck his head, glanced off and entered the arm of his son, who was sitting close by, inflicting a painful wound.

Why Mr. Otto's life should have been attempted in such a manner is a mystery. Neither he nor the officers working on the case have been able to offer any reason or furnish any clue that would throw light upon what appears to be an attempt to murder him.

ASKS \$10,000 DAMAGES.

Seymour Swarts of Chicago, Who was Ejected from a Kenosha Hotel, Brings Suit.

Racine, Wis., March 17.—[Special.]—Seymour Swarts of Chicago, president of the American Iron and Steel company of that city, has notified his attorneys, Cooper, Simmons, Nelson & Walker, to bring suit for \$10,000 damages against William Papferein of Kenosha, proprietor of the Hotel Kenosha. Swarts was ejected from the hotel last Thursday. Papferein was fined \$2 and costs in the municipal court for assaulting Swarts.

KILLS BROTHER WHILE HUNTING.

Bullet Hits Stone and Glancing Off Enters Boy's Abdomen—Dies in Few Moments.

Marquette, Wis., March 17.—[Special.]—The two young sons of Frank Farvick of Ingalls, Mich., were hunting rabbits Saturday. The older one fired a shot, the bullet struck a stone, glanced off and penetrated the abdomen of the younger boy. He died in a few hours. He was 12 years old.

BAYFIELD COUNTY PINE.

Edward Hines Lumber Company Holds Option on Tract.

Duluth Minn., March 17.—An important deal in standing pine in Bayfield county, Wis., is pending. The Edward Hines Lumber company of Chicago holds an option to purchase the standing pine owned by the Bigelow Bros. Lumber company of Ashland. The deal carries with it the Bigelow sawmill at Ashland, and altogether is one of the biggest transactions in this line that has been announced for a long time. It is reported that crushers for the Edward Hines Lumber company are looking the timber over, and after that is done the deal may be completed.

The Edward Hines Lumber company is rapidly becoming more and more of a factor in the lumber business of the western end of Lake Superior. At present about half of its holdings of standing pine will be manufactured at the head of the lakes and the other half at Ashland. If the company takes over the Bigelow pine it will have holdings of standing pine amounting to about 1,000,000 feet, tributary to Duluth and Ashland.

RECEIVE NEW ANIMALS.

Additions to Ringling Brothers' Family at Baraboo.

Baraboo, Wis., March 17.—[Special.]—A large consignment of rare animals from Hamburg have been admitted into full fellowship at the winter quarters of Ringling Bros. circus. They came across the ocean in a tramp steamer and created great excitement in animaldom when they reached their destination. In the consignment were eight camels, an eland, a horse antelope, a bison antelope, a mark horn antelope, a yak rook, and numerous others with names just as strange as this foreign land is to them.

KEWAUNEE LIGHTHOUSE.

Bill to Provide Dwelling for Keeper Passes the Senate.

Washington, D. C., March 17.—[Special.]—The bill providing for the erection of a dwelling for the keeper of the lighthouse at Kewaunee, Wis., passed the Senate today by a vote of 60 to 20. The bill requires that Roosevelt affix his signature to enact the bill into a law.

FIERCE BLIZZARD IN THE STATE.

Much Damage Done by the Wind at La Crosse—Mercury Drops Down Below Zero.

La Crosse, Wis., March 17.—[Special.]—Many small buildings in all parts of the city were yesterday wrecked by the high winds. The mercury is down to zero. Trains on all lines are delayed several hours.

Sparta, Wis., March 17.—[Special.]—Saturday and yesterday one of the worst blizzards of the season prevailed here. The mercury was below zero last night and it is bitter cold today.

Black River Falls, Wis., March 17.—[Special.]—The roads are impassable because of immense snow drifts. The worst storm in years raged here yesterday.

Mainfield, Wis., March 17.—[Special.]—The storm here and over central Wisconsin was the most severe of the season. The wind was very high and the storm a hard driving one, coming with terrible force. The heavy rain, however, will be of great benefit to settle the ground before spring's work as but very little snow fell this winter and the ground needed a soaking.

Shell Lake, Wis., March 17.—The mercury fell 30 degrees here last night. There is a heavy wind from the south. If the cold weather continues the advantage to lumber will be great.

West Superior, Wis., March 17.—There was a remarkable fall in the temperature yesterday, the mercury going below zero. There was a heavy fall of snow. It is feared that this is but the beginning of one of the worst cold spells of the season, and it is felt all the more severely for the reason that it has been preceded by unusually warm weather.

PLANS A BIG MEET.

Lawrence University Athletic Association Invites High Schools to Compete.

Appleton, Wis., March 17.—[Special.]—The Northeast Wisconsin Interscholastic athletic meet under the management of the Lawrence University Athletic association will again be held in this city this spring, the date having recently been set for May 17. At a meeting of the Lawrence University Athletic association it was decided that the entire preliminary arrangements should be left to a committee of three, consisting of Prof. W. P. Jenkins, Alfred Faville and Allen Boyden. A letter of invitation has already been prepared and will be sent to the following schools some time during the coming week: Neenah, Menasha, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Wausau, Ripon, Chilton, Sheboygan, Manitowish, East and West Green Bay, De Pere, Two Rivers, Marinette, Oconto, Shawano, Seymour, Grand Rapids, New London, Waupun, Stevens Point, Antigo, Wausau, Berlin, Kaukauna, Clintonville, Peshigo, Sturgeon Bay, Oakfield and Amherst. The list includes nearly every high school within a radius of seventy-five miles of this city.

The meet will be conducted practically in the same manner as was that of last year, with the exception that the expenses of the visiting teams will not be guaranteed. The success of the meet both financially and otherwise, was thoroughly demonstrated last year, and it is deemed unnecessary by the management to guarantee all expenses of the contestants. However, the management will take all necessary precautions and will again prepare the guarantee list which was circulated among the local business men a year ago, and in case the meet results in an absolute failure, which condition can only come about in case the weather is stormy and disagreeable, a portion at least of the expense of the visitors will be paid by the Lawrence association. The entire proceeds of the meet will be divided among the schools according to their actual and necessary expenses. Each school will be allowed to enter eight actual contestants, and the principal shall be included in the expense list and shall participate in the distribution of the funds. The provision, however, is made that in case any school wishes to send more than eight men it may be permitted to do so, but these additional men shall not participate in the division of the funds. The standard of eligibility for each event will be raised over that of last year.

It is anticipated that about thirty schools will be represented and that about 200 athletes will compete.

DEATH OF BROTHERS.

William and Henry Marriott of Baraboo Die Within a Few Days of Each Other.

Baraboo, Wis., March 17.—[Special.]—William Marriott, brother of Henry Marriott, who died on Wednesday, passed away from pneumonia yesterday afternoon after an illness of four days. The two brothers conducted one of the largest hardware businesses in Wisconsin, and were also very prominent in the life of the city. Both had been members of the city council and took an active part in everything that would promote the best interests of the city. William Marriott was a prominent lodge man and belonged to the Knights of Pythias and Knights Templar. They caught cold while awaiting the arrival of Prince Henry in Milwaukee.

Elmer C. Solon, Juneau.

Juneau, Wis., March 17.—[Special.]—Elmer C. Solon died yesterday at Pasadena, Cal., where he went a few weeks ago in search of health. He was the eldest son of Sheriff Solon of this county and was 29 years of age.

Dr. L. H. Morgan, Oshkosh.

Oshkosh, Wis., March 17.—[Special.]—Dr. L. H. Morgan died yesterday of heart failure, following an attack of diabetes. He was 52 years old.

Lindley Morgan, aged 7, son of J. Earl Morgan of the Morgan company, died of pneumonia.

SAVED BY HIS WATCH.

Large Time-Piece Prevented Death of La Crosse Drakemans.

La Crosse, Wis., March 17.—[Special.]—Will Rippe of New Albin, a brakeman on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, was saved from certain death by his watch. The conductor, fireman and Rippe were on a train when a trolley car, on a tight brake, and when the brake loosened the former two lost their hold, both jumping out of the way. Rippe was not so fortunate, and the iron bar flew around, cutting a deep gash in his side. He carries his watch in a penholder, large leather case and this stopped the blow, else the bar would have gone through him.

MADISON GIRL GOES ON STAGE.

Miss Caroline Riley Joins "The Messenger Boy" Company.

Madison, Wis., March 17.—Miss Caroline Riley, daughter of a well-known Madison lawyerman, made her debut on the stage last week with "The Messenger Boy" company at St. Louis. Miss Riley is 22 years of age, she attended the university school of music. Her voice is so pure and of wide range. Her present position is that of understudy to the leading woman of the company.

HIRAM HALL ACQUITTED.

Not Guilty of Murdering E. B. Parker of Millston.

SHOT IN SELF-DEFENSE.

Hall Claimed that Parker was His Wife's Lover—Verdict Gives General Satisfaction.

Black River Falls, Wis., March 15.—[Special.]—Hiram M. Hall of Millston was last evening acquitted of murdering E. B. Parker. The jury was out half an hour and the verdict gives general satisfaction.

Hall claimed that he shot Parker in self-defense. The shooting resulted from Parker's attentions to Hall's wife. Hall, when he took the stand, told of the domestic trouble which led up to the tragedy.

Hall shot and instantly killed Parker on the night of February 13 in the presence of Mrs. Hall and her daughter. When Parker's body was found he held a revolver in his hand.

E. B. Parker, 50 years of age, had a grown-up family living at Council Bluffs, Ia. He had been engaged for something over a year in bringing horses from Chicago to Millston and disposing of them at private sale. He formed the acquaintance of Mrs. Hall, residing several miles east of Millston, a little village on the Omaha road not far distant from Black River Falls. Mrs. Hall on two occasions, it is said, had attempted to leave the village in Parker's company. Hall warned Parker that he would kill him if he did not keep away from his wife, it is said. Parker boasted that he was not afraid and was heard to say that he would shoot Hall on sight.

BOY DIES OF BURNS.

The Lad's Clothes Catch Fire While He is Playing in Front of Stove.

Wausau, Wis., March 15.—[Special.]—Early this morning Mrs. John Lubnow of Mosinee left two children, one a boy 2 years of age and the other a child of 2 months, alone in the house while she drove the cows out to pasture. Returning in a few minutes to the house, she heard screams and rushing in, was horrified to find the boy lying on the floor enveloped in flames.

She temporarily lost her reason and carried the child out of doors and laid him down on the ground. A neighbor, hearing the cries of agony, appeared and carried the child back into the house and summoned a physician, but before his arrival the little fellow died.

It is supposed that the boy's clothing caught fire while he was playing near the open door of the stove. The mother was also severely burned.

PLAN BIG TROLLEY LINE.

Electric Railway to Extend from La Crosse to Black River Falls.

La Crosse, Wis., March 15.—A company, to be capitalized at over a million dollars, is being organized in La Crosse to construct an electric railroad from La Crosse to Black River Falls via Melrose. Mills Tourtellotte and ten other capitalists are behind the project. Power for the road will be furnished by the Black River Falls water power plant. The Columbia Construction company of Milwaukee will probably get the building contract. The line will be over fifty miles long and will cost \$1,000,000.

HERMIT'S BODY FOUND.

William Hasenfeldt Disappeared on Night His Home Burned and Suicide is Suspected.

Manitowish, Wis., March 15.—[Special.]—The dead body of William Hasenfeldt, an odd character who lived a lonely and secluded life in a little hut in Manitowish Rapids, was found in the river at Rapids on December 1 last, the hut in which Hasenfeldt made his home was burned to the ground. During the fire Hasenfeldt was seen hurrying to the river. This was the last seen of him. The circumstances point strongly to his having committed suicide. He was a G. A. R. man and about 73 years of age. He spent most of his time in the woods, his only companion being a faithful dog. His only means of support was a monthly pension of \$12.

EAU CLAIRE FAIR GROUNDS.

The County Board May Buy Site at Augusta.

Eau Claire, Wis., March 15.—[Special.]—In the county board meeting this morning a resolution was introduced by J. Munner of Augusta to appropriate \$4000 to buy for the county the fair grounds at Augusta. It was referred, after being amended on motion of an Eau Claire city member to the effect that the committee investigate also the grounds of the Eau Claire Driving Park and Athletic association.

LAY COLLEGE CORNERSTONE.

Many Catholics will Attend the Services at De Pere.

De Pere, Wis., March 15.—[Special.]—The feast of St. Joseph will be celebrated with great solemnity next Wednesday at St. Joseph's church, the center of St. Joseph's archconfraternity. Bishop Messmer will celebrate a pontifical high mass, during which Rev. Father Steinhilber of Kaukauna will preach. In the afternoon Bishop Messmer will lay the corner stone of St. Norbert's college. A large number of priests and many Catholics from surrounding places will attend.

NEED MUCH RAIN.

Lumbermen Fear They Won't be Able to Get Logs Down River.

Oconto, Wis., March 15.—[Special.]—Lumbermen are beginning to entertain fears that unless there is a heavy rainfall that it will be difficult for them to get their logs down the river. The Holt Lumber company has a force of men employed overhauling and repairing its large sawmill preparatory for the season's run.

W. L. EDMONDS HOME.

Prominent Paper Manufacturer Returns from Trip to South America.

Wausau, Wis., March 15.—[Special.]—W. L. Edmonds, general manager of the Wausau Paper Mills company, known in paper manufacturing circles throughout the Fox river and Wisconsin river valleys, has just returned home from an extended tour through the West Indies and a portion of South America. He visited Bermuda, Cuba, Porto Rico, the Danish West India, St. Lucia, Martinique, Barbados, Dominica, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Thomas, British Guiana and Venezuela.

MARCONI'S SIGNALS.

How Did Marconi's Signals Come Across the Atlantic?

How did Marconi's signals come across from Cornwall to the Newfoundland shores? There is a curving hill at water and earth crust 110 miles high in between. Did the electric waves go over the hill or through it, or how? That is the puzzle the electric world is jostling over at the moment. Some German experiments seem to indicate that the waves are absorbed by water as they are by metals. Prof. Fleming, of London, who has done an elaborate work on the scientific side of the subject, puts the matter a little differently. His results would make water opaque to these electrical waves, as it is, in large quantity, to light. Either way, it seems as if the signals didn't come straight through. They went round the hill. In this case they must somehow have followed the curving earth. But how?

The accepted idea is that the vibrations Marconi uses are just long, invisible light waves. And light goes straight. Prof. Fleming thinks the waves might bend; or, it may be, the upper air, being highly rarified, is also opaque to them, like water. This would form a shell round the earth, in which the signals might travel anywhere. Would they go clear round? And if they did, would they stop when they got back to where they started, or keep going round and round? Evidently, until they had been absorbed by substances like the metals. But what becomes of the waves then? Do they set up a current of ordinary electricity? If that be true, then they could transmit power. There was a Kansas professor named Blake who had this idea some years ago. He was quite sure the falls of the Nile could be made to run London, and Niagara to turn corn grinders and run mowing machines out on his native plains. This matter of long-distance transmission is the great electrical problem of the day, and it may be the Hertz waves will bring the solution. If they should, coal mines could shut up shop. Here is a wide field, and inasmuch as about every nation in Europe has been ahead of us in perfecting the wireless telegraph, this is a chance to even up.—Harper's Weekly.

ROSS FLAGHOUSE BOUGHT.

The building on Arch street, Philadelphia, in which the first American flag was made by Betsy Ross, and where the Stars and Stripes for government buildings were made for fifty years thereafter, has been purchased by the American Flaghouse Ross Memorial Association, which will preserve the shop as a flag museum. The price paid was \$25,450, of which \$19,150 was paid with the 10-cent contributions made to the association, a mortgage being given for the remainder.

LUCK BETTER THAN BRAINS.

Ex-Governor Upham of Wisconsin, who, as the Post stated the other day, was

AMERICA WITH ENGLAND AND JAPAN.

By U. S. Senator Shelby M. Cullom.



SENATOR CULLOM

The alliance between England and Japan to protect the territorial integrity of China and Korea is regarded as a formal adoption of the policy of the United States in connection with the eastern question. It is in line with the policy of the United States set forth in the Hay note to the powers of June 3, 1900, in which the position of the United States was set forth.

While we are not permitted under our form of government to form alliances of this kind with foreign powers, we are permitted to announce our declaration of principles on questions as they arise. If other powers see the wisdom of adopting our suggestions and carry out the European custom of forming alliances of offense and defense, that is not our affair. In the present instance fears have been entertained that certain powers were looking with hostile eyes upon certain territory in the far East. Such a taking over of territory might be injurious to American interests, commercial and otherwise. At an opportune moment our government took a firm stand in behalf of American interests without violating any of the fixed principles of diplomatic intercourse, and at the same time maintaining a dignified neutrality.

The attitude assumed by the United States was right and proper, as subsequent events demonstrated, and now, as a further vindication of our contention, England and Japan have formed a friendly alliance to prevent the division of China by designing powers. We do not propose to interfere or become involved in a foreign war, but we reserve the right to assert our rights and see that our interests are protected.

HOW TO AVOID TAKING COLD.

By E. C. Sweet, M. D.

A cold may be induced by exposure, over-fatigue, lack of proper and sufficient clothing, or lack of nourishing food. Taking cold is more a matter of physical condition than of temperance; that is why some of the worst colds are contracted unknowingly and apparently without cause. Fatigue and a run-down condition of the system causes more severe colds than all the blunts from Medicine Hat. If a man has pure blood, steady nerves and a good digestion, low temperature or a slight draught doesn't often affect him unfavorably.



DR. E. C. SWEET

The cause of the sensations of cold is more often internal than external, and those who go shivering about under ordinary circumstances can't remedy matters much by putting on an extra supply of heavy clothing. Warm clothing will, of course, help to offset a low temperature, but it will not make you warm if there's some internal reason for the chilliness. Most people wear too much heavy and improper clothing in winter. Many swathe their throats when it's warm stockings they need. Clothing should be warm, but not extremely heavy, and the practically airtight suitings often worn are an abomination. Under these the skin is unable to breathe, and when the skin is out of breath the owner of the skin will be cold if he's clad in furs a foot thick.

A man who seems perfectly well, but who shivers on slight exposure to cold has something wrong with his circulation, or his blood is impoverished by imperfect digestion. Take care of the body and encourage circulation; eat plain, wholesome food that will make pure blood, breathe pure air, take plenty of exercise, indulge in frequent bathing and ventilation of the skin and avoid airtight clothes as you would the smallpox.

While severe draughts are always to be avoided, foul air is worse than draughts; indeed, if one is in prime condition ordinary draughts are little to be feared, while lack of ventilation is all



WAYS A MENACE.

The body needs a pure air bath just as it needs a water bath. Few people understand how desperately the skin requires ventilation, and many do not expose their entire bodies to the air once from September to June. In cold weather the warm tub bath should be used sparingly, and never immediately before going outdoors, but a sponge bath followed by vigorous friction, everybody should have once a day. Speaking of the sponge bath, I don't mean to use a sponge; it's a germ and filth carrier. Use your hands or a coarse wash rag, and boil the rag afterwards. The thoughtless uncleanness of some decent people is entirely beyond comprehension. Laundry bills will prevent many who are not plutocrats from changing underwear daily, but it at least may be ventilated every twenty-four hours, one suit being aired while the other is worn.

THE ART OF MAKING A LIVING.

By Louis F. Post.

It may seem queer that a man of my ability in making money should presume to tell you how to make a living. You might naturally conclude that Mr. Carnegie, who has amassed a fortune of unknown millions, or Mr. Schwab, who has risen to a position which pays a salary of \$1,000,000 a year, would be more able to tell how one can make a living. But that supposition is not altogether true. The man who knows the theory of any practice cannot always carry out his ideas.

Now, what is the present state of living in this country? I am not a pessimist, but I must say that conditions are fearful. A young man who leaves college to-day to earn a living has a hard time of it. He has one chance in 80,000,000 to become President of the country and about as good a chance to become rich. He has a little better show of amassing a fortune, but the chances are few. It is all the time said that there is room at the top, and so there is. The whole society has been divided into two classes—the great class at the bottom and the little class at the top. The ordinary man has no chance at all. It is only the extraordinary man who can get to the top. He must have little regard for anything save victory.

Wages have fallen during the last thirty years to an alarming degree. Thirty years ago a stenographer could get \$1,500 a year readily; now he can get \$20 a week with difficulty. In other lines of work it is the same story. The rich become richer and the poor have their wages cut.

In the mining district in Pennsylvania the children, from 6 years of age, begin to pick dirt out of coal. Then they go into the mines and work until they are old men at 45 years. Then they return to the screens and pick dirt with the children of another generation until they die. Their life is void of all save work.

I tell you that the people who tell you there is a good chance to make a good living in this country are fools. Now you will say that I am a pessimist, but I say that I am an optimist, because I see the danger.

HOW TO CHOOSE A WIFE.

By Rev. J. W. Laughlin.

One of the earliest methods of selecting a wife was by barter. Later it was by capture. To-day marriage is supposed to be based on the consent of both parties. Under the blessed influence of the gospel woman stands on an equal plane with man, and her likes and dislikes must be considered.

No man should ever think of choosing a wife without making it a matter of serious prayer. John B. Gough and Mary Whitcomb were betrothed, but so earn-

est were they to have divine guidance John said he forgot to kiss Mary until after they were married.

There are hundreds of men who have worked out of debt, paid for their homes and made money who, if they were to tell the story of their lives, would give the credit to the wife who toiled at their side.

One essential in a good wife is common sense—just plain common sense, and with that she will soon learn not to sew on white buttons with black thread, and to make biscuits and pancakes just like your mother used to make them.

Another essential is religion. Religion softens and soothes and makes agreeable. It warms the heart and quiets the tongue.

THE EDUCATION OF GIRLS.

By Mrs. Jefferson Davis.



MRS. DAVIS.

The most favorable moral education a girl can have is the example of her mother. If she daily practices truth, justice, sincerity, patience, fortitude, gentleness, a large charity for others—that is, if she leads a Christian

life, it will impress her child more than any dogma that can be inculcated in her in lengthy lectures. If, added to this, the mother has the self-control to notice the child's little faults and fauities and treat them respectfully, and if the child be allowed the largest liberty consistent with the proper care of her, there will be little to fear for her future. Most girls will sedulously avoid errors which their mothers do not daily commit. A good example is the practical demonstration of a moral theory, and is worth more than all the sermonizing one can utter.

Too many mothers forget good manners in intercourse with their children. They do not use the little elegancies which, if forgotten toward a stranger, they would consider unpardonable. This obviously is wrong. The habit of trusting children to the care of servants in the nursery in the formative period of their lives is a very vicious one, no matter how trustworthy the servants. No one can give a child that close attention which is prompted by a mother's love.

No mother can escape the dreadful responsibility of the moral education of her daughter. I confess to being unable to give any formula for its performance except self-abnegation and eternal vigilance. Ultra fashionable mothers may say: "I am too busy to devote myself to my children." True, perhaps, but why? The child has a natural and first claim to her mother's serious attention during the formative period of her life, which I think is from birth to the twelfth or fifteenth year of her youth, and the claims of society should be secondary to this paramount duty.

PUBLICITY A CURE FOR DIVORCE.

By Judge Henry Biscoff.



CHECKING THE TIME.

There can be no doubt that publicity would be a strong aid in impelling a firmer belief in the indissolubility of the marriage tie. The tendency of divorce legislation to-day is toward increasing rather than discouraging applications for judicial separation. New grounds of divorce are constantly being incorporated into our law notwithstanding that the general public sense has been greatly shocked by the ease with which divorces may already be obtained. With many it is only a question of financial ability and a few months of leisure to insure success in application for divorce. They are facilitated, too, by the secrecy with which divorce litigation is so frequently conducted.

Publicity in all divorce proceedings would undoubtedly check their frequency. It would direct public attention to the evils of divorce and create a strong feeling against it. Sometimes instances occur where the interests of the children justify secret divorce proceedings, but no interest of public policy requires this. The home, which is the unit of the nation's strength, should be protected.

M. Rouyer, a survivor of the massacre of a French scientific mission by cannibals at Sheraka, New Guinea, on Jan. 1, in describing the horrible occurrence, relates that the yacht Salvator, with the mission on board, had anchored off the coast of New Guinea, and that several of the explorers landed. After an apparently friendly reception from the natives the latter treacherously attacked them during the night, murdering thirty-two of the party, including Baron Villars, Count de Saint Remy and MM. Hagenbeck and Vries, and wounding thirty-three, including M. Rouyer, the chief of the mission, and another Frenchman named Reimer.

M. Rouyer writes: "We were all sleeping peacefully when there was a great uproar and we were attacked by hundreds of natives carrying torches. Several of us were felled to the ground with clubs, hatchets and spears. Others were overpowered, carried away and bound to trees. I was among this number. I received a blow on the head from a club and fainted. When I recovered consciousness at 5 o'clock in the morning I found myself tied hand and foot, and surrounded by savages, who, believing me to be dead, were keeping me for themselves. I saw the body of Baron Villars near me, bound to a tree. His body was naked, his head had been split open, and his eyes had been gouged out. The Count de Saint Remy had been decapitated and his head stuck on the end of a spear as a trophy. M. Hagen-



THE SCENE OF HORRORS.

beck was spitted on a bamboo and was being roasted over a fire.

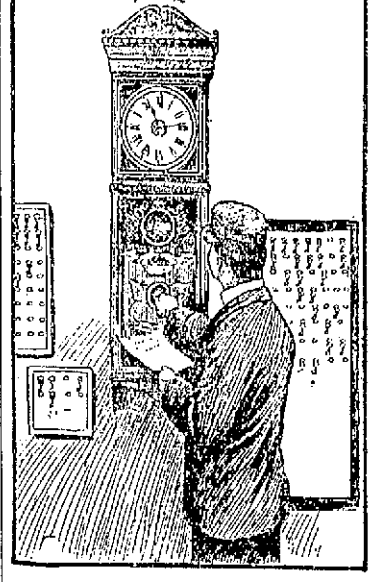
"I waited my fate. I was afraid to move. My head hurt me dreadfully. All around me the ground was strewn with corpses. Suddenly a great clamor arose, followed by a fusillade. I opened my eyes and saw Dr. Portier and the remainder of the mission from the yacht firing on the cannibals. I shouted and the rescuers ran to me and cut the bonds which bound me to the tree. The cannibals fled, leaving many dead. The clothes of M. Vries were found, but his body was missing. He had evidently been devoured by the savages during the night."

TIME CHECK ON POSTAL CLERKS.

Every Employee in the Postoffice Must Contribute to His Own Record.

"Remember the Bundy" is the watchword in the big postoffices, and Uncle Sam's gray-coated men are in constant dread lest they forget to "ring in" or "ring out."

About a year ago the United States Postoffice Department at Washington, D. C., conceived the idea of procuring a clock to keep a correct record of the arrival and departure of all employees in that branch of the service all over the United States, which resulted in the supplying of all postoffices of importance with the now famous clocks at a cost of over \$100 each. The Bundy clock is a large affair, having three strong mainsprings and an intricate time-recording apparatus. Two of the springs work the clock and the other is the power of the striking part, for



CHECKING THE TIME.

the Bundy strikes off the time the clerks and carriers report on and off duty, not like other clocks that only strike the hours and half hours of the day. It is a complicated affair and many a poor hard-worked clerk and carrier will verify the statement, for it has cost some of them much of their hard-earned and small salary.

The Bundy is worked as follows: When the office opens for business at 9 o'clock in the morning the clock is the first thing attended to. The three dating keys are used, and the date and hour, 9 a. m., is imprinted on the tape; then the employees each take their key and "ring in" their arrival. Each employee has his own number and that number is on his key. He is not allowed to use another's key or "ring in" or out any fellow clerk or carrier, under penalty of dismissal from the service. The letter carriers have four keys, the first being used when he reports for the day at 6:30 a. m. When he goes out on his first trip he takes down his next key, which is the key bearing the letter "L," and "rings out" and leaves the office. On his return he immediately on entering the office "rings in" his arrival, the key bearing the letter "R," and after he has performed his office work and it is time for him to take his "lay off" or "swing" for an hour or two, a carrier not being allowed to work more than eight hours per day, he uses the key bearing the letter "E," meaning end of duty. As each key is "rung in" the clock registers the time to a fraction of a minute.

Letter carriers are allowed by law to work only eight hours, and when a carrier has worked over that time, if only for one minute, intentionally or unintentionally, he must pay the penalty, which is usually suspension from one to three days without pay, for Uncle Sam is a very strict master in the postoffice and the Bundy never lies. There are penalties for failure to ring the clock on arrival and departure, for all employees, from the heads of the various departments to the porters. Letter carriers are suspended from one to fifteen days, according to how many prior convictions there may be recorded against them in the record book. Clerks suffer for their mistakes by being fined from one day's salary up, as the case may be, as prior convictions also count against the clerks.

THE ENGLISH SPARROW.

How the Obnoxious Bird Was Brought to This Country.

Two old residents of Germantown look advantage of a delightful day to saunter up Germantown avenue, stopping now and then at the different places of historic interest along the avenue. They spent some of the time at the old Ship house, telling each other about the ancient structure, and as to how the ship came to be placed there, when their attention was attracted by myriads of sparrows that congregated up on the roof.

"Ah! That reminds me," said the elder of the two, "of the old John Bardsley house and the story of how the sparrow came to Germantown."

Walking up the avenue farther they came to a halt in front of a little white painted two-story house at the northwest corner of Upsal street and Germantown avenue. For over an hour the two old men lingered in front of this "old house" and the following story was told:

The house was occupied for a number of years by the late John Bardsley, better known as "Sparrow Jack." During the time that William F. Smith represented the Twenty-second Ward in Council he presented an ordinance appropriating \$200 with which to purchase English sparrows to destroy the measuring worms that had become a nuisance in the city squares. John Bardsley, an Englishman, but for many years a resident of Germantown, was delegated to go to England to secure the sparrows. Being familiar with the English birds, he had no trouble in catching them in nets. He secured between 300 and 400. On his way over from England, one-half the sparrows died, but enough existed to insure a rapid increase of the little pests, which have since become more troublesome than the worms.

Bardsley was always an enthusiastic admirer of the sparrows, and to show his love for them he fed them regularly during the winter months, and had a number of fantastically constructed boxes, surmounted with weather-vanes and ornaments, for their use. He always reproved any one who interfered with or abused the sparrow.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

Had Given It Up.

"The priest was here the day," said Mrs. Lannigan to her husband, as the two sat down to supper. "He said he was hoping you nor your brother Tim would go to hear that walking delegate that's making speeches all around the town."

"Sure, and O'd no intentions to go," said Mr. Lannigan, his utterance clogged by a biscuit.

"He said," proceeded the wife, impatiently, "that the man indulged too much in hyperbole. What is that, Arthur?"

Mr. Lannigan looked at her reprovingly, and paused in the middle of another biscuit.

"O'm a timperance man these eight years," he said, loftily, "and if you are wishful to know what anything of that kind is, Mary Ann, it's from some man else besides me you'll have to get your information. O'm amazed at ye, woman!"

No Cripples in China.

There are no deformed or crippled Chinamen. If a child is born deformed it is at once made away with. You may travel all over China and never see a maimed native. When a serious accident befalls one of them he is likewise put to death. This is part of their religion, to which they adhere closely.

May's Girl Friends.

"May says she's afraid he is going to marry her for her money."

"Poor thing! She must have been looking in the mirror."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

"Say that again," said a girl to-day to a man who had complimented her tremendously, "and I'll make you marry me!"

When you slip and fall, of course you have remarked how foolish you feel.

An Insultation: "They claim to be connected with some of the best families." "By telephone?"—Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.

Sarah—She's worth a million, and just the right age for you, Jerry—Any girl worth a million is the right age for me.—London Tit-Bits.

Because you are better than the man you despise does not mean that you are not worse than those who despise you.—New York Press.

Edith—You say Mr. Goldiey deceived Edith dreadfully about his age? Gladys—Yes, poor girl! After they were married he confessed that he was only sixty instead of seventy-five.

Cassidy—Why don't ye ate yer dinner? Casey—Shure, this is Friday, an' O'm wonderin', Cassidy—What are ye wonderin'? Casey—Is turtle soup fish when it's made out o' veal?—Philadelphia Press.

Guest (impatiently)—Say, waiter, how long have you been employed here? Waiter—Bout a week, sah. Guest—Oh, is that all? Then I must have given my order to some other waiter.—Chicago Daily News.

Pleasant While It Lasted: "What would you do if you woke up some morning to find that you had inherited a million dollars?" "I'd turn over on the other side and try to dream it again."—Chicago Record-Herald.

The Author's Privilege: An author wrote to his publisher: "Can I hope for any royalties from my book this year?" The publisher replied: "Yes, you can hope. There's nothing in the world to hinder you."—Atlanta Constitution.

The Test in Harlem.—Gazzam (after he has succeeded in waking his wife)—Open the door! Mrs. Gazzam (head out of the second-story window)—Are you sober? Gazzam—Yesh, Mrs. Gazzam—Then say redprocity.—Harlem Life.

Collapsed Building: "Kape alive, Mike! We're rescuin' ye." Voice (from the debris)—Is big Clancy on there wid ye? "Sure he is." "Ast him wud he be so kind as t' step aff the roofins. I've enough on top af me widout him."—Brooklyn Life.

Why He Returned: "Did you come back for something you forgot?" asked Mrs. Darley, when her husband returned to the house a few minutes after leaving. "No, my dear," replied he, "I came back for something I remembered."—Town Topics.

"What is the matter?" asked the literary man's friend. "I don't know what I am going to do about this week's work." "What is the trouble?" "I can't think of any interesting questions to ask myself in my Answers to Correspondents column."—Washington Star.

He—My dear, we have cause for congratulation. I have just received notice of an unexpected increase of ten dollars per month in my wages. She—You dear, sweet, lovely old boy. How perfectly charming you are when under the influence of the X-raise.—Chicago Tribune.

Doctor (finding patient emptying a bottle of wine)—Here, here, my good man, this will never do. That's the cause of all the trouble. Facetious Patient—Well, then, fill your glass, doctor. Now we've found the cause, the sooner we get rid of it the better.—Detroit Free Press.

Fast and Furious.—Backstop—I'm glad to see that you are making a mame for yourself as an author, old man. Scribble (modestly)—Yes. Honors are being heaped on me. Why, it was only yesterday that I learned that my latest book had been thrown out of the Boston Library.—Bazar.

Composite: Dashedaway—Quilldriver seems to be a fellow of extremes—one who writes awful slush and sublime prose, and who is at the same time an idiot and a genius. Cleverton—Where did you get such an idea? Dashedaway—I've been reading the reviews of his latest book.—Harper's Bazar.

Papa's Consent.—She—Isn't it lovely? Papa consents. He—Does he, really? She—Yes. He wanted to know who you were, and I told him you were tape-clerk at Scripp & Co's., and he seemed real pleased. He—I am delighted. She—Yes, and he said we could be married just as soon as you were taken into the firm.—New York Weekly.

Quite another matter: Aarons—"Did you hear dot latest about Finkelstein?" Jacobs—"No. Vat was it?" Aarons—"Vy, he gave twenty-five thousand dollars last Friday to dot heedle pay vat was run over mit dem street cars." Jacobs—"Is Finkelstein gone crazy already? Vat ails him dot he do such a ding?" Aarons—"Oh, he vas on der jury."—Life.

"But, mamma," said the beautiful South American heiress, "do you believe I will have any trouble in being received in society in the United States?" "I don't see why," answered her mother; "don't have plenty of money, and you can make the best of them look like small change when it comes to being a daughter of the revolution."—Indianapolis Sun.

His face was pinched and drawn. With faltering footsteps he wended his way among the bustling throng. Anon he paused. "Kind sir," he exclaimed, "will you not give me a loaf of bread for my wife and little ones?" The stranger regarded him not unkindly. "Far be it from me," he rejoined, "to take advantage of your destitution. Keep your wife and little ones. I do not want them." And, turning upon his heel, he strode away.

SHE IS ONE OF FOUR.

A Surviving Widow of the Revolutionary War.

The war for American independence began 128 years ago, and, remarkable as it may seem, the United States government is still paying pensions as a result of that struggle. Of course, none of the soldiers who participated in the war under George Washington are still alive, but there survive four widows of revolutionary soldiers, and these aged women draw pensions of \$12 per month. These venerable pensioners are Mrs. Rebecca Mayo, Newbern, Va.; Mrs. Rhoda Augusta Thomson, Woodbury, Conn.; Mrs. Mary Sneed, Parkersburg, Va.; and Mrs. Nancy Jones, Jonesboro, Tenn. Mrs. Jones has interested Congressman Walter B. Brownlow, of Tennessee, and he has undertaken to have the \$12 pensions increased to \$25.



MRS. NANCY JONES

Mrs. Jones is the widow of Darling Jones, a soldier of the Revolutionary War. When they were married he was 70 years and she 16. He lived ten years after they were married and their son, William, lives in Jonesboro. Mrs. Jones lives on a tiny farm of five acres in a three-room cottage built nearly forty years ago. She has a garden and a vegetable plot, and raises

chickens for sale, by which means she manages to eke out her little income. "My only ambition is to save money enough to bury me decently and have a nice tombstone over my husband and myself," she says.

Visitors to the section of Tennessee in which she lives always go to see Mrs. Jones, and she has many requests for her autograph. These she is compelled to refuse, as she cannot write. She is nearly 90 years of age.

Talking at Sea.

The marvels of wireless telegraphy are great enough to render a recent use of the system not sufficiently wonderful to be extraordinary, perhaps, yet the incident reported by Chambers' Journal is one which appeals to the imagination.

Two Cunard liners, the Lucania and the Campania, were crossing the Atlantic in opposite directions. Each, knowing the date of the other's sailing, could make a calculation as to the hour when they would most likely meet. When the hour came, the vessels were too far apart to sight each other. Presently, however, the warning bell of the wireless telegraphic apparatus in the Campania tinkled, and the message was spelled out: "Are you there?—Lucania." And then the two vessels, still invisible to each other, and, as it was found, thirty-six miles apart, talked for some hours, exchanging experiences as to the weather, and finally parting with the word "good-by," when they were a hundred and forty miles asunder.

Such a conversation carried on be-

tween vessels in the open ocean, separated by such a vast stretch of water, and out of sight of each other, is an impressive illustration of what wireless telegraphy means.

Law to Promote Honesty.

"We have an old statute in Arizona making it a misdemeanor for a hotel or restaurant keeper to set out viands on his bill of fare that he is not actually able to serve," said Clarkson Southard, of Bisbee, "and it might well be adopted here. It was enacted many years ago when prospectors and others, returning to the towns after months of privation, were deluded and enraged by elaborate bills of fare, to find afterward that the only articles they could really get to eat were bacon and beans, as usual. So many shootings resulted that this law was enacted and for a time was strictly enforced. The necessity for its enforcement has long since passed, but it has never, so far as I know, been repealed."—Philadelphia Times.

At Bargain Rates.

"Charles," said the affectionate little wife, "didn't you tell me those blue chips cost \$1 apiece?" "Yes."

"Well, here's a whole box full of all colors that I bought at a bargain counter for 75 cents."—Harlem Life.

Some of the old classics are so hot that a person really ought to handle them with a pair of tongs.

It's what you do, not what you say you are going to do, that counts.

Entered at the Post Office at Grand Rapids, Wis., as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months.....75

WASHINGTON LETTER.

By C. Edmund LaVigne.
Written for the Grand Rapids Tribune.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 18.—Congress has been in session just a little more than three months. Few of the important measures that have come before it for consideration are yet disposed of. But although this supreme legislative institution of the land might have been characterized in the earlier weeks as following a sort of easy-chair course, it cannot be said now that there is lack of alertness and progressive movement at the capitol building. Nightly conferences, daily caucuses, committee reports as well as committee hearings attest to the fact that the wheels of action are spinning. A solution of the Cuban question, for instance, is near at hand and Cuba is assured of fair treatment. The president, who was known to hold views somewhat at variance with those of the majority of the Ways and Means committee, is now said to be entirely satisfied with the situation regarding relief for Cuba. He has received assurances that a reciprocity agreement with that country will be passed by congress. The Chinese exclusion bill is reported from the House committee and the senate is to have early opportunity to vote upon a canal bill. The senate committee has recommended the Nicaraguan route with seven votes in its favor as against four for leaving the choice to the president. Panama, therefore, has not a single unconditional vote in its favor from the committee. This is absolutely in accord with the testimony of every scientific man and engineer called as a witness before the committee on interoceanic canals. In every instance the Nicaraguan way has been proven the best and the only available route. There is no fair choice but one. It is the duty of congress to determine upon that one. The house has voted, now let the senate record its voice also for Nicaragua and then one more act will have been concluded, as was indicated in this column some time ago, for the public good as opposed to private advantage. The ordinary government clerk, submerged in his own simple, submarine craft, has been too much diverted for the last two weeks to cruise at the edge of political and social life, or to correspond with the Tribune to advantage. Am little better prepared at this date. However, as a resolution passed yesterday by the house committee on rules has created much political argument because it provides for a committee of investigation as to southern disfranchisement laws, perhaps the following comment from two leading Washington dailies will prove acceptable reading: Morning Post: "The leaders of the House have determined to force through the Crumpacker resolution for an investigation of the suffrage question as it affects representation in congress. This decision was reached yesterday by the committee on rules by a partisan vote. Primarily the object is to overhaul the election systems of such of the southern states as have disfranchised illiterate negroes by the enactment of ballot laws that fix an educational qualification. "This move of the majority means a repetition of the old force bill fight and a revival of the sectional bitterness of reconstruction days. While Mr. Crumpacker himself is credited with sincere convictions, based upon a belief that some of the state suffrage laws are unconstitutional, other of the most ardent supporters of this measure have made no concealment of their desire to utilize it for purely partisan ends. This is particularly true of certain western representatives who seek to solidify the negro voters in their districts. Conservative republicans, such as Mr. Cannon, at first arrayed themselves stoutly against any such legislation, and the speaker himself took but a perfunctory interest in the proposition until recently, when a policy of conciliation became necessary on account of the row over the Cuban tariff. "The democrats will fight the resolution vigorously, beginning with the presentation of the rule to the house. They believe that if so radical a step is once taken the majority will not hesitate to go to even greater extremes to insure control of the house in the next congress. The minority are considering the advisability of expressing their dissent by resorting to the most extreme devices of parliamentary procedure, even to the extent of stopping the regular procedure of the house. That this extreme step shall be taken has not yet been decided upon, as Mr. Richardson and Mr. Underwood, after conferring with other democratic members, stated that action of the character contemplated should not be taken unless there is the most complete concurrence by the entire minority, and a decision in advance to make a most determined contest."

Evening Star: "The republicans of the house should not permit themselves to be misled by the criticisms with which the proposition to investigate the conditions of the suffrage throughout the union is received. The Crumpacker resolution is founded on justice and right, and it should prevail. It has for its object a fair distribution of political power among the states in congress and in the electoral college, and at the same time a vindication of the Constitution of the United States. Why should such an object be opposed by anybody? The resolution provides as follows: "That the speaker shall appoint a select committee, consisting of thirteen members of the house, whose duty it shall be, and who shall have full and ample power, to investigate and inquire into the validity of the election laws of the several states and the manner of their enforcement, and whether the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for

president and vice president of the United States, representatives in congress, the executive and judicial officers of any of the states or the members of the legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of any of the states, being twenty-one years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for crime. Said committee shall have power to subpoena and examine witnesses, under oath, and to send for records and other evidence that may be necessary for a full and complete investigation of the several subjects herein mentioned, and it shall be authorized to sit during the sessions of the house and to have such printing and binding done as it shall deem necessary. Said committee shall make a full report to the house of the result of its investigations at as early a date as is practicable."

"The program of the house leaders is to adopt the resolution, appoint the committee and have the report made to the house. The report will come in about the end of the session and will put on official record the statement of the extent and operation of disfranchisement laws of southern states."

A lively local interest continues to manifest itself in preparations and plans of entertainment for the coming Grand Army encampment. Contributions to the fund for this purpose are still being solicited. A railroad rate of one fare for the round trip from all points in the country has already been assured. That will put the item of car fare expense for the veteran at Grand Rapids very close to \$24.68 plus \$14 for sleepers. Have you started a nest egg fund that is intended to take you to the national capital next October?

Mrs. Geo. W. Paulus of Grand Rapids will take part in a concert at Carroll Institute Hall given tomorrow evening by Mrs. Heinrich E. Franck, mezzo soprano, assisted by the Knickerbocker Male Quartet and others. Carroll Institute is one of the leading centers of fashionable and popular musical entertainments in the city. Mrs. Paulus' name appears on the program as pianist and for the following numbers:

Piano Solo: 1. A Nighthawk, No. 1. Schumann 2. Polonaise, Op. 16, No. 1. Chopin 3. Mrs. Geo. W. Paulus, 4. Hungarian Dance, No. 7. Brahms 5. Mrs. G. W. Paulus and Miss Anna May Bacon 6. Mr. Paulus is again in the very best of health. They will probably extend their stay in Washington about one month longer than originally intended.

To cure a Cold in one Day.
The Laxative Bromo-Quinine tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

ORDINANCE NUMBER 82.

An Ordinance to Issue Bonds For The New Steel Bridge.

ORDINANCE No. 82.
The Common Council of the city of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, do ordain as follows: Section 1. The Common Council of the city of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, does hereby declare its purpose to raise the sum of sixteen thousand (\$16,000) dollars, by issuing the bonds of said city for the purpose of building a new steel bridge across the Wisconsin river on the site of the present wagon bridge in said city. Said bonds shall be of the denomination of one thousand dollars each and numbered consecutively from one to sixteen both inclusive and shall bear interest not to exceed 3-1/2 per cent. per annum payable semi-annually on the first days of July and January in each year and said bonds shall be payable in installments as follows:

Number 1 on January 31, 1913
" 2 " " " 1914
" 3 " " " 1915
" 4 " " " 1916
" 5 " " " 1917
" 6 " " " 1918
" 7 " " " 1919
" 8 " " " 1920
" 9 " " " 1921
Numbers 10 to 16 inclusive on January 31, 1922.

Section 2. And the City Clerk of said city of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, is hereby authorized and directed to call a special election for the purpose of submitting to the voters of said city of Grand Rapids for the purposes hereinafter mentioned the question of whether or not the electors thereof as provided by the Statutes of this state, to be held at the several voting precincts in said city on the first day of April, A. D. 1902.

This Ordinance shall be in force and effect from and after its passage and publication and ratification by a majority of the electors of said city of Grand Rapids voting thereon at the special election herein called for that purpose.

Attest: M. G. Gordon, Mayor.

ORDINANCE NUMBER 83.

An Ordinance to Issue Bonds to Purchase Property of Centralia Water Company.

The Common Council of the city of Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wisconsin do ordain as follows:

Section 1. The Common Council of the city of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, does hereby declare its purpose to raise the sum of ten thousand (\$10,000) dollars by issuing the bonds of said city for the purpose of purchasing all the pipes, hydrants, waterworks and all property connected therewith in said city owned by the Centralia Water Company. Said bonds shall be of the denomination of ten thousand dollars each and numbered consecutively from one to five both inclusive and shall bear interest not to exceed 3-1/2 per cent. per annum payable semi-annually on the first day of July and January in each year, and said bonds shall be payable in installments as follows:

Number 1 on January 31, 1908
" 2 " " " 1909
" 3 " " " 1910
" 4 " " " 1911
" 5 " " " 1912

Section 2. And the City Clerk of the city of Grand Rapids is hereby authorized and directed to call a special election for the purpose of submitting to the voters of said city of Grand Rapids for the purposes hereinafter mentioned the question of whether or not the electors thereof as provided by the Statutes of this state, to be held at the several voting precincts in said city on the first day of April, A. D. 1902.

This Ordinance shall be in force and effect from and after its passage and publication and ratification by a majority of the electors of said city of Grand Rapids voting thereon at the special election herein called for that purpose.

Attest: M. G. Gordon, Mayor.

WOOD CO.

NATIONAL BANK.

Grand Rapids, Wis.
CAPITAL \$50,000. SURPLUS \$20,000.

E. GARRISON, President.
L. M. ALEXANDER, Vice Pres.
F. J. WOOD, Cashier.
COMMENCED BUSINESS NOVEMBER 1, 1891.

DIRECTORS:
E. GARRISON
L. M. ALEXANDER
THOS. E. NASH
E. ROENIUS
F. J. WOOD

Safety Deposit Boxes For Rent.

All business connected with banking is earnestly solicited, and we promptly and carefully attend to every detail. Interest paid on time deposits.

—SHOES—All styles and sizes. Money refunded if not satisfactory. Cohen Brothers.

E. W. Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

NOT THE CHEAPEST

But
THE BEST!

It Describes Our
Brick Ice Cream

If you are contemplating a party, supper or dinner, remember we can give you something really clever in moulds, representing flowers—roses, lilies, or other designs, and at very reasonable prices, too.

ALICE, the president's daughter, is the most popular young lady in the United States today, and in her honor we have named our new brand of Chocolate Creams, that we guarantee to be the finest Chocolate Creams sold in Grand Rapids. Call for the "Sweet Alice" Creams, and take no other.

AKIN'S CANDY KITCHEN.

ALL KINDS OF
COAL

PRICES RIGHT.
E. C. KETCHUM.

TELEPHONE:
Office, 164. Residence, 51.

HIRZY The
Optician

Is prepared to correct any defects in your vision that you may be suffering from. The latest approved methods are used testing the eyes and he will always

Test Eyes Free
So that you run no chances in going to him. Often a slight defect will, if allowed to run, lead to something worse that cannot be corrected. Call at once.

A. P. HIRZY,
Grand Rapids, Wis.

W. J. CONWAY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.
OFFICE IN THE COURT HOUSE.

W. E. WHEELAN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Daily's Block,
GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN.

3-22-01
Circuit Court—Wood County.
South Huff Cranberry Company, a corporation, Plaintiff,

vs.
Charles G. Smith and Helen L. Smith, his wife, James Joy and Effie Joy, his wife; Henry R. Joy and Helen N. Joy, his wife; Richard P. Joy, Sarah R. Jenks, Mary Joy Newland and Frederick Joy, and all claimants of the lands in the complaint. In this action described and under the last will and testament of James F. Joy, deceased, and each and every unknown owner and claimant of the lands in the complaint. In this action described and under the last will and testament of James F. Joy, deceased, and each and every unknown owner and claimant of the lands in the complaint. In this action described and under the last will and testament of James F. Joy, deceased, and each and every unknown owner and claimant of the lands in the complaint.

The State of Wisconsin—to the said defendants: You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of these summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, of which a copy is herewith served on you.

B. M. VAUGHAN,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
P. O. Address, Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wis.

See note 2 below.
*NOTE. To you, the defendants named in the above and foregoing summons, and to each of you: Take Notice, That the following is a description of the real estate and premises affected by the above entitled action, commenced by said summons to wit:

The South half of the South West quarter of Section nineteen, and the South half of the South East quarter of Section sixteen, all in Township twenty-one north, Range three east, in Wood county, Wisconsin.

Further Take Notice, That the summons and complaint in said action was duly filed in the office of the clerk of court at the city of Grand Rapids, in said County of Wood, Wisconsin, on the 21st day of March, 1902, and has there continued and remained undisturbed to the present date.

Further Take Notice, That said action is brought to quiet and establish plaintiff's title to said lands and each and every tract thereof against any claim and all claims of said defendants, or any or either of them, to said lands and each and every parcel thereof and to secure and cut off said defendants, and each and every one of said defendants, from having or claiming any right or title to or interest in said lands adverse to the said plaintiff.

And plaintiff here refers to said complaint for the full facts on which this action is based and a more full description of the lands thereby affected.

Dated March 21st, 1902.
B. M. VAUGHAN,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

At this sale we offer you goods at less than wholesale prices—SPAFFORD.

A Challenge Sale of Silks and Ribbons.

These Goods are the Standard of Excellence, None Better, Few as Good.
SATURDAY, MARCH 22nd, MARCH 29th
WE WILL SELL THE FOLLOWING:

Skinner's 36-inch wide Satin in these colors, Black, Navy Blue, Old Rose, Grey, Red and White. Every yard is guaranteed by the Wm. Skinner Manufacturing Company to give perfect satisfaction, sale price per yard.....\$1.10

200 yards of the celebrated Giveneau's Taffeta Silk, oil boiled, and guaranteed not to crack. This is the best taffeta silk made in America, a regular \$1.75 value, sale price.....\$1.25

27-inch taffeta, same quality as above, a \$1.40 value, sale price.....\$1.00

500 yards of the Winsted Silk Company's 18-inch colored Satin in twenty colors. This is the quality that sold at 50c per yard, sale price.....35c

1,000 yards of 19-inch wide taffeta silk, all colors, this is a regular 75c quality, sale price.....59c

100 yards of black Beau de Soie, 24-inch wide, this the heavy, soft, double faced silk, the kind that never breaks. This is a quality that is usually sold at \$1.50 per yard, sale price.....\$1.10

The above silks are guaranteed by us to give satisfaction in every case or money refunded.

Ribbons are elected to be more popular this year than ever before. We were fortunate enough to be in position to purchase 1,000 pieces direct from the manufacturers and thereby own it for one-third less than we could have possibly bought it for.

200 pieces of Fancy No. 40, this ribbon measures three inches wide and is all silk, comes in all the popular shades, sale price per yard.....8c

800 pieces of Wash Taffeta Silk, double and single faced satin ribbon at about 50c on a dollar of the regular price. This will eclipse all previous ribbon sales. Prompt attention to mail orders.

SPAFFORD, COLE & COMPANY,
Promoters of Special Sales. Why?
GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN.

EASTER SPECIALS

At the Satisfactory Store.
No other words can convey an idea to you of the widely assorted—
display we are showing of the latest

Complete and Elaborate Spring Goods.

Whether you are a buyer or a looker on you'll enjoy a treat in paying us a visit. Only the product of the best manufacturers has found room here. The whole stock abounds with the very newest and most fashionable spring styles. As to prices, you'll find them to be right in every instance.

What's better still, no other store can or will sell the same quality of merchandise at the prices at which we are now offering in our spring goods. Low prices for **reliable, trustworthy merchandise** are the power that has made this store a Mecca for **prudent** shoppers. We have no cheap goods for sale. We stand behind every article as represented with our **Name, Guarantee and Reputation.**

Just opened several cases of new, fashionable, high class **Dress Fabrics**, and among them we have the celebrated **BROADHEAD DRESS GOODS** manufactured in Jamestown, N. Y., and you not only have our but **their guarantee** on these goods, for **Styles, Colorings and Durability** they have no equal. They range in prices from

50 cents to \$1.50 per yard.

Get your spring goods of us and be right. Also have the most beautiful line of Fancy Waistings, consisting of fine Satin Striped Challies, Wash Silks, fancy Granite Weave with Silk Stripes, Ottoman Striped, Mohair in delicate shades. Everything new and beautiful in the extreme in this line, ranging in price from **28 cents to 80 cents per yard**, and these goods were bought in short lengths to avoid having several waists alike in the city. This most ladies will appreciate.

Early in the week we will be able to show you the most complete line of **Carpets, Art Squares, Rugs, Mattings**, etc., ever shown in the city. Don't buy anything in this line until you see ours, as we will make it interesting for you.

We are showing all the latest creations in **Ladies' Neckwear, Ties, Lace Collars**. Ribbons tied for the neck by an expert while you wait.

Don't fail to see our line of **Easter Hats**. They are up to date and cheap. **\$4.00 down to \$1.25**

Yours for business

We have just replenished our stock of **LOOMER'S CORSETS**. We can fit you now with all the new styles.

See our Shirt Waists, **45c** and up.

Visit our Muslin Underwear and Hosiery Department. It will pay you.

To our Grocery Department we have just added some new and appetizing delicacies heretofore not carried in the city and we want you to try them. **Superior Anchovies, Gorton's Boneless Herring, Russian Caviar, Appetit-sild, Neufchatel Cheese, Pure Swiss Cheese.**

Heineman Mercantile Company,
GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN.

EAST SIDE. MRS. J. HAMM'S OLD STAND
I. BARUCH, Resident Manager.

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ELECTION NOTICE.

Office of City Clerk, Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wisconsin, March 15, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that a municipal election is to be held in the several wards of the city of Grand Rapids, Wood county, Wisconsin, on the 5th day of April, A. D. 1904, at which the officers named below are to be chosen. The names of candidates for each office to be voted for, whose nominations have been certified to this office, are given opposite the title of the office and under the appropriate party or other designation, each in its proper column:

INFORMATION TO VOTERS.

The following instructions are given for the information and guidance of voters: A voter upon entering the polling place and giving his name and residence, will receive a ballot from the ballot clerk which must have endorsed thereon the names or initials of both ballot clerks, and no other ballot can be used. Upon receiving his ballot, the voter must retire alone to a booth or compartment and prepare the same for voting. A ballot clerk may inform the voter as to the proper manner of marking a ballot, but he must not advise or indicate in any manner whom to vote for. If it be a general election these words are to follow: the voter if he wishes to vote for the candidates nominated by any party should make a cross mark X under the party designation printed at the top of the ballot in the circle made for that purpose. A ballot so marked, and having no other mark, will be counted for all the candidates of that party in the column underneath, unless the names of some of the candidates of the party have been erased or a cross mark placed in the square under the name or at any place in the space occupied by the name or names of candidates in another column, and will be counted for any name written in lieu of one erased. If the voter wishes to vote for some of the candidates of different political parties, he should make a cross mark under the name of each candidate he desires to vote for, or at any place within the space in which the name is printed. If he wishes to vote for a person for a certain office whose name is not on the ballot, he must write the name in the blank space under the printed name of the candidate for that office. The ballot should not be marked in any other manner. If the ballot is spoiled it must be returned to the ballot clerk, who must issue another in its stead, but not more than three in all to any one voter. Five minutes' time is allowed in booth to mark ballot. Unofficial ballots or memorandum to assist the voter in marking his ballots can be taken into the booth, and may be used to copy from. The ballot must not be shown so that any person can see how it has been marked by the voter. After it is marked it should be folded so that the outside cannot be seen, but so that the printed endorsements and signatures of the ballot clerks on the outside may be seen. Then the voter should pass out of the booth or compartment, give his name to the inspector in charge of the voting place, and hand him his ballot to be placed in the box, and pass out of the voting place. A voter who declares to the presiding officer that he is unable to read, or that by reason of physical disability he is unable to mark his ballot, can have assistance of one or two election officers in marking the same, to be chosen by the voter; and if he declares that he is totally blind, he may be assisted by any person chosen by him from among the legal voters of the county. The presiding officer may administer an oath in his discretion, as to each person's disability. The party designations and candidates for the different offices are, for example, as follows: insert list of party designations and candidates.

Office.	Citizens' Ticket.	Individual Nominations.
Mayor	William E. Wheelan.....	
Treasurer	Milton W. Mosher.....	
Assessor	Bernhard G. Chandos.....	
Justice of the Peace	Burton L. Brown.....	
First Ward.		
Alderman.....	John B. Arpin.....	Frank Billmeyer.....
Supervisor.....	Ermond P. Arpin.....	
Second Ward.		
Alderman.....	B. Metzger.....	
Supervisor.....	Theodore W. Brazeau.....	
Third Ward.		
Alderman.....	Fred W. Kruger.....	
Supervisor.....	William Scott.....	
Fourth Ward.		
Alderman.....	Marcus S. Pratt.....	Albert Bunde.....
Supervisor.....	George T. Rowland.....	
Fifth Ward.		
Alderman.....	Will Otto.....	
Supervisor.....	Ira Bassett.....	
Sixth Ward.		
Alderman.....	Henry Flewelling.....	
Supervisor.....	Dennis D. Conway.....	
Seventh Ward.		
Alderman.....	Lawrence M. Nash.....	
Supervisor.....		
Eighth Ward.		
Alderman.....	Hugh L. Boies.....	
Supervisor.....	Nels Johnson.....	

M. G. Gordon, City Clerk

You will take notice that the above list of candidates includes candidates for the city offices and also the candidates for each of the ward offices and that the ticket to be voted in any one ward will be composed of the above list of candidates for city offices together with a list of the candidates for ward offices for that particular ward, as for example, the ticket for the first ward will be the above list of candidates for city offices together with the above list of candidates for ward offices for the first ward only.

You will further take notice that the polls will be open at 6 o'clock a. m. and close at 5 o'clock p. m. and will be held in the following places in the several wards, to-wit:

First ward, Ed. Mahoney's residence; Second ward, Library building; Third ward, Grand Army Hall (G. A. R.); Fourth ward, John Plenke's residence; Fifth ward, Waterworks Power House; Sixth ward, Brainard Worthington shop; Seventh ward, City Hall; Eighth ward, Martin Nisson's residence.

M. G. Gordon, City Clerk.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Take your horses to Charles Currier at his old stand if you want them clipped.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Fahl of South Centralia on Tuesday morning.

A baby boy arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Emil Eberhard of the town of Grant on Tuesday.

Miss Mamie LaBrot entertained a number of her friends on Monday evening. All report a pleasant time.

Should the weather prove propitious the gun club will get out on Sunday afternoon for their first clay pigeon shoot.

Mrs. A. L. Ridgman entertained a number of friends on Tuesday in honor of her guest, Miss Jennie Jeffrey of Canby.

An infant son of James Chamberlain was taken seriously ill with croup on Sunday, but has since improved very materially.

A number of local sports have made arrangements to attend the Beell-Flaskamp wrestling match at Marshfield Saturday the 29th.

Officer John Raath of the east side, is wearing a broad smile these days, caused by the arrival of a bouncing baby girl at his home on the 17th.

John Mosher is preparing to erect himself a dwelling house on the west side, on lots west of the St. Paul track, having sold his present dwelling.

J. R. Chapman has taken the agency for the Sohmer, Singer and Steger makes of pianos and has received several samples which are on display at his store.

The members of the K. P. lodge held a dancing party at their hall on Monday evening. About twenty couples were in attendance and they report a good time.

The stable for the accommodation of the west side fire team has been finished and is a very neat and handy structure, and will no doubt prove well worth the investment.

A nice new line of collars at Landry's harness shop in Daly block near bridge.

If you have sick headache go to Johnson & Hill Drug Co. and get KASKAVA, a warranted cure \$1.00 bottles sold for the purpose of advertising until April 19th, 3 for \$1.

St. Patrick's day was not observed in this city to any extent and very few green ribbons were in evidence. The latter fact was no doubt partly owing to the inclement weather.

Charles Kellogg and E. C. Rossier have each filed papers of withdrawal as aldermen of their respective wards, the demands on their time being more than they are able to devote to the work.

FOR SALE—A high grade Mason & Hamlin organ very cheap for cash or on time inquire of TIMM & BIERKE.

It is expected that a gang of men and a work train will be put on the Northwestern road next month to work in this vicinity in ballasting the road. About sixty men will be employed in the work.

The friends of Mrs. Fred Horton, who resides near Byron, assembled at that ladies home on Thursday to celebrate her 62d birthday and a very pleasant afternoon was spent by those present.

According to the returns made by Register of Deeds E. A. Upham to the secretary of state, the following marriages, births and deaths occurred in Wood county during the year of 1901. Marriages 189, births 262 and deaths 166.

The school meeting was convened at the Howe high school on Monday evening and then adjourned for one week, to meet again at the opera house. It is expected that there will be a large attendance at the coming meeting.

Don't forget to call on G. Bruderie, the west side shoemaker if you want the best work done in the city.

G. Bruderie has a pair of large snowy owls which he has kept for some time and which are becoming quite tame. While Mr. Bruderie does not expect to go into raising owls as a business the two birds always prove objects of interest to persons who visit his home.

H. Wipperman expects to erect a new block on the east side the coming summer on the site now occupied by the 20th Century Place. The structure will be of brick, three stories high and will certainly produce a great improvement in the appearance of the east side.

Charles Currier of Stevens Point has purchased the livery stable of M. A. Bogoger on the east side, and took charge of the institution on Friday. Mr. Currier is thoroughly conversant with the livery business and has added three horses to his outfit. He will also operate a hack.

The trial of Adam Davis occurred on Thursday before Justice T. J. Cooper. Davis was accused of stealing some lumber and other things that amounted to between six and seven dollars, but he proved to the satisfaction of the jury that he had no intention of stealing the stuff and he was discharged.

Rocky Mountain Tea taken now will keep the whole family well. If it fails bring it back and get your cash. 35 cents at Johnson & Hill Co.

Many a man have a deep sigh of relief when he glanced out of the window Sunday morning and discovered the ground covered with snow, frost on the panes and other evidences of cold weather. The continued warm weather had made the average house wife so uneasy that poor mankind did not know what minute house cleaning would start in earnest.

You will never wish to take another dose of pills if you once try Chamberlain's stomach and liver tablets. They are easier to take and more pleasant in effect. They cleanse the stomach and regulate the liver and bowels. For sale by Johnson & Hill Co. and Wood Co. Drug Co.

PERSONAL MENTION.

C. F. Kellogg was in Wausau on Saturday.

LeRoy Taft spent Sunday at Tomah visiting with relatives.

A. W. Ramsey spent Sunday with his family in this city.

Mrs. W. F. Kellogg has been quite sick during the past week.

T. E. Nash left on Tuesday for Chicago on a business trip.

Miss Ella Hasbrouck is in Milwaukee visiting for a few days.

Justice W. H. Getts was a business visitor at Finley on Tuesday.

Tim Daly of Dancy transacted business in the city on Saturday.

Charles Seiler of Alma was in the city on Tuesday on business.

Larry Ward of Babcock transacted business in the city on Tuesday.

Rev. W. J. Rice of Stevens Point, visited friends here on Tuesday.

J. B. Arpin was a Stevens Point visitor on Tuesday and Wednesday.

Miss Isabelle Bowen of Dexterville was in the city on Monday for a time.

Mrs. J. D. Witter is in Chicago this week in attendance upon her husband.

Miss Mabel Garrett of Milton is visiting Mrs. Jessie Love this week.

Jos. Applebaker of Pittsville transacted business in this city on Wednesday.

Attorney W. E. Wheelan transacted business at Finley on Tuesday afternoon.

Bob Morse returned on Monday from Waupaca where court had been in session.

Mrs. Geo. W. Davis left on Tuesday for Neenah to visit relatives for a few days.

Atty. E. C. Pors of Marshfield transacted business in the city on Tuesday.

Frank Foubare of Junction City was in the city between trains on Tuesday.

Miss Vinnie White of Vesper visited friends and relatives in the city on Saturday.

Mrs. Ed. Lynch returned last week from a visit to Chicago, Appleton and Milwaukee.

Arthur Pepin was at Wausau on Thursday evening to hear Sousa's famous band.

Charles Podawiltz was a Wausau visitor on Thursday to take in the band concert.

Robert Searies of Plainfield was in the city on Tuesday, the guest of his brother Jacob.

Deputy Game Warden Brown of Pittsville was in the city on Saturday for a short time.

Merchant Wm. Downing of Dexterville was a business visitor in the city on Tuesday.

George N. Wood spent several days at Marshfield the fore part of the week on business.

Chas. Wasser who is employed at Atlanta is home this week for a visit with his mother.

Miss May Sawler of Morris spent Saturday and Sunday, the guest of Miss Agnes Mulroy.

Dr. C. A. Boorman returned on Tuesday from Chicago, where he had accompanied J. D. Witter.

Mrs. Laura Sheehan, nee McCarthy was visiting her parents in the city during the past week.

P. N. Christensen, chairman of the town of Lincoln was a business visitor at the court house on Monday.

Dr. D. A. Hocnes of Milwaukee is visiting at the home of Matt Derricks of the west side for a few weeks.

Arthur Wolslayer returned to his home at Stevens Point on Wednesday after an extended visit with friends.

Al Plath of Marshfield arrived in the city on Tuesday, having accepted a position with A. Peterick, the baker.

Oliver Akey, the Rudolph real estate man, was in the city Tuesday and Wednesday transacting business.

Wilbur Briere arrived in the city on Monday and has been visiting his parents and other friends since then.

Charles E. Boles is able to be around again this week after being confined to his home a week or more by sickness.

L. Jefferson of Stevens Point was in the city on Saturday the guest of his daughter, Miss Jefferson, the preceptress.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Ward of Dexterville was in the city on Wednesday and transacted business at the court house.

Mrs. A. R. Jackson, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Sam Church, returned to her home at Elroy on Thursday.

Mrs. H. E. Pearson of Appleton has been the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Carrington, during the past week.

Mrs. Geo. Martin, who has been the guest of Mrs. W. C. Martin for some time, returned to her home in Chelsea on Tuesday.

E. F. Deyo of Port Edwards was in the city the fore part of the week and purchased a fine Hamilton piano from W. G. Scott.

A. C. Boyles of Wausau visited friends in the city on Wednesday. He had also been at Nekeosa renewing acquaintances.

Father Jenner of Stevens Point was in the city on Thursday and held services in St. John's Episcopal church that evening.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Arpin departed on Monday for the east to be absent several weeks. They visited in Milwaukee on their way.

The family of N. H. Potter of the town of Grand Rapids were at Friendship on Wednesday to attend the funeral of Mrs. L. C. Rous.

Mrs. Ed. King of Merrill was in the city over Sunday the guest of Mrs. John Daly. Mrs. King was on her way home from a trip to Chicago.

T. A. Tack of Marshfield was in the city on Thursday having come down with his boy who is taking instruction on the violin from Jacob Reuter.

Hiram Rous and Mrs. Minnie Patwatter were called to Friendship on Wednesday to attend the funeral of their grandparent, Mrs. L. C. Rous.

A. C. Keyes, traveling freight agent for the Northwestern road, was in the city on Wednesday interviewing our business men in the interests of the road.

Advices from J. D. Witter state that he is getting along nicely since his operation. It is expected that he will have to remain in Chicago about three weeks.

Miss Agnes Mulroy who is teaching at Morris, Shawana county, is home for a short visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. Mulroy of the Commercial house.

The following Pittsville people transacted business in this city the past week, Dr. Wood, Wm. Sprowl, E. W. King, Nash Mitchell and W. C. McGlynn.

Dr. J. J. Looze was at Green Bay and vicinity the latter part of last week, where he had been visiting his father who had been sick for some time past.

Mrs. John Dixon and son Charles returned on Tuesday from Milwaukee where Mrs. Dixon had been receiving medical treatment during the past week.

Mrs. I. Baruch and Mrs. J. Hamu left on Saturday for Milwaukee and Chicago to be absent several days buying goods for the Hemenan Mercantile company.

Rube Lyons, Art Houston, Emil Lambert and Louis Peyruse went to Wausau Thursday morning for the purpose of attending the concert given by Sousa that evening.

Martin Pyl, the Arpin merchant, was in the city on Thursday and a pleasant caller at the Tribune office. Mrs. Pyl is visiting her old home in Ohio for three weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Cameron, Miss Helen Kromer, Miss Loua Johnson and Miss Edith Nash went to Stevens Point on Thursday to hear the concert given by Sousa's band.

John Ostranski of Grand Rapids came to the Riverside hospital on Friday to receive treatment for a lame back, sustained by having overlifted himself.—Wausau Record.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Cady arrived in the city on Wednesday and will take up their residence in the Klein house on the east side. Mr. Cady has not secured a business office as yet.

Nic Boer, one of Milladore's young farmers was a business visitor here on Thursday. Mr. Boer was closing up a deal for the sale of his farm, intending to buy another at once.

Rev. W. A. Peterson has been somewhat under the weather during the past week by what seems to be an attack of grip. He has been able to be around much of the time, however.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Grenfell spent Sunday in the city the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Kellogg, being on their way to Chelsea, where they expect to make their home for a short time at least.

Julius Nelson, who is managing the John Farris farm at Sherry, was in the city on Saturday and while here favored the Tribune with a pleasant call. Mr. Nelson reported pretty tough roads up his way.

Henry Alpine returned on Wednesday from Oshkosh where he had had a leg removed on account of a tubercular affection of the bone. He is recovering as rapidly as can be expected under the circumstances.

Nash Mitchell of Pittsville was in the city on Tuesday and Wednesday on business. Mr. Mitchell has been investigating the oil business as it exists in the south and figures on investing some capital in the business.

Rev. Leopold Kroll has so far recovered from his illness as to be able to take his place in the pulpit again, and will hold services for the first time on Sunday. His many friends will be glad to hear of his complete recovery.

Mrs. C. Crotteau of Rudolph has been visiting the family of N. J. Richards during the past week. Mrs. Richards being a daughter of Mrs. Crotteau. Two of Mr. and Mrs. Richards little girls have been sick with measles.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Parker and Leo Johnson expect to leave on Monday for Chato, Montana, where they will probably make their home in the future, both Mr. and Mrs. Parker owing land there.

F. B. Roe, who has held the position of operator at the Central depot for some time past, left on Thursday for Stevens Point where he has accepted a position as operator in the Central station at that place.

John Hoffman and Chas. Mess, two of Marshfield's leading men, were business visitors in the city last Friday. Mr. Hoffman came down to see Gus Schuman about sand for the coming season for building purposes.

Elbert Kellogg, Atty. H. E. Fitch, Walter Graves, August Wagner and Misses Nellie Carmody, Catherine Galligan and Nellie Forgarty of Nekeosa were in the city Monday evening in attendance at the dance given by the Knights of Pythias.

Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Colcord and daughter, of Andover, South Dakota, are in the city this week the guests of A. H. Colcord, the Messrs. Colcord being brothers. I. A. Colcord was formerly a resident of this city, but left here some seventeen years ago.

Stevens Point Gazette: M. A. Bogoger of Grand Rapids spent a few hours in the city Monday afternoon, coming over in company with Misses Romona Piffner and Arabella Betlach, who spent a couple of days at his home in our neighboring town.

Fred Logan of Rudolph was in the city on Friday of last week and while here he favored the Tribune office with a pleasant call. Mr. Logan and his family are now arrivals at the station where Mr. Logan will engage in the general merchandise business.

Smoke the Winneschek cigar. The best ten cent smoke on earth.

Notice of Adjourned Annual School Meeting.

Notice is hereby given that the annual school meeting of Grand Rapids School District No. 1, met pursuant to law at the Howe High school building, situated in the second ward of the city of Grand Rapids, Monday, March 17th, 1902, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., and adjourned to meet at the opera house, Monday, March 27th, at 7:30 p. m., to transact such general business as may legally come before it.

First Ward—Commissioners to succeed Messrs. H. Rablin (long term) and W. H. Reeves (short term), whose terms expire April 12th, 1902.

Second Ward—Commissioner to succeed Mr. J. P. Horton, whose term expires April 12th, 1902.

Third Ward—Commissioner to succeed Mr. I. P. Witter, whose term expires April 12th, 1902.

Fourth Ward—Commissioner to succeed Mr. E. Roenins, whose term expires April 12th, 1902.

Fifth Ward—Commissioner to succeed Mr. E. R. Griffith, whose term expires April 12th, 1902.

Sixth Ward—Commissioners to succeed Messrs. A. McMillan (long term) and E. Oberbeck (short term) whose terms expire April 12th, 1902.

Seventh Ward—Commissioner to succeed Mr. L. M. Nash, whose term expires April 12th, 1902.

Eighth Ward—Commissioner to succeed Mr. A. L. Ridgman, whose term expires April 12th, 1902.

GEO. P. HAMBERCHT.

MEDICINE FREE!

TO INTRODUCE AND ADVERTISE

Kas-kava

We are going to be here Six Weeks. All those calling twice a day at Johnson & Hill Co.'s Drug Store will receive the medicine FREE until Saturday, April 19th.

Kas-kava is a Guaranteed Cure for Rheumatism and Catarrh.

Now when we stay here six weeks and let you try the medicine free, you will understand the medicine certainly must be good or we could not advertise by this method. It will only take from 7 to 10 days to convince you what KASKAVA is. For Rheumatism and Catarrh, and if you have Kidney or Liver trouble, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Impure Blood, Heart Trouble, Nervousness, Neuralgia, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Eczema, or Sick Headache, if you will only come and try it one week the medicine will tell its own story. Come and try it, it's FREE.

Female Weakness and Irregularities

relieved in five or six days or Money Refunded. For the benefit of those who cannot call daily for a treatment, **will sell until Saturday, April 19th,**

The Regular \$1.00 Bottle for 35 Cents, or 3 Bottles for \$1.00

After April 19th the medicine will sell for \$1.00. We guarantee that if, after a thorough trial, the medicine does not do as represented, you can return the bottle to our agent and your money will be refunded. You can use part of the bottle as a test.

KAS-KAVA, THE GREAT BLOOD AND NERVE TONIC

Is a purely vegetable compound, free from mineral poisons. It cleanses all bilious derangements and impure blood from the system, restores weakened constitutions, tones the nerves and creates an appetite.

WE HAVE HUNDREDS OF TESTIMONIALS. WAIT FOR HOME ENDORSEMENTS.

Berlin, Wis., Feb. 24, 1902 After spending \$50 a year to keep my blood in good condition, I find Kas-Kava does the work better and at much less expense. DAN O'CONNELL.	Berlin, Wis., Feb. 22, 1902 For years I have suffered with Kidney trouble and a few doses of Kas-Kava have cured me. MARTIN HANSON
Rush Lake, Wis., Feb. 20, 1902 For years I have been troubled with Constipation and have tried all kinds of remedies, but found no permanent relief until I used Kas-Kava and have experienced no trouble in taking it. I recommend it highly to all similarly afflicted. P. DAVLIN.	Berlin, Wis., Feb. 25, 1902 After suffering for years Periodical Headaches, I find Kas-Kava the first remedy to give relief. I have had no trouble since I began using it. MRS. A. E. RICHARDS.
FREE. We have got to CURE to make a reputation. All are invited to call and receive medicine FREE of charge until Saturday April 19th.	
JOHNSON & HILL 60., DRUGGISTS.	
G. W. MORTON, Western Advertising Agent Representing Kas-Kava Medicine Co., New York.	

ONLY A FARMER'S DAUGHTER.

By
MRS. FORRESTER.

CHAPTER XX.

Mrs. Clayton was still a rich woman, although she did not, of course, possess more than a tithe of her husband's income. Still, that was enough to give her every luxury that she had been accustomed to, and to keep her in a manner befitting her station. She could not pretend any deep sorrow for the loss of a man who had been cruel, neglectful and almost brutal to her; but the time she had been absent from him had in a measure softened the harshness of the previous memories, and the sad fate which had overtaken him forbade in her forgiving heart the angry remembrance of past wrongs.

"Perhaps, aunt," she said, in a low, regretful voice, "if I had been more forbearing and less provoking to him he might have been different all the time."

Lady Marion looked up from her book. "It is always right, dear, to think kindly of people who are gone, and I should feel it wrong to speak against Francis Clayton now; but I cannot help thinking that no amount of goodness or gentleness could have touched a heart so bitter and cynical as his."

Mrs. Maxwell declined absolutely to be present at Winifred's wedding. As she was utterly indifferent now to the favor or disfavor of her relations, she did not trouble to make any excuse, but contented herself with saying she did not feel inclined to be one of the party.

"I always disliked the girl, and thought her intriguing," she wrote to her mother. "It would be a perfect farce for me to be present at her marriage. I have not the least sympathy with her success, although I admit she has played her cards well."

The wedding was none the less happy or ungratifying for Mrs. Maxwell's absence; everyone pronounced it a very splendid affair; and this time the sympathies of all were enlisted for the bride and bridegroom were both young and handsome and happy. Sir Howard gave Winifred away, and her husband received her with infinite gladness and tenderness. All the farmers and villagers came round to see Miss Byron, "that they had known from a child," married.

At Hazell Court there were great festivities; dinners for all the tenants, and games and fireworks in the evening, and a real military band from London.

Captain Le Marchant was best man, of course; Ada Fordyce chief bridesmaid, and Lord Harold Briskine was able to be present without suffering any pangs of jealousy. He was to be married himself in a month's time. Madame de Monteton had actually been persuaded to be present at the wedding.

"When we come back you will always live with us, dear madame," Winifred had said.

"Not yet, my love," the old lady answered. "Young people are best by themselves at first. I shall ask Lady Grace to keep me a little longer; and then, if in six months or a year's time you care to have me, I shall rejoice to come to you."

The spring had come round again, and Mr. and Mrs. Hastings were at Hazell Court. Mrs. Clayton was staying with them. She was herself again now—not so bright and sparkling, perhaps, as in the old days, but very sweet and good.

She and Winifred were sitting together in the green morning room as the twilight was coming on.

"I think the old Court is decidedly improved by the presence of a mistress," said Mrs. Clayton presently. "I always thought it charming—now it is perfect."

Winifred laughed a short, happy laugh. "Oh, do you really think so? It seems to me the place ought to have a much grander mistress than I. Fancy a girl brought up to a simple country life coming to such state and grandeur! I feel as if I ought to be like Lady Burleigh, and, instead of making myself so thoroughly at home, to pine away and die."

"It is a good thing Errol is not here to hear you, or he would be very angry at your saying such foolish things. If ever anyone was born with a thorough appreciation of the pomps and vanities of the world, it is you, I think. It makes me laugh when I remember how you used to preach to me about love in a cottage, and marrying the man you loved if he had not a shilling."

"And so I would have married Errol if he had been as poor as—"

"Be thankful, my belle, that your love was not put to such a terrible test."

There was silence for a few moments, and then Mrs. Clayton spoke again, with a voice that betrayed some agitation:

"Winifred, did you ever know how much I cared for Col. d'Aguilar?"

"I know he cared a great deal for you, Fee."

"And you thought because I could not make up my mind to share poverty with him, that I did not love him?"

"Nay, Fee, I would not say that."

"Well, then," cried Mrs. Clayton, impatiently, "I tell you I loved him both before and after I married Francis Clayton—better after, perhaps, than before. I may as well confess the whole: I am not afraid of your repeating it. When I was so miserable we met again in London, and it seemed my only comfort to get his sympathy for my trouble. At last we parted, with the intention of not meeting again. I have never seen or heard of him since. I can guess why he keeps away."

"You think he does not like to seek you because you are rich as well as free?" Winifred suggested.

Mrs. Clayton bent her head.

"And I want you to do something for me," she said, after a pause.

"To ask him here, darling?" said Winifred, gently.

"Yes," answered Fee, simply.

"Errol shall write to him at once. I know he likes him. I suppose he is in England?"

"I should think so," and Mrs. Clayton rose slowly and left the room.

Presently Mr. Hastings came in. "Errol!" said his wife.

"Yes, my pet."

"I want you to write at once and invite Col. d'Aguilar to come and stay."

"Do you, dear—why?"

"Never mind. You are not to ask any questions. I cannot tell you the reasons—at all events, not now."

He went up and kissed her.

"You seem to have an equal opinion of your husband's powers of divination and discretion," he said, laughing.

"Well, Errol, but will you?" pleaded Winifred.

"Of course. I will do anything you like," he answered. "It is too late to write to-night."

"Not if you send the letter over to Holton, Errol."

"What is it so important as all that?"

"Yes, darling," she answered coaxingly, pushing him into a chair, and bringing the writing materials to him.

"Very well, little tyrant. But where is he?—what is his address?"

"O, Errol, I can't tell you," cried Winifred, looking blank. "Do you not know?"

"I don't, indeed. I believe his regiment has left Honnslow."

"Well, cannot you send it to his club?"

"Yes, I can do that; but you seemed in such a terrible hurry, and if he is not in town, the chances are he may not get it for days. Perhaps Fee knows."

"Now, Errol, how should she?"

"I don't know, darling. I always thought they were such great friends."

"Why, they have not met for months and months."

"Perhaps they might not like to meet, then," said Mr. Hastings, looking up at Winifred, and smiling a little maliciously.

"Had you not better consult Fee first?" and then Winifred fairly laughed, but would not be induced to say anything more on the subject. However, the letter was duly written and sent, and in three days' time the answer arrived. Col. d'Aguilar would have much pleasure in spending a few days at the Court, and Mr. Hastings might expect him the following day.

CHAPTER XXI.

When the Colonel came there was an embarrassment in his manner towards Mrs. Clayton; he was grave, kind and courteous, as though there had been no more than an ordinary friendship between them. He was resolved not to speak a single word of love to her. He felt her wealth to be a barrier between them, and could not bear to say what was in his heart for her, for fear any doubt of his great love should come between them—for fear any base thought should creep in and see a sordid desire in the renewal of his passion for her.

The last few months had been very painful to him. When he heard of Francis Clayton's sudden death, a feeling that he was ashamed of came over him. He was not glad, not actually glad—nay, he felt a kind of pity for the man who had been cut off in the prime of his life, selfish and ill-sorted though it had been; but he could not forget that Fee was free. He felt that she must be the first to hold communication with him. Would she do so? Did she still care for him, and had she believed truly in the unselfishness of his reclamation of her?

Mrs. Hastings was by no means satisfied with the progress of the affairs. Instead of the first natural reserve between Col. d'Aguilar and her friend being dissipated it seemed to grow stronger each day. They avoided, above all things, being left alone together. Winifred wanted to help them; she felt certain they cared for each other, and, besides, women in the first flush of a happy marriage are always inveterate match makers.

"Errol," said his wife one day at lunch, "I want to drive you over to the Manor this afternoon. I am going to see grandpapa, and he has grown so fond of you he never likes me to go without you."

"You forget, dear," replied Mr. Hastings, "we cannot be so unaccountable as to leave our guests."

"How stupid and provoking men are!" Winifred thought, pettishly. She looked up at Col. d'Aguilar pleadingly.

"You will excuse him, will you not?"

"I was intending to ask permission to ride over and call on Lord Lancing this afternoon," he answered, fabricating a polite fiction for the occasion.

"And I have a headache and do not care to go out," said Mrs. Clayton.

"Then we shall go over to the Manor as you wish, Winifred. Have you ordered the ponies?"

"No, please ring the bell, and say 3 o'clock."

"I am just going round to the stables. Will you come, d'Aguilar? What will you ride this afternoon?" and the two gentlemen went off together.

"Fee," said Winifred, suddenly, "you and Col. d'Aguilar are very provoking."

"How, Winifred?"

"You are so strange and distant to each other. Why do you not let him see you care for him?"

"I do not think he cares for me any longer," Mrs. Clayton answered, despondently.

"How can you be so blind, Fee? You must know what he feels. Is it not quite natural that he should hesitate to remind you of the past now that you are rich?"

"But, Winifred, a woman cannot speak first."

"Of course you cannot ask him to marry you, but you can let him see that you are not utterly indifferent to him."

Mrs. Clayton made no answer.

"It is so tiresome of him to go out," continued Winifred, presently.

"And defeat your intentions, little match maker," added Fee, looking up.

When Errol and his wife had started Mrs. Clayton took her book to the green-room and began to read. Col. d'Aguilar came to fetch a letter he had written in the morning. A sudden thought crossed Fee's mind that sent the blood rushing

over neck and brow and made her heart beat in great throbs.

"Col. d'Aguilar," she said, with a voice almost inarticulate with nervousness.

"Yes, Mrs. Clayton."

"Are you really going out?"

"I am just starting for Holton."

"Won't you stay with us? I shall be so dull all alone."

He hesitated for a moment.

"If you really wish it I will."

"Of course I wish it or I should not ask," Fee responded, a little impatiently.

"Then I will go and send the groom back to the stables." And he left the room.

Mrs. Clayton was excessively uneasy in her mind. She could not form the least resolve what she should say to him when he returned.

"You will not thank me for spoiling your ride," were her first words to him.

"I would much rather be here. I only proposed riding to Holton because I thought Mrs. Hastings was anxious for her husband's company."

"Are they not devoted?" sighed Fee.

"I never saw a man fonder of a woman. I do believe he fancies there is no one like her—so graceful, so amiable, so clever."

"That is as it should be, is it not?" asked Col. d'Aguilar, smiling.

"Of course. He intends her to make quite an impression this season. He has taken a mansion for three months and an opera box, and I know he means her to have her handsomest carriage and horses in London. Fancy a woman having all that and a handsome husband whom she loves besides! And there were tears in Mrs. Clayton's eyes.

"She is very sweet-mannered. I think she deserves her happiness."

"I am sure she does," responded Mrs. Clayton, warmly. "She would have married him just the same if he had been poor. She was not like me, Col. d'Aguilar."

"You forget how differently you were brought up," he exclaimed, eager to defend her from any imputation, even though it came from her own lips. "Poverty would have been a terrible hardship to you, who had been used all your life to luxury."

"It is very generous in you to excuse my selfishness," Fee said, softly, "since you suffered by it. Did you suffer?" she asked, with a quick alteration of mood.

"Hardly," she added, with the slightest tinge of bitterness, "for you would not have been so ready to give me up."

It was Col. d'Aguilar's turn to feel hurt and bitter now.

"I believe women never give men credit for real unselfishness," he said. "A woman has more faith in the passion that sacrifices than in the love that spares her."

"Col. d'Aguilar," said Mrs. Clayton, with bright tears standing in her eyes, "I would give the world to know if you left me because you really loved me."

"My love could have little worth for you," he answered, sadly, "if a doubt of my motive could have found room in your heart."

There came then a long silence between them, and both looked straight away from each other, as though they feared the next words that might be spoken. At last Mrs. Clayton turned her face toward the man, whom she loved and esteemed more now than she had ever done in her life before.

"Ivory," she said, in a low voice, that trembled from the deep under-current of emotion—"Ivory, do you not know how hard it is for a woman to ask for a man's love?"

He turned quickly toward her.

"My darling! do you think it necessary to ask for what I have given you, wholly and entirely, from the time I first saw you? Do I need to tell you that I love you heart and soul, and that I can never cease to care for the little fairy who first bewitched me until the day I die?"

(The end.)

Not Pampered.

The professor who was the chief instructor of the present King of Italy during his boyhood has lately made some interesting statements as to the method pursued in the education of the prince.

"The first day I went to instruct the prince," says the author, "I was informed by those in authority that I was to treat him as I would any other pupil, neither showing him any undue respect nor any indulgence even in trifling matters. For example, if anything was needed during the lesson it was the prince who should get it, and not I; and if a book or anything like it were to fall from the table it was the prince who should pick it up."

The tutor was sharp in his reprimands if the prince slogged his lessons.

"Your royal highness should remember," he said, on one occasion, "that a king's son, if he is a blockhead, will remain a blockhead, for in this respect there is no difference between him and the son of a shoemaker."

At another time the prince asked to be relieved from exercise on horseback on the plea that he had a headache.

"If a battle were to be fought to-day, do you think a pain in the head ought to prevent your royal highness from appearing at the head of his troops?" asked the tutor.

The prince rode that day, as usual.

Influence of Food.

"What do you think of the theory that food has a potent influence in determining character?" asked Mr. Smithfield, as he put three lumps of sugar in his coffee.

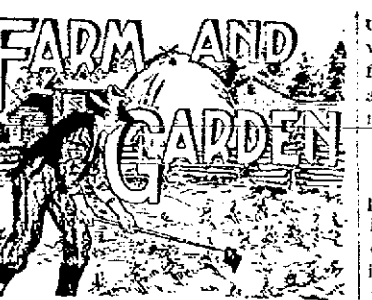
"I guess it's all right," replied Mr. Wood, as he severed a portion of his beefsteak. "It always seems a little cannibalistic to me when you order lobster."

"Well," retorted Mr. Smithfield, good humoredly, "I ought to have known it was dangerous to lend you money after I discovered your fondness for beefs. But, seriously, if there were anything in the theory, wouldn't it make a man sheepish to eat mutton?"

"It would, and prize fighters ought to restrict themselves to a diet of scraps,"—Pittsburg Gazette.

Has a Thick Hide.

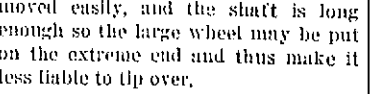
The hide of the hippopotamus in some parts is fully two inches thick.



Riding Attachment for Plows.

The illustrated device is a riding attachment for a plow, which a correspondent of the Iowa Homestead says he devised a number of years ago.

Fig. 1 shows the attachment attached to a walking plow and shows how it is attached. Fig. 2 shows the attachment detached from the plow, and if it is to be used for a harrow or other implement where there is no furrow a larger wheel is substituted for the small wheel, which would make it run in a leveling position. This wheel is attached by a set screw and can be removed easily, and the shaft is long enough so the large wheel may be put on the extreme end and thus make it less liable to tip over.



The Asparagus Bed.

We believe in mowing the asparagus bed in the fall and burning it over to destroy the beetles, eggs and rust that may be there. Others who have grown much more of it than we have prefer to have the old stalks remain until spring, as helping to hold the snow on the bed. But in either case we would put out and carry away all the seed-bearing plants before the seed begun to fall. The little seedlings in the old bed are no better than as many weeds. If seedlings are wanted to set a new bed, cut the stalks when the seed is nearly ripe, and hang them up to ripen, and sow the seed in a new bed from which it may be transplanted at a year old. We like good yearling plants better than two-year-olds.—New England Farmer.

The Corn Breeder.

Corn-breeding has become a specialized industry. The field for this branch of farming is very great, as is shown by the fact that the corn growers of Illinois alone use over 1,000,000 bushels of seed every year. Of course it is not necessary that this seed be secured from the breeder fresh every year, but seed will not as a rule remain pure more than four or five years. It then becomes necessary to again secure well-bred seed. As yet the demand has been but little developed. Farmers are just beginning to realize the importance and benefit of improved seed, but even now corn breeders are not able to supply the demand. That this demand will increase far beyond the capacity of corn breeders to supply there is no doubt.—A. D. Shamel, in Orange Judd Farmer.

Safety Milk Pail.

Many a pail of milk has been lost by a kick from the cow just as the task of milking her was about finished and many a stray bit of dirt falls into the open pail if the farmer is not extremely careful in his labors. John Heustis King, of Garrity, Ala., believes that the pail he has just designed will save the milk in case of an upset pail and also prevent the gathering of impurities.

In the picture the details of construction of this improved pail are shown. The top of the pail has a screw-threaded flange, to which a receiving bowl is secured by a similar flange. In the center of this bowl is a strainer, and below the strainer is an open frame in which is placed a loose cone corresponding in shape to the under side of the strainer. As soon as the pail is tipped over the flow of the milk toward the strainer seals the cone and effectually closes the outlet until the pail is righted again.

Butter Kept Fresh in Transportation.

Butter is now packed in a manner that permits of its carriage from Australia to Europe without losing its freshness. A box is formed of six sheets of ordinary window glass, and the edges are sealed with gum paper. This box is then enclosed in plaster of paris one-quarter inch thick, this being again covered with special paper. The plaster is a bad conductor of heat, so the temperature inside the box remains the same. Boxes are now made to hold 200 pounds of butter and the cost of packing is 1d a pound.

Setting Strawberry Plants.

Any one who believes in fall setting of strawberry plants has opportunity this year. The weather since fruiting has been such that the runners have made a good growth, and there has been moisture enough for newly set plants. We think we seldom saw plants set in the spring, and well cared for during the summer, produce as many or as handsome berries as we have seen on those set the same year in August. Excepting some of the new varie-

ties, one can get as many plants as he wants, well known and standard kinds, for a trifling sum if not for nothing at this season of the year in almost any neighborhood.—American Cultivator.

Avoiding Peach Yellows.

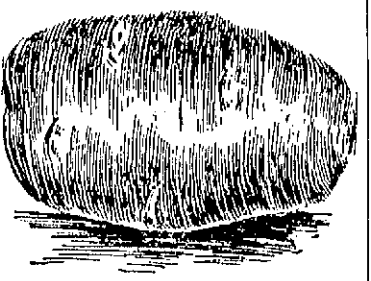
It may not be generally known that peach yellows is found in every State in the Union, with six exceptions. Of course, it is worse in some States than in others, but it exists in all States where the peach is grown, except in California, Mississippi, Texas, and parts of Alabama, Florida and Georgia, located in Georgia and in New Jersey, there is apparently no difference in the severity of the disease when at its worst, and the trouble apparently attacks trees budded on stocks grown from pits obtained from different sections of the country. It is safe to say that with the possible exception of California pits, it is as safe to select the pits for budding stocks from the finest fruit on the most healthy trees in one's own orchard as from any other source.

Teaching Lambs to Feed.

When a lamb is two weeks old it is ready for feeding something in addition to the ewe's milk. It is true that by feeding the ewe her milk will be increased, but the first thing to do is to feed the ewe, for the sake of the lambs, which may be fed indirectly in this way from the first day of their lives. The lambs are easily taught to feed by themselves if they are provided with suitable feeding pens into which they may go through narrow openings too small for the ewes. This is the simplest matter possible. To catch a lamb and take it into the pen and put a little of the feed provided into its mouth is all that is needed; the lambs will do the rest; for where one goes all will want to go instantly.—Farmers' Voice.

Early Puritan Potato.

As a rule the early potato crop is the profitable one, although the past season good money was made from late potatoes, and especially if the best table varieties were grown. The Early Puritan, one of the new varieties, has been tested in different potato sections sufficiently to prove its merit. The skin is nearly white, most early sorts of value having a pink skin. In flavor



THE EARLY PURITAN.

the variety is first-class and the tuber cooks well, being dry and mealy, another point hard to find among early sorts. It is a good keeper also.

Millions of Eggs.

New York City, according to the statistical expert of the New York Herald, consumes 2,283 eggs every minute of the day, which means 100,000,000 dozen a year. The city may feel independent of the hen so far as the hatching process is concerned, but is entirely dependent for its supply of eggs on the moody creature who regulates her output according as the weather happens to suit her whims. These hens get food and lodging for their part of the work, and their owners receive \$20,000,000 a year for the 342 eggs that they supply annually to each inhabitant of the city.

Bavarian Hops.

Although hops have been grown in this country for a great many years, they have always been inferior as compared with the best European hops, and, as they bring a lower price in the market and are not so desirable as the Bavarian hops, cuttings of the best of the latter were imported last year. These cuttings have been placed in the hop-growing districts of the United States and, according to the report of the Secretary to Agriculture, promise to be far superior to the ordinary varieties grown, in addition to maturing earlier and extending the picking season.

Winter Treatment of San Jose Scale.

Winter spraying to destroy the San Jose scale is most effective. Summer spraying is usually necessary in addition, but the insecticide cannot be made as strong as in the winter season when there are no buds to injure. There are several remedies for the scale, but crude petroleum is the best for use in winter, and it may be used only slightly diluted. The work must be thoroughly done, every branch being touched with the petroleum, and several applications made if necessary. If done thoroughly in winter it is probable that only one or two light sprayings would be necessary in the summer.

Keep Sheep in Good Condition.

A sheep should never be allowed to fall off in condition. Its constitution is weakened permanently. The clip of wool is seriously injured. No animal is so difficult to restore to good condition as the sheep, and there is none where a loss of flesh tells so quickly upon its outward covering.—J. F. Hancock.

Choosing a Dairy Cow.

Never choose a dairy cow because she is fat, sleek and a beauty. In a dairy cow "beauty is as beauty does." The fat and sleek dairy cow doesn't do the handsome thing. The scraggy, bony cow does. Therefore she is the real dairy beauty.

The grape has more sugar in it than any other fruit, nearly 15 parts in 100 being sugar. The peach has least, only 1½ per cent.



The Care of Brooms.

Brooms that are clogged with dust, hair and threads cannot do effective service; they should be kept clean, if you wish them to sweep clean.

Keep a pailful of warm suds in the sink every sweeping day, and as often as the broom becomes dusty take it to the sink, dip it up and down in the pail, shake well and continue the sweeping; then, when all is swept, wash it once more before putting it away. Not only will the broom wear longer, the suds toughening the splinters, but the carpet will look brighter.

Many use a sprinkling of salt before sweeping; while it brings out the color, it gathers dampness.

Do not sweep from one side of the broom alone; it will wear uneven and shorten its life.

Carpet sweepers should be freed from dust and threads before being put away, and, as the brush wears off, it should be lowered a trifle. A very little oil will stop the squeaking of the wheels.

Cooking Vegetables.

Be economical. Steam or boil potatoes in their skins.

Lay all greens in cold, salted water before cooking.

Boil greens fast with the lid off, and skim well.

Drain well and serve hot.

Throw water in which cabbage has been cooked outside the house, if possible, not down the sink.

All root vegetables, except beets and onions, are scrubbed.

After peeling or scraping, lay vegetables in cold water to keep the color. The proportion of salt added to the water should be one teaspoonful to two quarts of water.

Turn all vegetable parings.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Orange Fritters.

Make a nice light batter with one-half pound of flour, one-half ounce of butter, half a teaspoonful of salt, two eggs and sufficient milk to give the proper consistency, which would be about one pint; peel the oranges and divide each into eight pieces without breaking the thin skin; dip each piece into the batter; have ready a pan of boiling lard or clarified dripping; drop the oranges in this and fry them a delicate brown—from eight to ten minutes. When done, lay them on a piece of white blotting paper before the fire to drain away any greasy moisture that may remain; sprinkle them over with white sugar and serve hot.

Sardine Sandwiches.

Sardine sandwiches may be made with bread or crackers. Drain off the oil; lay the sardines on soft paper to absorb all the oil possible. Pick over with silver knife and fork, removing the bones, etc., and mincing fine. For a box of sardines, use the juice of a small lemon, and one or two teaspoonfuls of melted butter, a speck of cayenne pepper and salt. Sometimes the mixture is rubbed through a sieve, but that is not necessary in every case. Spread the bread or crackers with this paste. Oil would be preferred to melted butter by many, and sometimes a slice of ripe tomato is put in each sandwich.

Jumbles.

Cream half cup of butter; add one cupful of granulated sugar; beat the yolks and whites of two eggs separately; add them to the sugar and butter, with one teaspoonful of vanilla or lemon extract; then stir in enough flour to make a soft dough; toss on a floured board; roll out a small piece at a time and cut in rounds with a tin cutter and stamp out the center; place them on a slightly floured pan; brush over with the white of egg and sprinkle with granulated sugar; bake in a modern oven a light color.

Caramel Mousse.

Stir a cupful of granulated sugar in a saucepan over the fire, constantly, until the caramel stage is reached; add gradually a cup of hot milk and stir over boiling water until the caramel is dissolved, then add a rounding teaspoon of gelatine soaked in two tablespoons of cold water and half a cup of sugar. Strain into a pan, chill and add whipped cream, flavor with vanilla and freeze. Garnish with whipped cream and sprinkle macaroon crumbs over all.

Lemon Pie.

One cupful of sugar, one heaping teaspoonful of flour, two eggs (reserving one white for frosting), the grated rind and juice of one lemon; beat thoroughly, and pour on one cupful of boiling water; cook in a double pan; line the pan with your crust and bake quickly, then pour in the lemon custard, pour the frosting over it, return to oven and brown.

Stuffed Ham.

Cut out a piece from the thick part of the ham as square as possible. Take a strong skewer half an inch in diameter; pierce the meat full of holes, and fill with a dressing such as is made for turkey. Tie in a thick cloth and boil from three to four hours. After it is cool, cut into thin slices for the table.

Stewed Dates.

Break the dates apart, wash in cold, then in hot water, drain them and cover with cold water; cook until tender—a very few minutes—take out the fruit, add a little sugar to the water and boil five minutes, pour over the dates and set away to get cold.

NEKOOSA.

The entertainment given by the children of the Nekoosa public schools at Brook's hall Monday evening, March 17th, was largely attended and was pronounced a success. The programme being carefully selected was both interesting and amusing and among the numerous recitations were several good pieces of advice. Miss Minnie Mankie gave the audience some good advice in German. Miss Elva Hinkly gave a recitation in negro dialect which was heartily applauded. The proceeds which amounted to twenty dollars are to be used to pay for and buy new library books for the school. All who attended the entertainment report a very enjoyable time.

Wm. Harrison died on March 13th at the age of 86 years. Deceased was an old settler in this section and is survived by a wife and six children, the only one of these residing in this place is Mrs. Frank Crancy.

The baseball boys intend to fence in their ball grounds the coming season and, as their games have always been well attended, they will then reap some benefit hereafter.

—Watch for the grand opening on Monday March 24, 1902. The People's Supply Store. M. H. Goldstein proprietor.

The Mystic Workers gave an entertainment at Brook's hall on Thursday evening last, which was well attended.

—When you wake up with a bad taste in your mouth, you may know that you need a dose of Chamberlain's stomach and liver tablets. They will cleanse your stomach, improve your appetite and make you feel like a new man. They are easy to take, being sugar coated and pleasant in effect. For sale by Johnson & Hill Co. and Wood County Drug Co.

RUDOLPH.

Joe Provost, who was employed in the woods up north during the past winter, is now at home. He reported that he was seriously ill with the small-pox and thought he was going to die but we all see that jolly Joe is living yet.

Mr. and Mrs. Hurbert of Stevens Point were here on Monday and Tuesday on business and at the same time were visiting their old friends, perhaps for the last time, for they intend to move east in the near future.

Louis Weyers is doing a good business in his new store. Prompt attention is given to the customers as he has good pleasant clerks.

Mr. and Mrs. Mose Sharkey were in Grand Rapids Tuesday shopping, they bought considerable furniture while there.

Allen Richard and his sister Rose of Merrill are visiting friends and relatives in this burg this week.

Oliver Akey and Owen Oliver of Waukesha were in the county seat on Tuesday transacting business.

Miss Laura Akey was in Grand Rapids this week visiting with her sister-in-law, Mrs. Louis Akey.

Miss Layonnais was the guest of Mrs. Geo. Grignon at Grand Rapids, Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Orren Rayome are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Rayome this week.

Miss Laura Raymond of Plover is the guest of Miss Laura Lavaque this week.

The Vice of Nagging.

Clouds the happiness of the home but a nagging woman often needs help. She may be so nervous and run-down in health that trifles annoy her. If she is melancholy, excitable, troubled with loss of appetite, headache, sleeplessness, constipation or fainting and dizzy spells, she needs Electric Bitters, the most wonderful remedy for ailing women. Thousands of sufferers from female troubles, nervous troubles, backache and weak kidneys have used it, and become healthy and happy. Try it. Only 50c at John E. Daly's. Satisfaction guaranteed.

CRANMOOR.

Mrs. Grimshaw has gone to Minnesota to see a sick relative whose recovery is very doubtful. A niece of Mr. Grimshaw's from Pittsville is here and will probably remain with the family during Mrs. Grimshaw's absence.

Clinton Kruger came from Babcock Friday afternoon expecting to stay with his people till Monday. A severe attack of asthma kept him here until the middle of the week.

C. S. Whittlesey of Grand Rapids and C. A. Jasperson of Port Edwards took the Monday morning train after spending Sunday with their Cranmoor friends.

S. N. Whittlesey transacted business at the county seat Thursday. The sick in the family are slowly recovering from their recent illness.

Miss Dorothy Fitch was a caller at the Kruger and Whittlesey homes Tuesday and resumed her duties at Nekoosa Wednesday.

Messrs. James Gaylor and Jacob Emmerich were making business calls in the neighborhood Wednesday and Thursday.

Edward Kruger was a Babcock visitor Tuesday and Mr. Grimshaw visited the same town Wednesday.

Thomas Rezin was a business visitor at Grand Rapids last Saturday going up on the early morning train.

Dr. Waters came down on the noon train Saturday being called to see the sick at the Whittlesey home.

I. W. Fitch drove to Nekoosa Saturday and was accompanied home by his sister Dorothy.

Danger of Colds and LaGrippe.

The greatest danger from colds and la grippe is their resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used, however, and Chamberlain's cough remedy taken, all danger will be avoided. Among the tens of thousands who have used this remedy for these diseases, we have yet to learn of a single case having resulted in pneumonia, which shows conclusively that it is a certain preventive of that dangerous malady. It will cure a cold or an attack of la grippe in less time than any other treatment. It is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by Johnson & Hill Co.

BABCOCK.

Who will say that Wood county is not fast becoming noted for the rapidity with which it is being settled? Nearly every day dozens of men go thru here on their way to take land north of here in this county. Hardly a day goes by now without some real estate changing hands here also.

John J. O'Reilly returned on Friday from a trip to Hancock whither he had gone on business. It will be remembered that Mr. O'Reilly has been very sick for some weeks but he is just beginning to feel like himself once more.

L. M. Addelman went north to Minocqua on No. 5 Friday to help pick up a wreck that recently occurred between Minocqua and Star Lake. After a long hard job, he completed his labors and returned home on No. 2 Sunday.

The ladies of the Catholic church gave a basket social at the Oakland parlors on Monday evening. The affair was most successful in every way; the proceeds footing up to about \$52.

Some new apparatus for the schools arrived on Monday. Among the lot were eight large maps in single roller cases, a large eight day clock and some waste paper baskets.

The school track team is training daily when the weather permits. The outlook for a good team, at present, is very good.

Prin. C. W. Jenkins and Miss Laura Emmons spent Saturday and Sunday at their respective homes in Grand Rapids.

Miss Belle Akey was on the sick list Friday and Saturday. She was able to attend to her school duties again on Monday.

Miss May Daniels spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents at Daly. She returned to school on Monday.

Mrs. John Close has been indisposed for a day or so but is feeling much better at this writing.

T. F. Cummings made a business trip to Armenia on Thursday last. He was looking up land.

Fireman Disper made a trip to Milwaukee, returning on Monday.

Latest advices from the Hemlock, the "Sages" are coming.

Amos Griffith is again at work for W. F. Noltner.

Women and Jewels.

Jewels, candy, flowers, man—that is the order of a woman's preferences. Jewels form a magnet of mighty power to the average woman. Even that greatest of all jewels, health, is often ruined in the strenuous efforts to make or save the money to purchase them. If a woman will risk her health to get a coveted gem, then let her fortify herself against the insidious consequences of coughs, colds and bronchial affections by the regular use of Dr. Boschee's German Syrup. It will promptly arrest consumption in its early stages and heal the affected lungs and bronchial tubes and drive the dread disease from the system. It is not a cure-all, but it is a certain cure for coughs, colds, and all bronchial troubles. You can get Dr. G. G. Green's reliable remedies at Johnsons & Hill Co.'s drug department. Get Green's Special Almanac.

VESPER.

At a meeting of the Lutheran church trustees on Sunday it was decided to again start the work of erecting the church in this village. The foundation for the structure was built last fall, when work was discontinued. While no contract has been entered into it is understood that Jacob Bord will do the work.

Among those who transacted business in the city during the past week are Misses Nellie Victory, May and Vinnie White, Lena Otto, Mrs. P. J. Flanagan, Ed. Flanagan, Albert Frederickson, Jos. Cezie, John Wosnan, C. S. Johnson, Bert Spencer and Joseph White.

Farmers and others in this section are doing just as little traveling as possible owing to the rough condition of the roads, which have been well nigh impassable since the recent freeze.

P. Flanagan sold out his saloon last week to Antone Sparks. Mr. Flanagan has conducted a saloon in Vesper for the last seventeen years and thinks it is time to take a rest.

Will Moody purchased of C. R. Goldsworthy the building known as the old sleeping shanty. Mr. Moody intends to occupy the same by the 1st of May.

Miss May White, teacher in school district No. 3, town of Arpin is having a week's vacation on account of muddy roads.

Miss Bertha Rozell of Grand Rapids visited friends in Vesper the past week.

Antone Sparks moved into one of the J. Q. Rotes buildings on Saturday. Mr. Yerkey moved his household goods to Marshfield on Thursday.

Dan Keenan of Hanson was a business caller in Vesper on Tuesday.

\$100 Reward \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh. Hall's catarrh cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's catarrh cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer \$100 for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists 75c. Hall's Family pills are the best.

GENERAL COUNTY.

Christian Bock who resided near Pittsville, killed himself on Saturday by hanging himself in the barn. The man was 68 years old and had been sick for a year or more and it is thought the act was the result of his lengthy sickness. He climbed to the barn of his son-in-law, G. S. Swatzka, with whom he lived and tying the rope about his neck and then to the ring of a ladder and jumped from the mow.

SIGEL.

Last Wednesday a number of Sigel and Rudolph farmers met at James Rouban's corner to consider the possibility of putting in a creamery at their place. The old saying that ten farmers cannot agree to undertake an enterprise was nicely illustrated in result of this meeting, for after having talked it over two hours the meeting broke up without having decided anything except that ten farmers can never agree in any matters of business. All of the men at this meeting clearly saw the benefits to be derived from a creamery but they could not agree about locating it. Most of the people present at this meeting were in favor of locating it on the S. E. corner of James Rouban's field, but a small minority wished to have it a half a mile north of that place. After the meeting had broken up a few of the farmers considered a proposition offered by one of them, but what will be the outcome of it can not be predicted. One thing is certain, however and that is, that a creamery run by an honest and competent man, is a necessity.

The funeral of Simon Kronholm, a highly respected resident of this town, occurred at the Lutheran church on Tuesday of last week. Rev. Setter of Bessemer, Mich., officiating. Mr. Kronholm was 56 years of age and had been a resident of this town since '83. He leaves a wife and four children, they being Mrs. E. M. Worlund, Miss Hannah Kronholm and Edward and Emanuel Kronholm.

We thought, last week, that we could begin to sow our grain this week, but the "cold snap" we had Sunday and Monday dashed our thoughts away.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Youskow spent Tuesday and Wednesday in the Rapids visiting friends and relatives.

Miss Marie Hoffman spent Sunday here she returned on Monday to resume her work with Mrs. Brown.

Mrs. Pagel who died last Thursday afternoon was buried Tuesday at 10 o'clock, Rev. Baese officiating.

Misses Rose and Matilda Youskow visited with their sister, Mrs. J. T. Johnston for a few days.

There are suspicions of a number of weddings after Easter, so we may as well get ready for them.

Miss Annie Heiser departed for Westfield to visit with her aunt for a week or two.

C. Heiser, Sr., spent Saturday evening at the Youskow home.

Miss Clara Youskow visited with her parents over Sunday.

Pneumonia can be Prevented.

This disease always results from a cold or an attack of the grip and may be prevented by the timely use of Chamberlain's cough remedy. This remedy was extensively used during the epidemics of la grippe of the past few years and not a single case has ever been reported that did not recover or that resulted in pneumonia, which shows it to be a certain preventive of that dangerous disease. For sale by Johnson & Hill Co.

MARSHFIELD.

[From the News.]

James Forestal, who is employed at the Omaha roundhouse, was killed on Monday evening by getting beneath the wheels of a train at the Central crossing. The man tried to cross the track while it was occupied by a train when the engine started and he was knocked to the ground and bruised so seriously by the brake beam that he died in an hour. A companion with him saw his predicament and tried to pull him out but did not succeed.

Hon. Frank A. Cady, whose contemplated removal from the city has been mentioned in these columns, transferred his household goods to Grand Rapids yesterday morning. The fact that he will maintain his law office here under the firm name of Cady & Tscharnier will necessitate frequent visits to Marshfield. Mr. Cady and family take with them the best wishes of a large circle of friends.

Edw. Lynch of Grand Rapids, circulated among his many friends here the latter part of last week. He states that the early breakup reduced his log output to about 75 per cent of the usual cut.

J. W. Cameron of Milwaukee, one of the directors of the First National bank of this city spent Saturday here on business.

Guy Nash of Grand Rapids visited friends here last Friday on his way home from a northern trip.

Register of Deeds E. A. Upham was a Marshfield visitor last Saturday.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50 cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25 cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded. JOHNSON & HILL CO. JOHN E. DALY.

ALTDORF.

Miss Harriet Wipfli intends to leave for Maunston Friday where she will spend a few weeks visiting relatives.

Services were held in the Catholic church here by the Rev. Father Van Severn of Rudolph.

Miss Lena Fayer of Grand Rapids spent the week with her parents here.

Can't Keep It Secret.

The splendid work of Dr. King's New Life pills is daily coming to light. No such grand remedy for liver and bowel troubles was ever known before. Thousands bless them for curing constipation, sick headache, biliousness, jaundice and indigestion. Try them. 25c at John E. Daly's drug store.

PILES CAN NOT BE CURED

CUTLER'S COMBINED TREATMENT CURE is the only cure that combines internal and external treatment and cures in 3 to 5 days. B No. 1—For Men, Internally, 25c B No. 2—For Men, Externally, 25c B No. 3—For Women, Wash, 25c SAFE AND SURE CURE GUARANTEED. Send 2c for treatise. Sold by all Druggists, or sent on receipt of price by CLARK MEDICINE CO., Chicago, Ill.

F. C. and American Beauty Corsets



Will satisfy the demands of the most fastidious.

This guarantee with every pair: "Money refunded after four weeks' trial if corset is not satisfactory"

Look for these Trade Marks—the signs of quality—on label of box and on inside of corset.



Kalamazoo Corset Co. MAKERS Kalamazoo, Michigan.

SOLD BY MILWAUKEE CHEAP STORE.

WHERE PURITY IS PARAMOUNT

A thoroughly competent and experienced farmer, concentrating his entire energies on a piece of rich, fertile soil, will find his efforts absolutely without result if his seed is not right.

A striking parallel is found in medicine. Though you engage the service of a skilled and experienced physician, his prescription may as well be thrown in the fire as prepared with poor quality or impure drugs; yes, better that it should be burned than what was intended to give health should injure it. The good of a doctor's prescription depends entirely upon how it is dispensed and the quality of the drugs used.

When We Speak of Our Pharmacy

as "where Purity is Paramount" it is not merely for the sake of euphony. Drugs of doubtful purity or anything but first quality can never find a place in the bottles on our shelves. We take our business seriously as one on which, in many cases, life or death depends. We have made absolute accuracy take the place of the guess work and eye measure of the careless druggist.

Johnson & Hill Co., DRUG DEPARTMENT.

REAL ESTATE.

I have a number of desirable houses for sale. Either side of the river. If you are looking for a home, come and see me. I may have just what you want.

C. S. Whittlesey

Office over bank of Grand Rapids.

..NEW..

Harness Shop.

Across from Johnson & Hill Company's. In-building with U. S. Express office.

All New Stock.

I invite all my old customers to call and see me. Everything in the line of harnesses and repairing.

V. X. LANDRY

YOUR EASTER SUIT AND OVERCOAT

The most important garment in the Easter wardrobe is the Suit, next the light weight Overcoat, then the Hat and furnishings to be rightly attired. No detail should be neglected. Easter preparations must be made this week. Are you going to appear in Spring Togs? Here they are. New Spring Suits, New Spring Overcoats, the swell long coat or the box, a veritable flower garden of New Spring Neckwear, Fancy Hosiery etc., at economy prices. It will not be our fault if you don't look right Easter Sunday.

\$15.00 For Suits the round front Sack as illustrated or square front sack or 3 button cutaway, just what suits your build or your taste, made from imported Clay, Black, Blue, Dark Mixture, Light Mixture, Stripes and Check Easter Suits lined with durable linings. Extreme or modest cut made by skilled hands and finished right up to the top notch.

\$13.00 For Stylish cut and well made, just a little less value in the fabric and a little less value in the linings than the \$15.00 Suits. Your satisfaction guaranteed in the fabric, fit and finish, the price is dollars in your pocket compared with any other ready-to-wear.

\$10 An assortment of Business Sack Suits, in Fancy Cheviots and Cassimeres, also Black and Blue Clay Worsted. The United States is a big country but you may search the whole country in vain for equals of these at the price.

\$7.50 For \$7.50 we will save you \$2.72. We mean by that the suits we sell at that price, fabric fit and finish considered, will be found on many counters in the market and sold for \$2.72 more than our price. We make it a point to give more for the \$7.50 than anyone else.

\$5 The tables containing these suits represent many values. Some ought to be \$7, some \$10, the reason they are \$5 is that they represent odd patterns, odd sizes and ends of certain assortments. If your size is here and there are lots of them, the bargain wise can do some interesting buying.

Spring Overcoats.

Those who wear a short one, a medium light or a long and full coat will all be in style this spring and in all these styles our assortment of Coverts, Cheviots, Worsted Viennas is a wonder, they will sell at **\$7.00, \$10, \$15, \$20.**

Separate Trousers.

If we told you the number of pairs we have, the variety of styles, the greatness of our assortment you would think we fibbed. Watch our doings in trousers **\$1.00 to \$7.00** per pair.

Boys' Easter.

Don't disappoint the little fellows at Easter. That is the time of all the year that they take the most delight in new clothes. Bring them here, we can clothe the little fellows so that their appearance will be up-to-date at Cost the smallest item in the transaction.

They're made Vestee style, age 3 to 10. Double breasted style age 8 to 16 and single breasted three piece styles age 10 to 16, prices are **\$1 to \$7.**

Men's Hats for Easter.

Some men prefer a high crown, others a low crown. The high crown will look just right on some men while on others comical. It's our peculiar knack of knowing how to hat men correctly, that is why our store is the Mecca for Hats.

We are showing all the newest shapes and colorings in Derbies and Alpines. Qualities are of the best standard yet withal, our prices are, **50c to \$5.00.**

New Fancy Shirts.

The latest patterns of 1902 just received; figures entirely new at prices that surprise and delight as well as the beauty of the patterns and elegance of the fabrics. These Shirts are made expressly for us and are thoroughly custom made. Prices, 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.25 and \$1.50.

Men's Imported Silk and Satin Neckwear

Is by far the most tempting array we have ever shown. Shapes are Four-in-hands, Ascots, Imperials, Graduate Club, Butterfly and Shield bows.

Any of the above styles are proper. It's all a matter of taste. Prices.....25 and 50c

KRUGER & GAMERON.

GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN.

Hard to Decide.



It is sometimes hard to decide in selecting a pattern for a suit, skirt or jacket: you may not know just the becoming thing. Let the "Palmer Garment" decide the question for you come in here and try on a number of different styles, and look at a variety of fabrics.

If we can't give you a perfect fit, and satisfaction, with what we have here, we'll order for you specially whatever you want.

SUITS, Price \$8 to \$35

JUST UNPACKED

One of the nicest line of Ladies Shirt Waists ever heard of in this part of the country. The Styles are right up to the minute and are the nicest and best for the price to be found anywhere in this section. We just want you to look them over, we will do the rest.

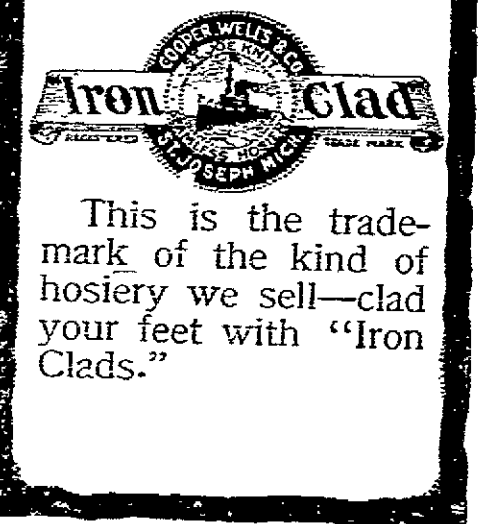
50 Cents to \$7.50

They are Called Iron Clad

BECAUSE they wear like Iron-Clad. You will save a whole lot of money in the course of a year if you use the Iron Clad brand of hosiery on the whole family. Try a pair and compare them with others that cost the same amount.



One of the lines we are proudest of is our hosiery—hosiery for men, women, boys and misses.



This is the trademark of the kind of hosiery we sell—clad your feet with "Iron Clads."

SHOES.

This is just one of our long suits. Shoes for gentlemen, for ladies, for Misses for children, in fact every member of the family. We handle the

Douglas and Queen Quality

You don't need any talk to convince you of their merits.

Your Spring Suit

Can be bought of us at less money than it costs to have a tailor measure you. We always have the best on earth in this line.

JOHNSON & HILL CO.

Largest Distributors in Wood County.

WANT MANUAL TRAINING.

Ladies Making Effort to Have Course in New School.

When the new high school building is completed there will be rooms in the building which can be devoted to the studies of manual training and domestic science. It was not the intention of the school commissioners to introduce the two courses into the curriculum of the school at once, however, owing to the fact that there are indications that the commissioners will be at the end of their rope from a financial standpoint when the building is finished.

For some time past the ladies of the city have taken more than a passing interest in the matter and they have determined that if their assistance will be of use to the commissioners they are ready and willing to do all in their power to help the matter along.

The matter started by a meeting of the three women's clubs of the city at which there were papers and discussions on the subject, and when the meeting was over the ladies had resolved that if their co-operation would help the matter along, it would be forthcoming.

There has been some objection from persons in the city concerning introducing the courses into the school at all, but it would seem that this came mostly from people who have not taken the trouble to look at the matter from all the different standpoints and are prejudiced almost without reason.

Altho manual training for boys and domestic science for girls are new courses for this city, there are institutions where they have been in operation for two or more decades, and they have been found to equal any of the other studies commonly taught in school for fitting the young for the battle of life.

The ladies have been about town with petitions which have been presented to the citizens for their signatures. These petitions were for the purpose of obtaining the sentiment of the representative people of the town. The lists are not complete, but so far as they have been circulated, the action of the ladies has been heartily endorsed. If this sentiment continues in favor of the movement the ladies propose, thru their efforts, to furnish the rooms of the new high school which are to be used for the study of manual training and domestic science, so that almost immediately after the building is occupied for school purposes these studies can be taken up with the rest.

From data gathered by the ladies it has been decided that the paraphernalia for the rooms will cost somewhere between \$700 and \$800. This amount the ladies propose to raise by contributions and entertainments of different kinds and they are confident that they could accomplish their object in a very short time.

It was thru the efforts of the ladies that Professor Harvey was induced to lecture in the city, and the many who listened to his discourse were not only well pleased but also much enlightened on the subject.

County Court.

The following matters were heard at the session of the county court on Tuesday, Judge W. J. Conway presiding:

In relation to the guardianship of the minor heirs of Margaretta Specht. Inventory of estate of said heirs filed.

In relation to the sale of real estate of Gustave Dahlke, incompetent. Order confirming agreement of sale and directing conveyance made, signed and filed.

In relation to the estate of David Fawcett, deceased. Petition for letters of administration filed. Guardian ad litem appointed for minor heirs. Notice of letters of administration.

In relation to the estate of Simon Kronholm, deceased. Petition for letters of administration filed. Guardian ad litem for minor heirs appointed. Notice for application for letters of administration signed and filed.

Examining Employees.

The C. & N. W. company recently adopted a new book of rules to go into effect on the entire system. Employees from passenger conductors to section foremen, were supplied with books which they have been diligently studying for the past two weeks. Examinations will be held at Kaukauna until all have had an opportunity to attend. For the passenger conductors there are nearly 400 questions which must be answered in writing. These cover all sorts of emergencies and are for the better protection of the traveling public and the company's property, in order that accidents may be reduced to a minimum from the fact that all employees will be thoroughly familiar with their business.

Services at St. John's Church.

Palm Sunday: Celebration of the Eucharist in the Chapel at 7:30 a. m.

Maundy Thursday: Celebration of the Eucharist in the Chapel at 7:30 a. m.

Good Friday: Morning prayer and litany at 10:30 a. m.

The Chapel will be open all day for those desiring to have quiet for private devotions and meditation on that most Holy Mystery of the Cross. Easter day: Celebration of the Eucharist at 7:30 and 10:30 a. m.

Lockjaw from Cobwebs.

Cobwebs put on a cut lately gave a woman lockjaw. Millions know that the best thing to put on a cut is Bucklen's Arnica salve, the infallible healer of wounds, ulcers, sores, skin eruptions, burns, scalds and piles. It cures or no pay. Only 25c at John E. Daly's.

New Assessment Blanks.

Supervisor of Assessment Cochran received some new blanks from the state tax commission this week. The new blanks are for the use of assessors throughout the county and are made to conform with the assessment laws as they exist today. Heretofore the assessors have been doing their work on blanks that were based on laws that were passed thirty years ago, and were consequently sadly out of date.

Among the new blanks are two forms for personal property statement. Also a new form of assessment roll showing the amount fixed by the assessor, with and without improvements as well as the valuation as fixed by the board of review. There is also a new form of personal property assessment roll, so that all of the blanks that the assessor uses are right up to date. Assessors in the county are warned to use the new forms in making their assessments, as it may save them a whole lot of work.

DATE HAS BEEN SET.

Home Talent Minstrel will occur on April 15.

Manager Joe Corriveau and his assistants have set the date for the home talent minstrel for the fifteenth of April and should nothing intervene that is not now known of the entertainment will be one to be long remembered.

The entertainment will be one out of the ordinary, as there will be a liberal sprinkling of the fair sex to relieve the monotony of the ordinary minstrel show.

The four end men will be the blackest of black face artists and will be Joe Corriveau, Charles Pomainville and the Babcock brothers, all of whom have been before the public eye and proven themselves to entertainers par excellence. Two of the end "men" will be of the male persuasion and two females.

Pet Crotteau will represent John D. Rockefeller; Floyd Moore, J. Pierpont Morgan; Ed Armstrong, Wm. K. Vanderbilt; Jessie Hoppood, Prince Henry and Charles Laramie as Admiral Schley will be interlocutor for the occasion. Among the females will be Helen Gould taken by Curtis Crotteau, Miss Roosevelt by Albert Marceau, Miss Rothschild by Henry Wakley and Miss Leiter by W. A. Slingerland.

This array of illustrious personages will make up the first part, with a good supply of songs ballads and jokes, all of which will be up to day after tomorrow. The boys are already practicing their various work where ever it is possible to do so, and songs and music are being prepared as rapidly as possible.

The second part will be an olio of good things from the jokers standpoint, with a lot of music thrown in for good measure. There will be a vocal quartet composed of Podawiltz, Crotteau, Corriveau and LaBrecche, a musical team with Colcord and Robinson. Miscell and his sparring partner, Hit Hard Clark, will give an exhibition of the manly art of self defense for the amusement of the spectators.

Maunna Katzenjammer will be represented by Marcell McCarthy while Dick Crotteau and Russ Wasser will impersonate the two boys whose antics are ever bringing them to grief. Alphonse and Gaston will be on deck in the persons of Curtis Crotteau and Albert Marceau and Charley Laramie will do the Happy Hooligan act. Pet Crotteau will be the policeman and there will also be selections of the contortionist variety by Fred Aucutt. Originality and fun is the object aimed at by the boys, and from the indications they will succeed in their efforts.

Society and Club Notices.

The M. W. K. club will meet next Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. C. M. Renne.

The Historical and Literary society will meet on Tuesday evening with Mrs. A. L. Fontaine.

The Entre Nous club will meet on Wednesday next with Mrs. Brown.

The Ladies Aid society of the First Congregational church of the west side will meet Wednesday with Mrs. E. C. Rossier.

The Woman's Club will be entertained next Thursday evening by Mesdames Harvey and Gaynor at the residence of Mrs. Gaynor.

The Ladies' Aid society of the M. E. church of east side will meet next Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Lambertson.

The Ladies' Aid society of the M. E. church, west side, will meet on Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Reilly.

Summer Dairy School.

A summer term has been added to the instruction given at the Wisconsin Dairy school. Students are admitted to this course at any time during the spring and summer after March 1st 1902. They are expected to remain at least ten weeks altho they may continue the work longer if desired. No previous experience in dairy work is required for admission to this course, which is intended for beginners or for persons with little practical knowledge of creamery or dairy work. While some lectures will be given, nearly all of the students' time will be occupied in the work of the various departments under the supervision of the instructors. Quizzes and examinations will be held to determine the progress being made by the students. For further information concerning the Dairy School address E. H. Farrington, Madison, Wis.

—FOR SALE—200 egg incubator, new, best make, cost \$25, will sell for \$15. Also new bone grinder, cost \$7.50 will sell for \$5. Inquire of O. W. GOTHKE.

OFFICERS NOMINATED.

Caucuses well Attended Throughout the City.

The ward caucuses were held in the different parts of the city on Monday evening and the number of votes polled indicate that they were pretty generally better attended than usual on such occasions. The following officers were put in nomination.

First ward—Supervisor, E. P. Arpin; alderman, tie between J. B. Arpin and Frank Billmyre; delegates to city convention, Dave Kammerer, B. J. Closuit and E. I. Philieo.

Second ward—Supervisor, T. W. Brazeau; alderman, E. Metzger; delegates, C. A. Podawiltz, H. Abel and F. L. Seib.

Third ward—Supervisor, Wm. Scott; alderman, F. W. Kruger; delegates, Frazer Johnson, John E. Daly, G. W. Davis.

Fourth ward—Supervisor, Geo. T. Rowland; alderman, tie between M. S. Pratt and A. Bunde; delegates, Frank Cameron, A. Bunde and J. Rickman.

Fifth ward—Supervisor, Ira Bassett; alderman, Wm. Otto; delegates, F. Bossert, C. Anthover and A. N. Palmer.

Sixth ward—Supervisor, D. D. Conway; alderman, C. F. Kellogg; delegates, F. H. Jackson, M. G. Gordon and D. D. Conway.

Seventh ward—Supervisor, L. M. Nash; alderman, E. C. Rossier; delegates, J. Crotteau, M. McCarthy and Dr. F. Pomainville.

Eighth ward—Supervisor, Nels Johnson; alderman, H. S. Boles; delegates, S. Preston, Dr. A. L. Ridgman and Ben Hansen.

At the convention on Wednesday evening there were twenty-three delegates present out of twenty-four and there seemed to be a great unanimity as to who should be the nominees.

D. D. Conway was elected temporary chairman Dr. F. Pomainville temporary secretary of the meeting and these were afterward made permanent.

On the informal ballot for mayor, W. E. Wheelan received 22 votes and Dr. A. L. Ridgman 1. On motion the ballot was declared formal.

For city treasurer M. W. Mosher received 22 votes and Albert Bunde one. This ballot was also declared formal.

On the informal ballot for assessor, B. G. Chaudos received the entire 23 votes and the ballot was made formal.

On the informal ballot for justice of the peace Bert Brown received 11 votes, T. J. Cooper 10, L. Kroner 1 and J. Crotteau 1. On the formal ballot Brown received 12 votes and Cooper 11 and Brown was declared the nominee of the convention.

The following committee was appointed: Dave Kammerer, C. A. Podawiltz, John E. Daly, A. Bunde, M. O. Potter, M. G. Gordon, M. McCarthy and Scott Payne.

Prof. Harvey Lectures.

The lecture given by Prof. L. D. Harvey on Friday evening on the subjects of Manual training and Domestic science was well attended by an appreciative audience. The number present indicated that there are a large part of our citizens who are interested in these studies and have a desire to become more conversant with them. The movement in favor of these two branches has become so unanimous that there is not much doubt of their being established when the new school is built.

Nominations at Pittsville.

The following officers were nominated at Pittsville on Wednesday at a citizen's convention:

Mayor—L. E. Coliccia.

Treasurer—Edw. Hogen.

Assessor—Nels Covey.

Supervisors—1st ward, Geo. Brown; 2d ward, Mr. Clark; 3d ward, C. E. Fero.

Aldermen—1st ward, John Wower, Pat Kehoe; 2d ward, Geo. Knister, Fred Nichols; 3d ward, W. Jensen, Ferre Case.

Some Wisconsin Weather.

The past week has been a remarkable one in a winter of remarkable weather. A cool wind blew out of the west on Saturday night and by the following morning mercury was hovering around the zero mark with a gale blowing. The cold weather stuck until Monday night when the wind went down and prognosticators of spring began to take courage. Since that time there has been nothing to complain of.

Government to Investigate.

New York Fruit Trade Journal—"Philadelphia Record" says the U. S. department of agriculture "is planning to build a cranberry bog about half an acre in extent on a portion of the Arlington farm, recently turned over to it for an experimental station. On this investigations will be pursued into 'cranberry scald,' a disease which is threatening with extermination the cranberry industry of New Jersey, New York and New England and which is slowly spreading into still other parts of the country."

Mrs. Charles Pagel.

Mrs. Charles Pagel, a resident of the town of Sigel, died on Thursday of last week and was buried on Monday. The deceased was an old resident of the town and eighty years of age. She leaves a husband, who is eighty-one years old and six children, they being, Herman Pagel of Montana, Albert Pagel of S. Dakota, Mrs. F. C. Henke of Sigel, Mrs. John Henke of Sigel, Mrs. C. Kaulman of Grand Rapids and Mrs. John Weber who resides in Iowa.

If You Could Look

into the future and see the condition to which your cough, if neglected, will bring you, you would seek relief at once—and that naturally would be through

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

Guaranteed to cure Consumption, Bronchitis, Troubles, Cures Coughs and Colds in a day. 25 cents. Write to S. C. WELLS & CO., Le Roy, N. Y., for free trial bottle.

Karl's Clover Root Tea purifies the Blood

EAST SIDE

A No. 1 Brick Cream, all flavors, per gallon \$1.50

A No. 1 Bulk Cream, all flavors, per gallon \$1.00

Ice Cream Parlors

We make cream as good as the best—not better—that describes our ice cream. Cream on sale every day in the year.

G. W. DAVIS.

GEO. W. BAKER,

Funeral Director and Licensed Embalmer.

All business intrusted to my care will have prompt and careful attention. A qualified lady assistant. Special attention given to night calls.

Telephone 313. Center St. East Side. GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.

Abstracts of Title

If you are negotiating a loan on, or selling your city lots or your acreage, you will need a correct Abstract of Title.

C. E. BOLES,
CENTRALIA, WIS.

CALL AT COURT HOUSE OR TELEPHONE 224.

Notice of Application to Vacate Parts of the Town Plat of Remington, Wood County, Wis.

To Whom It May Concern—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have filed a petition in the circuit court of Wood County, Wisconsin, asking for the vacating of all that part and those parts of the "town plat of Remington, Wood Co., Wisconsin" of which they are the proprietors and the streets, high ways and alleys opposite to and adjoining said lands and of which petitioners, are the proprietors and not now in actual use for highway purposes.

Notice is further hereby given that the undersigned will, on May 12th, 1902, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the court house in the city of Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wis., apply to the said circuit court to vacate each and every and all parcels, blocks, lots and parts of lots and in said town plat of Remington, Wood Co., Wis. of which the undersigned are owners and proprietors either in common or in severalty and also all streets and alleys adjoining said blocks, lots and parcels and parcels so vacated, not now in use for highway purposes. Said petition is on file in the office of the clerk of said court and said plat is recorded in Vol. 2 of Plats on page 15 in the office of the Register of Deeds of said Wood County and both are here referred to for more particularity.

Dated March 11th, 1902.

AMANDA H. CLEVELAND,
HENRY C. REMINGTON,
B. G. CHANDOS,
By B. M. Vaughan their Attorney.

Notice of Judicial Election.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, ss
WOOD COUNTY.

Notice is hereby given that at the judicial election, to be held in the several towns, wards, villages and election districts in Wood county, state of Wisconsin, on the first Tuesday of April A. D. 1902, being the first day of said month, the following officer is to be elected to-wit:

A circuit judge for the seventh judicial circuit, consisting of the counties of Adams, Portage, Waupaca, Waushara and Wood, in place of Honorable Charles M. Webb, whose term will expire on the first Monday in January, A. D. 1903.

Said election shall be held and conducted, votes canvassed and returns made in accordance with law.

Given under my hand and official seal at Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, this 24th day of February, A. D. 1902.

E. S. RENNE, County Clerk.

Notice of City Election.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, ss
WOOD COUNTY,
CITY OF GRAND RAPIDS, ss

To the Electors of the said City of Grand Rapids:

Notice is hereby given that the ensuing city election is to be held in the several wards and voting precincts of said city of Grand Rapids, on the first Tuesday of April, A. D. 1902, being the first day of said month and year. At said time there will be elected the following city officers, to-wit: A mayor, treasurer, assessor, justice of the peace, one supervisor for each ward and one alderman for each ward of said city.

Further take notice, that the polls of said election will be opened at six o'clock a. m. and close at five o'clock p. m. and will be held in the following voting precincts and places, to-wit:

First Ward—Ed. Mahoney's residence.
Second Ward—Library building.
Third Ward—Grand Army Hall.
Fourth Ward—John Plenke's residence.
Fifth Ward—Waterworks power house.
Sixth Ward—Brainerd Worthington's shop.
Seventh Ward—City Hall.
Eighth Ward—Matthias Nissen's residence.
Dated March 3, A. D. 1902.

M. G. GORDON,
City Clerk of the said City of Grand Rapids,
Wood County, Wisconsin.

MEN NOT YET RESCUED

Tug Unable to Go to Relief of Stranded Fishermen.

MAY HAVE PERISHED.

Families of Missing Fishermen Fear They Were Carried Out on Floating Ice.

Marinette, Wis., March 18.—[Special.]—There is a great deal of anxiety here for the safety of the fifteen Marinette fishermen who were caught in the moving ice Saturday night. The Gagnon, which started out to bring them back, was unable to make the trip on account of the heavy sea, and returned. The tug will make another attempt this afternoon. In the meantime friends and relatives of the missing men, whose whereabouts for a certainty are not known, are in great alarm and making every possible effort to hurry the trip of the tug. Nothing has been heard from the missing men, and it was taken as a matter of course that they had got ashore on Chambers island, but it is likely that they had a hard time of it and some of them may not have made the island. The ice moved unexpectedly and when it started up it was moving along at the rate of about seven miles an hour. A break in the island side of the ice would have made it impossible for the men to land and they would have been carried out into the lake.

EXPLOSION IS FATAL.

Boiler in Mill Near Wausau Blows Up, Wrecking the Plant.

Wausau, Wis., March 18.—[Special.]—At 7 o'clock this morning a terrible explosion occurred at the Garritt mill, about ten miles east of this city, which resulted in the death of three men. The dead are:

GAFFIT, WILLIAM M., owner of the mill, 38 years old; lived fifteen minutes after accident.
GOLDMAN, CASPER, 27 years old. Instantly killed.
DOHOESKI, JOHN, 15 years of age. Instantly killed.

The mill had just started up for the day's run when the accident occurred. The boiler, which was a large one, was driven 600 feet from the mill, wrecking the engine room and striking the three men in its progress, killing two instantly.

About fifteen minutes before the explosion the entire crew of fifteen men were in the engine room warming themselves and had they remained a few minutes longer, hardly one would have escaped injury, for all were crowded near the boiler.

The Dohoeski boy's head was nearly blown from his body and he was otherwise injured. Goldman's skull was fractured on the right side and Garritt's skull was fractured above the right ear and his left arm was broken.

Garritt came here from Damascus, Pa., fifteen years ago and engaged since that time in the lumber business. He leaves a wife and five children.

The cause of the explosion is thought to have been neglect of the water gauge.

DR. EATON AT REST.

Death of a Prominent Physician of Oshkosh.

Oshkosh, Wis., March 18.—[Special.]—The funeral of Dr. Leonidas H. Eaton, a well-known physician of this city, who died Sunday morning after an illness with diabetes and heart disease, took place this afternoon at 1 o'clock. Dr. Eaton was born on a farm in the town of Oshkosh, Winnebago county, September 2, 1849, the son of Jefferson and Jane Brooks Eaton, both of whom were natives of the state of New York. In summer he worked on the farm and in winter attended the district school. During the winter of 1865 and 1869 he was a student in the public schools of this city. He also taught school at about this time. During the winter of 1869 and 1870 he studied medicine in this city. In the fall of 1871 he entered the Medical college at Chicago. Two weeks later he had entered the college was destroyed in the great Chicago fire and he returned to this city and pursued his study of medicine privately. In the meantime the college was rebuilt and he re-entered it in the fall of 1872 and completed a full medical course in 1874. He was city physician in 1882. He was a member of the Knights of Pythias and the Ancient Order of United Workmen and also the Sons of St. George societies. Those who survive him are his brother, M. H. Eaton, and a sister, Mrs. Ellen Neville, both of this city.

DECREASE IN BIRTHS.

Nearly 2000 Less in Wisconsin than During Previous Year.

Madison, Wis., March 18.—According to the returns made by county registers of deeds to Secretary of State Froelich, the total number of births in Wisconsin in 1901 was nearly 2000 less than the preceding year. The greatest decrease was in Winnebago county, which reports a falling of nearly 100 per cent. The number of marriages increased 500 and the deaths 410. All counties in the state except Juneau have made their reports to the secretary of state.

FIGHT WITH BUCK DEER.

Racine Man Badly Wounded by Enraged Animal.

Racine, Wis., March 18.—After fighting thirty minutes with an enraged buck deer, Joseph Shulax, an employee of ex-Mayor M. M. Secor, came out alive, but badly cut and lacerated, and it will be weeks before his wounds are healed. Mr. Secor is the owner of a small zoological garden in which are kept deer and other animals. A large buck got loose in the orchard and Shulax attempted to drive it back into the enclosure.

HENRY J. LAUN DEAD.

Pioneer Sawmill Operator of Kiel Passes Away.

Kiel, Wis., March 18.—[Special.]—Henry John Laun, one of the most prominent citizens of this vicinity and a pioneer of the city of Kiel, passed away at the age of 64 years of apoplexy. He operated one of the first sawmills in this part of the state. He is survived by his wife and four sons, J. B. Laun of this place, Louis Laun of Elkhardt, Henry G. Laun of Waukesha and Alfred A. Laun of New Holstein.

LUMBER BURNS AT ELAND.

Fire Breaks Out in the Yards of the Traffic Company.

Eland, Wis., March 18.—[Special.]—Fire broke out in the lumberyard of the Eland Traffic company, destroying about 500,000 feet of lumber, yesterday. By

ABDUCTED PROFESSOR.

How Madison Teacher Happened to Fall in Love with Rich Seminary Girl.

Binghamton, N. Y., March 18.—[Special.]—The announcement of the marriage of Prof. Clark Landis, formerly of Madison, Wis., to Miss Ethel R. Shearer is the culmination of a romantic abduction on the part of a class of schoolgirls in which the professor was the principal. The freshman class of the Susquehanna seminary had arranged a banquet, with Prof. Landis as toastmaster of the evening. The sophomore girls made an unsuccessful attempt to raid the banquet hall and they did the next best thing.

They abducted the toastmaster, Prof. Landis. He was hurried into a carriage and then driven to a house in an adjacent village, where he was detained for twelve hours. One of his jailers was Miss Shearer, who under these peculiar circumstances met the professor for the first time.

Although he is 38 years old and she is but 18, it was a case of love at first sight, and rather than involve her in any unpleasantness, he refused to make charges against the students who participated in the prank to the faculty.

Miss Shearer is the daughter of a wealthy merchant, but they offered no objection to the union, and Prof. and Mrs. Landis are receiving the congratulations of their classmates and friends.

WILL NOT PAY TAXES.

Racine Company Considers Assessment at Sheboygan Exorbitant and will Fight It.

Sheboygan, Wis., March 18.—[Special.]—Attorney Kearney of Racine addressed the city council last night, giving notice that the company intended contesting the payment of its tax assessment of this year, considering it exorbitant. The company's tax is over \$8000, about \$1000 increase over the year previous.

Meiselschke, Charles, of the Grand Army, gave their first card social last night. Over 300 took part. First prize was won by A. Ottstedt, second by W. Kupsch.

Mrs. Edward Debell led the lady bowlers last night at the Elks alleys, scoring 157.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Tallmadge are in San Francisco.

MURDERED FOR \$12.

Body of Man, Who Had Been Missing Months, Found in River Near Prairie du Chien.

Prairie du Chien, Wis., March 18.—[Special.]—The badly decomposed body of a man was found by hunters in the Mississippi river, a mile below the city. It was identified as Peter Holley, who disappeared suddenly last October from Ahren's dairy farm, where he was employed, and had not been heard from since.

The general impression is that Holley was murdered for \$12 which he had just received for his wages, as he has a deep gash in his neck, on the right side of his face and over the left eye. There are blood stains on his clothing and the body is not bloated, which strongly indicates murder. From appearances the body was probably in the water all winter. All valuables were taken from the body.

COLLEGE IN PERIL.

Students Turn Fire-Fighters and Save Institution from Destruction.

Racine, Wis., March 18.—[Special.]—For a while last evening it seemed impossible to save Racine college from total destruction by fire. The students, under President Robinson, turned fire fighters and battled with the flames until they were extinguished. The loss was slight, but property valued at \$200,000 was in great peril.

LOSES HIS EYESIGHT.

August Ebert, Living Near Necedah, Accidentally Shoots Himself While Out Hunting.

Necedah, Wis., March 18.—[Special.]—August Ebert of the town of Piescon, near Friendship, was shot by the accidental discharge of his gun, while hunting. Part of the charge penetrated his chest and also one eye, destroying the sight. He was sent to Milwaukee to have the eye taken out.

FIRE AT FOND DU LAC.

Block of Old Wooden Buildings Destroyed.

Fond du Lac, Wis., March 18.—[Special.]—Fire early this morning almost completely destroyed the wooden block of buildings on the west side of Main street, near Second street, owned by William Clancy and M. M. Anderson and occupied by the Kietlow Bros. cigar factory and store, the Sommerfeld barber shop and the Ideal restaurant, owned and operated by Mrs. F. E. Case. The fire started at about 2 o'clock, presumably in the Kietlow store. The total loss is estimated at \$9000, well covered by insurance.

WINS SENIOR ORATORICAL.

Michael B. O'Brien of Lawrence, Ill., Takes First Place.

Madison, Wis., March 18.—Michael B. O'Brien of Lawrence, Ill., won the "senior open" last night with an oration on John Quincy Adams, the judges giving him four out of six points. Thorwald P. Apel of Kenosha and Frank W. Bucklin of Bredehead were tied for second place. John V. Brennan of Tomah qualified for the final by obtaining fourth place. It is expected that the final oratorical contest will be held March 28.

ROUTS ROBBERS WITH SHEARS.

Masked Thieves Fail in Attempt to Hold Up Dunbar Man.

Dunbar, Wis., March 18.—Two masked robbers tried to rob W. E. Halenback. He was alone in his sitting room when he heard someone step up on his porch and rap. He picked up a pair of large shears and went to the door. On opening it one of the robbers showed a revolver in his face and told him to hold up his hands. He struck at the fellow and then slammed the door shut. The robbers were evidently green at the business.

BREACH OF PROMISE CASE.

Former Milwaukee Man Sued by a Woman at Manitowoc.

Manitowoc, March 18.—[Special.]—Civil damages for alleged breach of promise were sought by Anna Kolbeck of Manitowoc in a suit which has been instituted in circuit court here. Emil Cizek, until recently a resident of Milwaukee, is the defendant and the plaintiff

OBJECT TO SUNDAY SHOWS

Appleton Ministers and Churchgoers are Indignant.

WILL START CRUSADE.

Opera House Built by Subscriptions from People Who Object to Sabbath Breaking.

Appleton, Wis., March 17.—[Special.]—The first Sunday attraction ever booked by the management of the Appleton theater was put on the boards last night and was the signal for open warfare between the local ministers and their staunchest followers, and the members of the Appleton theater company, who are some of the most prominent and representative business men in this city and the Fox River valley. The play had been extensively advertised throughout the week, giving the pastors ample time to prepare a knockout blow for a repetition of this practice. Rev. F. T. Rouse of the First Congregational church was perhaps the most strenuous in his attempt to compel a discontinuance of engaging Sunday night attractions. He denounced the action on the part of the company, declaring that he was positive that none of his people and but few others in the city who contributed anything towards the erection of the new playhouse, did so with the idea that it would be open on Sunday evenings and thus furnish a rendezvous for the rough element of the city.

A union meeting of all the church workers in the city has been called for some night during the coming week, at which time the matter will be thoroughly discussed and steps taken to suppress a repetition of Sunday evening shows.

The new theater building, which was constructed at a cost of over \$35,000, and which was dedicated but a few weeks ago, is the private property of a firm of which John S. Van Nortwick, the millionaire papermaker, is president. Nearly one-half of the cost of the house was paid by the citizens of Appleton, who to the number of over 1200 subscribed from \$10 up toward the erection of the new playhouse. Many of the heaviest subscribers being prominent and influential church members. It is thought that the fight against Sunday attractions will result in much bitter feeling among the leading citizens of the city.

SHOT IN THE HEAD.

Cowardly Attempt to Murder the Former City Clerk of Brillion.

Drillville, Wis., March 17.—An attempt was made to murder John Otto, formerly city clerk of this place, a shot being fired at him through the window as he sat in his parlor, Saturday evening. The bullet crashed through the window glass, struck his head, glanced off and entered the arm of his son, who was sitting close by, inflicting a painful wound.

Why Mr. Otto's life should have been attempted in such a manner is a mystery. Neither he nor the officers working on the case have been able to offer any reason for the crime and the time would throw light upon what appears to be an attempt to murder him.

ASKS \$10,000 DAMAGES.

Seymour Swarts of Chicago, Who Was Ejected from a Kenosha Hotel, Brings Suit.

Racine, Wis., March 17.—[Special.]—Seymour Swarts of Chicago, president of the American Iron and Steel company of that city, has notified his attorneys, Cooper, Simmons, Nelson & Walker, to bring suit for \$10,000 damages against William Papferwein of Kenosha, proprietor of the hotel known as the Swartz, who was ejected from the hotel last Thursday. Papferwein was fined \$2 and costs in the municipal court for assaulting Swarts.

KILLS BROTHER WHILE HUNTING.

Bullet Hits Stone and Glancing Off Enters Boy's Abdomen—Dies in Few Moments.

Marinette, Wis., March 17.—[Special.]—The two young sons of Frank Forviert of Ingalls, Mich., were hunting rabbits Saturday. The older one fired a shot, the bullet struck a stone, glanced off and penetrated the abdomen of the younger boy. He died in a few hours. He was 12 years old.

BAYFIELD COUNTY PINE.

Edward Hines Lumber Company Holds Option on Tract.

Duluth Minn., March 17.—An important deal in standing pine in Bayfield county, Wis., is pending. The Edward Hines Lumber company of Chicago has an option to purchase the standing pine owned by the Bicecaw Bros. Lumber company of Ashland. The deal carries with it the Bicecaw sawmill at Ashland, and altogether is one of the biggest transactions in this line that has been announced for a long time. It is reported that cruisers for the Edward Hines Lumber company are looking the timber over, and after that is done the deal may be completed.

RECEIVE NEW ANIMALS.

Additions to Ringling Brothers' Family at Baraboo.

Baraboo, Wis., March 17.—[Special.]—A large consignment of rare animals from Hamburg have been admitted into full fellowship at the winter quarters of Ringling Bros. circus. They came across the ocean in a tramp steamer and created great excitement in animaldom when they reached their destination. In the consignment were eight camels, a lion, a horse antelope, a besie antelope, a mark horn antelope, a vlak yok, and numerous others with names just as strange as this foreign land is to them.

KEWAUNEE LIGHTHOUSE.

Bill to Provide Dwelling for Keeper Passes the Senate.

Washington, D. C., March 17.—[Special.]—The bill providing for the erection of a dwelling for the keeper of the lighthouse at Keweenaw, Wis., passed the Senate today. This dwelling for the keeper will cost \$5000 and all that is now required is that Roosevelt attach his signature to enact the bill into a law.

FIERCER BLIZZARD IN THE STATE.

Much Damage Done by the Wind at La Crosse—Mercury Drops Down Below Zero.

La Crosse, Wis., March 17.—[Special.]—Many small buildings in all parts of the city were yesterday wrecked by the high winds. The mercury is down to zero. Trains on all lines are delayed several hours.

Sparta, Wis., March 17.—[Special.]—Saturday and yesterday one of the worst blizzards of the season prevailed here. The mercury was below zero last night and is bitter cold today.

Black River Falls, Wis., March 17.—[Special.]—The roads are impassable because of immense snow drifts. The worst storm in years raged here yesterday.

Plainfield, Wis., March 17.—[Special.]—The storm here and over central Wisconsin was the most severe of the season. The wind was very high and the storm a hard driving one, coming with terrific force. The heavy rain, however, will be of great benefit to settle the ground before spring's work as but very little snow fell this winter and the ground needed a soaking.

Sheboygan, Wis., March 17.—The mercury was very high last night. There is a heavy wind from the south. If the cold weather continues the advantage to lumber will be great.

West Superior, Wis., March 17.—There was a remarkable fall in the temperature yesterday, the mercury going down to 20 below zero. A heavy fall of snow. It is feared that this is but the beginning of one of the worst cold spells of the season, and it is felt all the more severely for the reason that it has been preceded by unusually warm weather.

PLANS A BIG MEET.

Lawrence University Athletic Association Invites High Schools to Compete.

Appleton, Wis., March 17.—[Special.]—The Northeast Wisconsin Interscholastic athletic meet under the management of the Lawrence University Athletic association will again be held in this city this spring, the date having recently been set for May 17. At a meeting of the Lawrence University Athletic association it was decided that the entire preliminary arrangements should be left to a committee of three, consisting of Prof. W. P. Jenkins, Alfred Fayville and Allen Boyden. A letter of invitation has already been prepared and will be sent to the following schools some time during the coming week: Neenah, Menasha, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Wausau, Ripon, Clinton, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, East and West Green Bay, De Pere, Two Rivers, Marinette, Oconto, Shawano, Seymour, Grand Rapids, New London, Waupaca, Stevens Point, Antigo, Wausau, Berlin, Kaukauna, Clintonville, Peshigo, Sturgeon Bay, Oakfield and Appleton. The list includes nearly every high school within a radius of seventy-five miles of this city.

The meet will be conducted practically in the same manner as was that of last year, with the exception that the expenses of the visiting teams will not be guaranteed. The success of the meet both financially and otherwise, was thoroughly demonstrated last year, and it is deemed unnecessary by the management to guarantee all expenses of the contestants. However, the management will take all necessary precautions and will again prepare the guarantee list which was circulated among the local business men a year ago, and in case the meet results in an absolute failure, for which condition can only come about in case the weather is stormy and disagreeable, a portion at least of the expense of the visitors will be paid by the Lawrence association. The entire proceeds of the meet will be divided among the schools according to their actual and necessary expenses. Each school will be allowed to enter eight contestants, and the principal shall be included in the expense list and shall participate in the distribution of the funds. The provision, however, is made that in case any school wishes to send more than eight men it may be permitted to do so, but these additional men shall not participate in the division of the funds. The standard of eligibility for each event will be raised over that of last year.

It is anticipated that about thirty schools will be represented and that about 200 athletes will compete.

DEATH OF BROTHERS.

William and Henry Marriott of Baraboo Die Within a Few Days of Each Other.

Baraboo, Wis., March 17.—[Special.]—William Marriott, brother of Henry Marriott, who died on Wednesday afternoon after an illness of four days. The two brothers conducted one of the largest hardware businesses in Wisconsin, and were also very prominent in the life of the city. Both had been members of the city council and took an active part in everything that would promote the best interests of the city. William Marriott was a prominent judge man and belonged to the Knights of Pythias and Knights Templar. They caught cold while awaiting the arrival of Prince Henry in Milwaukee.

SAVED BY HIS WATCH.

Large Time-Piece Prevented Death of La Crosse Brakeman.

La Crosse, Wis., March 17.—[Special.]—Will Rippe of New Aibin, a brakeman on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, was saved from certain death by the watch he carried on his person. He was on a tight brake, and when the brake loosened the former two lost their hold, both jumping out of the way. Rippe was not so fortunate, and the iron bar flew around, cutting a deep gash in his side. He carries a watch in a peculiar large leather case and this stopped the blow, else the bar would have gone through him.

MADISON GIRL GOES ON STAGE.

Miss Caroline Riley Joins "The Messenger Boy" Company.

Madison, Wis., March 17.—Miss Caroline Riley, daughter of a well-known Madison liverman, made her debut on the stage last night with "The Messenger Boy" company. Miss Riley is 22 years of age. She attended the university school of music. Her voice is soprano of wide range. Her present position is that of understudy to the leading woman of the company.

HIRAM HALL ACQUITTED.

Not Guilty of Murdering E. B. Parker of Millston.

SHOT IN SELF-DEFENSE.

Hall Claimed that Parker was His Wife's Lover—Verdict Gives General Satisfaction.

Black River Falls, Wis., March 15.—[Special.]—Hiram M. Hall of Millston was last evening acquitted of murdering E. B. Parker. The jury was out half an hour and the verdict gives general satisfaction.

Hall claimed that he shot Parker in self-defense. The shooting resulted from Parker's attentions to Hall's wife. Hall, when he took the stand, told of the domestic trouble which led up to the tragedy.

Hall shot and instantly killed Parker on the night of February 13 in the presence of Mrs. Hall and her daughter. When Parker's body was found he held a revolver in his hand.

E. B. Parker, 30 years of age, had a growing-up son living at Cornell, Ill. He had been engaged for something over a year in bringing horses from Chicago to Millston and disposing of them at private sale. He formed the acquaintance of Mrs. Hall, residing several miles east of Millston, a little village on the Omaha road not far distant from Black River Falls. Mrs. Hall on two occasions, it is said, had attempted to leave the village in Parker's company. Hall warned Parker that he would kill him if he did not keep away from his wife, it is said. Parker boasted that he was not afraid and was heard to say that he would shoot Hall on sight.

BOY DIES OF BURNS.

The Lad's Clothes Catch Fire While He is Playing in Front of Stove.

Wausau, Wis., March 15.—[Special.]—Early this morning Mrs. John Lubnow of Mosinee left two children, one a boy 2 years of age and the other a child of 2 months, alone in the house while she drove the cows out to pasture. Returning in a few minutes to the house, she heard screams and rushing in, was horrified to find the boy lying on the floor enveloped in flames.

She temporarily lost her reason and carried the child out of doors and laid him down on the ground. A neighbor, hearing the cries of agony, appeared and carried the child back into the house and summoned a physician, but before his arrival the little fellow died.

It is supposed that the boy's clothing caught fire while he was playing near the open door of the stove. The mother was also severely burned.

PLAN BIG TROLLEY LINE.

Electric Railway to Extend from La Crosse to Black River Falls.

La Crosse, Wis., March 15.—A company, to be capitalized at over a million dollars, is being organized in La Crosse to construct an electric railroad from La Crosse to Black River Falls via Melrose. Mills Toartellotte and ten other capitalists are behind the project. Power for the car line is to be furnished by the Black River Falls water power plant. The Columbia Construction company of Milwaukee will probably get the building contract. The line will be over fifty miles long and will cost \$1,000,000.

HERMIT'S BODY FOUND.

William Hasenfeldt Disappeared on Night His Home Burned and Suicide is Suspected.

Manitowoc, Wis., March 15.—[Special.]—The dead body of William Hasenfeldt, an odd character who lived a lonely and secluded life in a little hut in Manitowoc Rapids, was found in the river at Rapids on December 1 last. The hut in which Hasenfeldt made his home was burned to the ground. During the fire Hasenfeldt was seen hurrying to the river. This was the last seen of him. The circumstances point strongly to his having committed suicide. He was a G. A. R. man and about 75 years of age. He spent most of his time in the woods, his only companion being a faithful dog. His only means of support was a monthly pension of \$12.

EAU CLAIRE FAIR GROUNDS.

The County Board May Buy Site at Augusta.

Eau Claire, Wis., March 15.—[Special.]—In the county board meeting this morning a resolution was introduced by Plummer of Augusta to appropriate \$4900 to buy for the county the fair grounds at Augusta. It was referred, after being amended on motion of an Eau Claire city member to the effect that the committee investigate also the grounds of the Eau Claire Driving Park and Athletic association.

LAY COLLEGE CORNERSTONE.

Many Catholics will Attend the Services at Depere.

Depere, Wis., March 15.—[Special.]—The feast of St. Joseph will be celebrated with great solemnity next Wednesday at St. Joseph's church in Depere. Bishop Messmer will celebrate pontifical high mass, during which Rev. Father Steinbrecher of Kaukauna will preach. In the afternoon Bishop Messmer will lay the corner stone of St. Norbert's college, a large number of priests and many Catholics from surrounding places will attend.

NEED MUCH RAIN.

Lumbermen Fear They Won't be Able to Get Logs Down River.

Oconto, Wis., March 15.—[Special.]—Lumbermen are beginning to entertain fears that unless there is a heavy rainfall that it will be difficult for them to get their logs down the river.

W. L. EDMONDS HOME.

Prominent Paper Manufacturer Returns from Trip to South America.

Wausau, Wis., March 15.—[Special.]—W. L. Edmonds, general manager of the Wausau Paper Mills company, known in paper manufacturing circles throughout the Fox river and Wisconsin river valleys, has just returned home from an extended tour through the West Indies and a portion of South America. He visited Bermuda, Cuba, Porto Rico, the Danish West Indies, St. Lucia, Martinique, Barbados, Dominica, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Thomas, British Guiana and Venezuela.

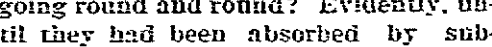
ON WHAT MANNER DID THEY COME ACROSS THE ATLANTIC?

How did Marconi's signals come across from Cornwall to the Newfoundland shores? There is a curving hill of water and earth crust 110 miles high in between. Did the electric waves go over the hill or through it, or how? That is the puzzle the electric world is bothering over at the moment. Some German experiments seem to indicate that the waves are absorbed by water as they are by metals. Prof. Fleming, of London, who has done an elaborate work on the scientific side of the subject, puts the matter a little differently. His results would make water opaque to these electrical waves, as it is, in large quantity, to light. Either way, it seems as if the signals didn't come straight through. They went round the hill. In this case they must somehow have followed the curving earth. But how?

The accepted idea is that the vibrations Marconi uses are just long, invisible light waves. And light goes straight. Prof. Fleming thinks the waves might bend; or, it may be, the upper air, being highly rarified, is also opaque to them, like water. This would form a shell round the earth, in which the signals might travel anywhere. Would they go clear round? And if they did, would they stop when they got back to where they started, or keep going round and round? Evidently, until they had been absorbed by substances like the metals. But what becomes of the waves then? Do they set up a current of ordinary electricity? If that be true, then they could transmit power. There was a Kansas professor named Blake who had this idea some years ago. He was quite sure the falls of the Nile could be made to run London, and Niagara to turn corn grinders and run mowing machines out on his native plains. This matter of long-distance transmission is the great electrical problem of the day, and it may be the Hertz waves will bring the solution. If they should, coal mines could shut up shop. Here is a wide field, and inasmuch as about every nation in Europe has been ahead of us in perfecting the wireless telegraph, this is a chance to even up.—Harper's Weekly.

ROSS FLAGHOUSE BOUGHT.

The building on Arch street, Philadelphia, in which the first American flag was made byetsy Ross, and where the Stars and Stripes for government buildings were made for fifty



THE ROSS FLAGHOUSE.

years thereafter, has been purchased by the American Flaghouse Ross Memorial Association, which will preserve the shop as a flag museum. The price paid was \$25,150, of which \$10,150 was paid with the 10-cent contributions made to the association, a mortgage being given for the remainder.

Luck Better Than Brains.

Ex-Governor Upham of Wisconsin, who, as the Post stated the other day, was once mourned for dead, told a good story on himself at the Capitol yesterday.

"I was once interested in two lumber deals," he said. "I had offered a valuable piece of property at \$80,000 and at the same time I was trying to buy a tract of pine trees. While the deals were pending I ran across a gypsy fortune teller in the woods and I asked her to tell my fortune.

"You will be very lucky in your deals," she said.

"That's good," I remarked.

"Yes," continued the fortune teller, "your luck will beat your brains."

Governor Upham says that the woman spoke the truth. A few days later the syndicate which held the option of \$80,000 upon the property he had offered at that price decided not to accept it, and it was not long before he was able to sell the land for almost double the amount.—Washington Post.

PAPERS BY THE PEOPLE

AMERICA WITH ENGLAND AND JAPAN.

By U. S. Senator Shelby M. Cullom.



SENATOR CULLOM

The powers of June 3, 1900, in which the position of the United States was set forth.

While we are not permitted under our form of government to form alliances of this kind with foreign powers, we are permitted to announce our declaration of principles on questions as they arise. If other powers see the wisdom of adopting our suggestions and carry out the European custom of forming alliances of offense and defense, that is not our affair. In the present instance fears have been entertained that certain powers were looking with hostile eyes upon certain territory in the far East. Such a taking over of territory might be injurious to American interests, commercial and otherwise. At an opportune moment our government took a firm stand in behalf of American interests without violating any of the fixed principles of diplomatic intercourse, and at the same time maintaining a dignified neutrality.

The attitude assumed by the United States was right and proper, and subsequent events demonstrated, and now, as a further vindication of our contention, England and Japan have formed a friendly alliance to prevent the division of China by designing powers. We do not propose to interfere or become involved in a foreign war, but we reserve the right to assert our rights and see that our interests are protected.

HOW TO AVOID TAKING COLD.

By E. C. Sweet, M. D.



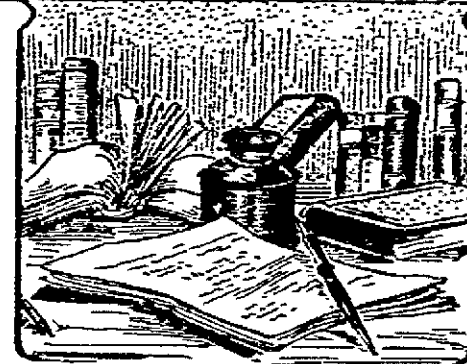
DR. E. C. SWEET.

A cold may be induced by exposure, over-fatigue, lack of proper and sufficient clothing, or lack of nourishing food. Taking cold is more a matter of physical condition than of temperature; that is why some of the worst colds are contracted unknowingly and apparently without cause. Fatigue and a run-down condition of the system causes more severe colds than all the blasts from Medicine Hat. If a man has pure blood, steady nerves and a good digestion, low temperature or a slight draught doesn't often affect him unfavorably.

The cause of the sensations of cold is more often internal than external, and those who go shivering about under ordinary circumstances can't remedy matters much by putting on an extra supply of heavy clothing. Warm clothing will, of course, help to offset a low temperature, but it will not make you warm if there's some internal reason for the chilliness. Most people wear too much heavy and improper clothing in winter. Many swathe their throats when it's warm stockings they need. Clothing should be warm, but not extremely heavy, and the practically air-tight suitings often worn are an abomination. Under these the skin is unable to breathe, and when the skin is out of breath the owner of the skin will be cold if he's clad in furs a foot thick.

A man who seems perfectly well, but who shivers on slight exposure to cold has something wrong with his circulation, or his blood is impoverished by imperfect digestion. Take care of the body and encourage circulation; eat plain, wholesome food that will make pure blood, breathe pure air, take plenty of exercise, indulge in frequent bathing and ventilation of the skin and avoid air-tight clothes as you would the smallpox.

While severe draughts are always to be avoided, foul air is worse than draughts; indeed, if one is in prime condition ordinary draughts are little to be feared, while lack of ventilation is al-



ways a menace. The body needs a pure air bath just as it needs a water bath. Few people understand how desperately the skin requires ventilation, and many do not expose their entire bodies to the air once from September to June. In cold weather the warm tub bath should be used sparingly, and never immediately before going outdoors, but a sponge bath followed by rigorous friction, every body should have once a day. Speaking of the sponge bath, I don't mean to use a sponge; it's a germ and filth carrier. Use your hands or a coarse wash rag, and boil the rag afterwards. The thoughtless uncleanness of some decent people is entirely beyond comprehension. Laundry bills will prevent many who are not phytocrits from changing underwear daily, but it at least may be ventilated every twenty-four hours, one suit being aired while the other is worn.

Exercise in the open air, dress sensibly, eat plenty of plain, wholesome food, don't neglect the water bath or the air bath; sleep enough, don't worry, and ten to one you won't take cold on every slight provocation.

THE ART OF MAKING A LIVING.

By Louis F. Post.

It may seem queer that a man of my ability in making money should presume to tell you how to make a living. You might naturally conclude that Mr. Carnegie, who has amassed a fortune of unknown millions, or Mr. Schwab, who has risen to a position which pays a salary of \$1,000,000 a year, would be more able to tell how one can make a living. But that supposition is not altogether true. The man who knows the theory of any practice cannot always carry out his ideas.

Now, what is the present state of living in this country? I am not a pessimist, but I must say that conditions are fearful. A young man who leaves college to-day to earn a living has a hard time of it. He has one chance in 80,000,000 to become President of the country and about as good a chance to become rich. He has a little better show of amassing a fortune, but the chances are few. It is all the time said that there is room at the top, and so there is. The whole society has been divided into two classes—the great class at the bottom and the little class at the top. The ordinary man has no chance at all. It is only the extraordinary man who can get to the top. He must have little regard for anything save victory.

Wages have fallen during the last thirty years to an alarming degree. Thirty years ago a stenographer could get \$1,500 a year readily; now he can get \$20 a week with difficulty. In other lines of work it is the same story. The rich become richer and the poor have their wages cut.

In the mining district in Pennsylvania the children, from 6 years of age, begin to pick dirt out of coal. Then they go into the mines and work until they are old men at 45 years. Then they return to the screens and pick dirt with the children of another generation until they die. Their life is void of all save work. I tell you that the people who tell you there is a good chance to make a good living in this country are fools. Now you will say that I am a pessimist, but I say that I am an optimist, because I see the danger.

HOW TO CHOOSE A WIFE.

By Rev. J. W. Laughlin.

One of the earliest methods of selecting a wife was by barter. Later it was by capture. To-day marriage is supposed to be based on the consent of both parties. Under the blessed influence of the gospel woman stands on an equal plane with man, and her likes and dislikes must be considered. No man should ever think of choosing a wife without making it a matter of serious prayer. John B. Gough and Mary Whitcomb were betrothed, but so ear-

est were they to have divine guidance John said he forgot to kiss Mary until after they were married. There are hundreds of men who have worked out of debt, paid for their homes and made money who, if they were to tell the story of their lives, would give the credit to the wife who toiled at their side.

One essential in a good wife is common sense—just plain common sense, and with that she will soon learn not to sew on white buttons with black thread, and to make biscuits and pancakes just like your mother used to make them.

Another essential is religion. Religion softens the heart and makes agreeable. It warms the heart and quiets the tongue. For the position of wife and mother there is a demand to-day for the best trained women the best colleges can produce. She who is ambitious to be an ideal wife and mother will fit herself for the broadest life possible by a thorough education.

THE EDUCATION OF GIRLS.

By Mrs. Jefferson Davis.



MRS. DAVIS.

The most favorable moral education a girl can have is the example of her mother. If she daily practices truth, justice, sincerity, patience, fortitude, gentleness, a large charity for others—that is, if she leads a Christian life, it will impress her child more than any dogma that can be inculcated in her in lengthy lectures. If, added to this, the mother has the self-control to notice the child's little fads and fancies and treat them respectfully, and if the child be allowed the largest liberty consistent with the proper care of her, there will be little to fear for her future. Most girls will sedulously avoid errors which their mothers do not daily commit. A good example is the practical demonstration of a moral theory, and is worth more than all the sermonizing one can utter.

Too many mothers forget good manners in intercourse with their children. They do not use the little elegancies which, if forgotten toward a stranger, they would consider unpardonable. This obviously is wrong. The habit of trusting children to the care of servants in the nursery in the formative period of their lives is a very vicious one, no matter how trustworthy the servants. No one can give a child that close attention which is prompted by a mother's love.

No mother can escape the dreadful responsibility of the moral education of her daughter. I confess to being unable to give any formula for its performance except self-abnegation and eternal vigilance. Ultra fashionable mothers may say: "I am too busy to devote myself to my children." True, perhaps, but why? The child has a natural and first claim to her mother's sedulous attention during the formative period of her life, which I think is from birth to the twelfth or fifteenth year of her youth, and the claims of society should be secondary to this paramount duty.

PUBLICITY A CURE FOR DIVORCE.

By Judge Henry Bischoff.

There can be no doubt that publicity would be a strong aid in impelling a firmer belief in the indissolubility of the marriage tie. The tendency of divorce legislation to-day is toward increasing rather than discouraging applications for judicial separation. New grounds of divorce are constantly being incorporated into our law notwithstanding that the general public sense has been greatly shocked by the ease with which divorces may already be obtained. With many it is only a question of financial ability and a few months of leisure to insure success in application for divorce. They are facilitated, too, by the secrecy with which divorce litigation is so frequently conducted.

Publicity in all divorce proceedings would undoubtedly check their frequency. It would direct public attention to the evils of divorce and create a strong feeling against it. Sometimes instances occur where the interests of the children justify secret divorce proceedings, but no interest of public policy requires this. The home, which is the unit of the nation's strength, should be protected.

M. Rouyer, a survivor of the massacre of a French scientific mission by cannibals at Sileraka, New Guinea, on Jan. 1, in describing the horrible occurrence, relates that the yacht Salvant, with the mission on board, had anchored off the coast of New Guinea, and that several of the explorers landed. After an apparently friendly reception from the natives the latter treacherously attacked them during the night, murdering thirty-two of the party, including Baron Villars, Count de Saint Romy and MM. Hagenbeck and Vries, and wounding thirty-three, including M. Rouyer, the chief of the mission, and another Frenchman named Reimer.

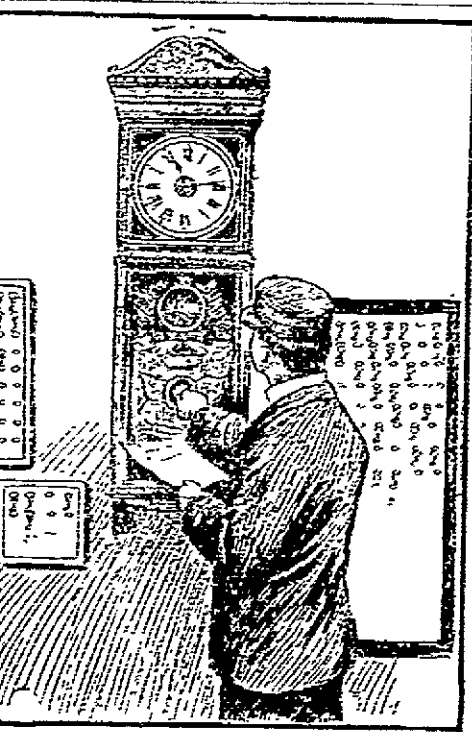
M. Rouyer writes: "We were all sleeping peacefully when there was a great uproar and we were attacked by hundreds of natives carrying torches. Several of us were felled to the ground with clubs, hatchets and spears. Others were overpowered, carried away and bound to trees. I was among this number. I received a blow on the head from a club and fainted. When I recovered consciousness at 5 o'clock in the morning I found myself tied hand and foot, and surrounded by savages, who, believing me to be dead, were keeping me for themselves. I saw the body of Baron Villars near me, bound to a tree. His body was naked, his head had been split open, and his eyes had been gouged out. The Count de Saint Remy had been decapitated and his head stuck on the end of a spear as a trophy. M. Hagen-

TIME CHECK ON POSTAL CLERKS.

Every Employee in the Postoffice Must Contribute to His Own Record.

"Remember the Bundy" is the watchword in the big postoffices, and Uncle Sam's gray-coated men are in constant dread lest they forget to "ring in" or "ring out."

About a year ago the United States Postoffice Department at Washington, D. C., conceived the idea of procuring a clock to keep a correct record of the arrival and departure of all employees in that branch of the service all over the United States, which resulted in the supplying of all postoffices of importance with the now famous clocks at a cost of over \$100 each. The Bundy clock is a large affair, having three strong mainsprings and an intricate time-recording apparatus. Two of the springs work the clock and the other is the power of the striking part, for



CHECKING THE TIME.

the Bundy strikes off the time the clerks and carriers report on and off duty, not like other clocks that only strike the hours and half hours of the day. It is a complicated affair and many a poor hard-worked clerk and carrier will verify the statement, for it has cost some of them much of their hard-earned and small salary.

The Bundy is worked as follows: When the office opens for business at 5 o'clock in the morning the clock is the first thing attended to. The three dating keys are used, and the date and hour, G. A. M., is imprinted on the tape; then the employees each take their key and "ring in" their arrival. Each employee has his own number and that number is on his key. He is not allowed to use another's key or "ring in" or out any fellow clerk or carrier, under penalty of dismissal from the service. The latter carriers have four keys, the first being used when he reports for the day at 6:30 a. m. When he goes out on his first trip he takes down his next key, which is the key bearing the letter "L," and "rings out" and leaves the office. On his return he immediately on entering the office "rings in" his arrival, the key bearing the letter "R," and after he has performed his office work and it is time for him to take his "lay off" or "swing" for an hour or two, a carrier not being allowed to work more than eight hours per day, he uses the key bearing the letter "E," meaning end of duty. As each key is "rung in" the clock registers the time to a fraction of a minute.

Letter carriers are allowed by law to work only eight hours, and when a carrier has worked over that time, if only for one minute, intentionally or unintentionally, he must pay the penalty, which is usually suspension from one to three days without pay, for Uncle Sam is a very strict master in the postoffice and the Bundy never lies. There are penalties for failure to ring the clock on arrival and departure, for all employees, from the heads of the various departments to the porters. Letter carriers are suspended from one to fifteen days, according to how many prior convictions there may be recorded against them in the record book. Clerks suffer for their mistakes by being fined from one day's salary up, as the case may be, as prior convictions also count against the clerks.

ATROCITIES IN NEW GUINEA.



THE SCENE OF HORRORS.

beck was spitted on a bamboo and was being roasted over a fire. "I waited my fate. I was afraid to move. My head hurt me dreadfully. All around me the ground was strewn with corpses. Suddenly a great clamor arose, followed by a fusillade. I opened my eyes and saw Dr. Fortier and the remainder of the mission from the yacht firing on the cannibals. I shouted and the rescuers ran to me and cut the bonds which bound me to the tree. The cannibals fled, leaving many dead. The clothes of M. Vries were found, but his body was missing. He had evidently been devoured by the savages during the night."

THE ENGLISH SPARROW.

How the Obnoxious Bird Was Brought to This Country.

Two old residents of Germantown took advantage of a delightful day to saunter up Germantown avenue, stopping now and then at the different places of historic interest along the avenue. They spent some of the time at the old Ship house, telling each other about the ancient structure, and as to how the ship came to be placed there, when their attention was attracted by myriads of sparrows that congregated up on the roof.

"Ah! That reminds me," said the elder of the two, "of the old John Bardsley house and the story of how the sparrow came to Germantown."

Walking up the avenue farther they came to a halt in front of a little white painted two-story house at the northwest corner of Upsal street and Germantown avenue. For over an hour the two old men lingered in front of this "old house," and the following story was told:

The house was occupied for a number of years by the late John Bardsley, better known as "Sparrow Jack." During the time that William F. Smith represented the Twenty-second Ward in Council he presented an ordinance appropriating \$300 with which to purchase English sparrows to destroy the measuring worms that had become a nuisance in the city squares. John Bardsley, an Englishman, but for many years a resident of Germantown, was delegated to go to England to secure the sparrows. Being familiar with the English birds, he had no trouble in catching them in nets. He secured between 300 and 400. On his way over from England, one-half the sparrows died, but enough existed to insure a rapid increase of the little pests, which have since become more troublesome than the worms.

Bardsley was always an enthusiastic admirer of the sparrows, and to show his love for them he fed them regularly during the winter months, and had a number of fantastically constructed boxes, surmounted with weathervanes, and ornaments, for their use. He always reproved any one who interfered with or abused the sparrow.—Philadelphia Telegraph

Had Given It Up.

"The priest was here the day," said Mrs. Lannigan to her husband, as the two sat down to supper. "He said he was hoping you nor your brother Tim would go to hear that walking delegate that's making speeches all around the town."

"Sure, and O'd no intentions to go," said Mr. Lannigan, his utterance clogged by a biscuit.

"He said," proceeded the wife, impatiently, "that the man indooled too much in hyperbole. What is that, Arthur?"

Mr. Lannigan looked at her reprovingly, and paused in the middle of another biscuit.

"O'm a timperance man these eight years," he said, loftily, "and if you are wishful to know what anything of that kind is, Mary Ann, it's from some walse besides me you'll have to get your information. O'm amazed at ye, woman."

No Cripples in China.

There are no deformed or crippled Chinamen. If a child is born deformed it is at once made away with. You may travel all over China and never see a maimed native. When a serious accident befalls one of them he is likewise put to death. This is part of their religion, to which they adhere closely.

May's Girl Friends.

"May says she's afraid he is going to marry her for her money." "Poor thing! She must have been looking in the mirror."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

"Say that again," said a girl to-day to a man who had complimented her tremendously, "and I'll make you marry me."

When you slip and fall, of course you have remarked how foolish you feel.

FLASHES OF FUN.

An Insinuation: "They claim to be connected with some of the best families." "By telephone?"—Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.

Sarah—She's worth a million, and just the right age for you. Jerry—Any girl worth a million is the right age for me.—London Tri-Bits.

Because you are better than the man you despise does not mean that you are not worse than those who despise you.—New York Press.

Edith—You say Mr. Goldley deceived Edith dreadfully about his age? Gladys—Yes, poor girl! After they were married he confessed that he was only sixty instead of seventy-five.

Cassidy—Why don't ye are yer dinner? Casey—Shure, this is Friday, an' O'm wonderin' Cassidy—What are ye wonderin'? Casey—Is turtle soup fish whin it's made out o' veal?—Philadelphia Press.

Guest (impatiently)—Say, waiter, how long have you been employed here? Waiter—Bout a week, sah. Guest—Oh, is that all? Then I must have given my order to some other waiter.—Chicago Daily News.

Pleasant While It Lasted: "What would you do if you woke up some morning to find that you had inherited a million dollars?" "I'd turn over on the other side and try to dream it again."—Chicago Record-Herald.

The Author's Privilege: An author wrote to his publisher: "Can I hope for any royalties from my book this year?" The publisher replied: "Yes, you can hope. There's nothing in the world to hinder you."—Atlanta Constitution.

The Test in Harlem.—Gazzam (after he has succeeded in waking his wife)—Open the dorsi! Mrs. Gazzam (head out of the second-story window)—Are you sober? Gazzam—Yesh, Mrs. Gazzam—Then say reciprocity.—Harlem Life.

Collapsed Building: "Kape alive, Mike! We're rescuin' ye." Voice (from the debris)—Is big Clancy on there wid ye? "Sure he is." "Ast him wud he be so kind as t' step aff the rooins. I've enough on top at ye widout him."—Brooklyn Life.

Why He Returned: "Did you come back for something you forgot?" asked Mrs. Dautley, when her husband returned to the house a few minutes after leaving. "No, my dear," replied he, "I came back for something I remembered."—Town Topics.

"What is the matter?" asked the literary man's friend. "I don't know what I am going to do about this week's work." "What is the trouble?" "I can't think of any interesting questions to ask myself in my Answers to Correspondents column."—Washington Star.

He—My dear, we have cause for congratulation. I have just received notice of an unexpected increase of ten dollars per month in my wages. She—You dear, sweet, lovely old boy. How perfectly charming you are when under the influence of the X-raise.—Chicago Tribune.

Doctor (finding patient emptying a bottle of wine)—Here, here, my good man, this will never do. That's the cause of all the trouble. Facetious Patient—Well, then, fill your glass, doctor. Now we've found the cause, the sooner we get rid of it the better. —Detroit Free Press.

Fast and Furious.—Backstop—I'm glad to see that you are making a name for yourself as an author, old man. Scribble (modestly)—Yes. Honors are being heaped on me. Why, it was only yesterday that I learned that my latest book had been thrown out of the Boston Library.—Bazar.

Composite: Dashaway—Quilldriver seems to be a fellow of extremes—one who writes awful slush and sublime prose, and who is at the same time an idiot and a genius. Cleverton—Where did you get such an idea? Dashaway—I've just been reading the reviews of his latest book.—Harper's Bazar.

Papa's Consent.—She—Isn't it lovely? Papa consents. He—Does he, really? She—Yes. He wanted to know who you were, and I told him you were tape-clerk at Scripp & Co.'s, and he seemed real pleased. He—I am delighted. She—Yes, and he said we could be married just as soon as you were taken into the firm.—New York Week-ly.

Quite another matter: Aaron—"Did you hear dot latest about Finkelstein?" Jacobs—"No. Vat vas it?" Aaron—"Y, he gave twenty-five thousand dollars last Friday to dot leedle poy vat vas run over mit dem street cars." Jacobs—"Is Finkelstein gone crazy already? Vat ails him dot he do such a ding?" Aaron—"Oh, he vas on der jury."—Life.

"But, mamma," said the beautiful South American heiress, "do you believe I will have any trouble in being received in society in the United States?" "I don't see why," answered her mother; "you have plenty of money, and you can make the best of them look like small change when it comes to being a daughter of the revolution."—Indianapolis Sun.

His face was pinched and drawn. With faltering footsteps he wended his way among the bustling throng. Anon he paused. "Kind sir," he exclaimed, "will you not give me a loaf of bread for my wife and little ones?" The stranger regarded him not unkindly. "Far be it from me," he rejoined, "to take advantage of your destitution. Keep your wife and little ones, I do not want them." And, turning upon his heel, he strode away.

SHE IS ONE OF FOUR.

A Surviving Widow of the Revolutionary War.

The war for American independence began 125 years ago, and, remarkable as it may seem, the United States



MRS. NANCY JONES

government is still paying pensions as a result of that struggle. Of course, none of the soldiers who participated in the war under George Washington are still alive, but there survive four widows of revolutionary soldiers, and these aged women draw pensions of \$12 per month. These venerable pensioners are Mrs. Rebecca Mayo, Newbern, Va.; Mrs. Rhoda Augusta Thomson, Woodbury, Conn.; Mrs. Mary Spend, Parkley, Va., and Mrs. Nancy Jones, Jonesboro, Tenn. Mrs. Jones has interested Congressman Walter B. Brownlow, of Tennessee, and he has undertaken to have the \$12 pensions increased to \$25.

Mrs. Jones is the widow of Darling Jones, a soldier of the Revolutionary War. When they were married he was 70 years and she 16. He lived ten years after they were married and their son, William, lives in Jonesboro. Mrs. Jones lives on a tiny farm of five acres in a three-room cottage built nearly forty years ago. She has a garden and a vegetable plot, and raises

chickens for sale, by which means she manages to eke out her little income. "My only ambition is to save money enough to bury me decently and have a nice tombstone over my husband and myself," she says.

Visitors to the section of Tennessee in which she lives always go to see Mrs. Jones, and she has many requests for her autograph. These she is compelled to refuse, as she cannot write. She is nearly 90 years of age.

Talking at Sea.

The marvels of wireless telegraphy are great enough to render a recent use of the system not sufficiently wonderful to be extraordinary, perhaps, yet the incident reported by Chambers' Journal is one which appeals to the imagination.

Two Cunard liners, the Lucania and the Campania, were crossing the Atlantic in opposite directions. Each, knowing the date of the other's sailing, could make a calculation as to the hour when they would most likely meet. When the hour came, the vessels were too far apart to sight each other. Presently, however, the warning bell of the wireless telegraphic apparatus in the Campania tinkled, and the message was spelled out: "Are you there?—Lucania." And then the two vessels, still invisible to each other, and, as it was found, thirty-six miles apart, talked for some hours, exchanging experiences as to the weather, and finally parting with the word "good-by," when they were a hundred and forty miles asunder.

Such a conversation carried on be-

tween vessels in the open ocean, separated by such a vast stretch of water, and out of sight of each other, is an impressive illustration of what wireless telegraphy means.

Law to Promote Honesty.

"We have an old statute in Arizona making it a misdemeanor for a hotel or restaurant keeper to set out vials on his bill of fare that he is not actually able to serve," said Clarkson Southard, of Bisbee. "And it might well be adopted here. It was enacted many years ago when prospectors and others, returning to the towns after months of privation, were deluded and enraged by elaborate bills of fare, to find afterward that the only articles they could really get to eat were bacon and beans, as usual. So many shootings resulted that this law was enacted and for a time was strictly enforced. The necessity for its enforcement has long since passed, but it has never, so far as I know, been repealed."—Philadelphia Times.

At Bargain Rates.

"Charles," said the affectionate little wife, "didn't you tell me those blue chips cost \$1 apiece?" "Yes." "Well, here's a whole box full of all colors that I bought at a bargain counter for 75 cents."—Harlem Life.

Some of the old classics are so hot that a person really ought to handle them with a pair of tongs.

It's what you do, not what you say you are going to do, that counts.

Grand Rapids, Wis., March 22, 1902.

Entered at the Post Office at Grand Rapids, Wis., as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months.....75

Council Proceedings.

Council met pursuant to adjournment, Mayor Wheelan presiding. Alderman present, Wood, Lutz, Reiland, Schuman, Gross, Pratt, Lubeck, Otto, Bossert, Kellogg, Jackson, Rossier and Boles.

The city directors on behalf of the city of the Electric & Water Co., to whom was referred the question of obtaining a lower rate for street light service reported as follows:

To the Mayor and members of the common council of Grand Rapids, Wis., we, the undersigned, members of the Board of Directors, on behalf of the city of the Electric & Water Co. of said city, to whom was referred the question of obtaining a lower rate for street light service from said company, beg leave to report as follows:

We find that the company is furnishing 33 arc lamps of 2,000 candle power each and receive pay for 51 at \$50 per year, or they are receiving \$3,060 per annum for the lights now in service.

At a special meeting of the Board of Directors of said company, your directors, asked for a reduction of rates, and after a full discussion of the matter, the directors came to the conclusion that a reduction in the rates charged for street lights was not now advisable.

First—because the rates are now lower than in any other city in the state.

Second—because the company lately incurred a large indebtedness to prepare to do work for the city and is now paying interest on said indebtedness and is not deriving any revenue or employment, as was expected, on account of the delay in the completion of our waterworks system.

Third—because the rate charged the city is in proportion to the rates charged for other service and until the cost of construction is paid for, out of the earnings and the sale of stock, it will not be advisable to reduce the earnings of the company, and the committee was requested to report this to the honorable council.

Your directors caused letters to be sent to four cities of about the same population as our city asking them what they were paying for their street lamps and the candle power furnished. Following is a schedule of the amount these four cities are paying and the candle power:

Washburn, 34,000 candle power.....\$44.00 per yr.
Menominee, 32,000 ".....100.00
Baraboo, 30,000 ".....65.00
Menasha, 24,000 ".....75.00

On a basis of 2,000 candle power Menasha would pay about \$130 per year at the rate she now pays. The city of Merrill is paying \$35 for 200 candle power lights, equal to about \$92 for 2,000 candle power lights.

It is quite evident from the numerous petitions that are being presented for more lights, that the petitioners have not stopped to consider what our street lighting costs the city, and again, in behalf of the Electric & Water Co., they do not realize that it costs about \$100 to install a new light, so that it takes nearly two years for the company to get back the cost of their lamp.

The Electric Light company promises a reduction in prices as soon as the present indebtedness is fully paid and it is the judgement of your directors that we had better "let well enough alone" for the present.

Respectfully submitted,
F. J. Wood,
W. Gross,
Board of Directors.

On motion the report was ordered to be placed on file and spread upon the minutes. A petition of J. F. Moore and others was presented praying your honorable body to place an arc light at the crossing of Jackson and Main streets. On motion the petition was referred to the special committee.

A petition of R. A. McDonald and others was presented praying your honorable body to build and construct a sewer on Sycamore street from Oak street southwest to the block in which Jacob Winger resides according to the plans of sewerage for said city. On motion the petition was referred to the street committee.

A petition of Jno. Schaub and others was presented praying your honorable body to build and construct a sewer from Milwaukee street to the Wisconsin river and on Court house street extending from the intersection of Oak street by Peach street to the sewer above described. On motion the petition was referred to the street committee.

A petition of Kruger & Cameron and others was presented praying your honorable body to clean the streets in front of the business places at the expense of the city. On motion the prayer of the petitioners was granted to take effect April 1st, 1902.

A petition of T. O. Winger and others was presented praying your honorable body to replace the wooden sewer on Elm street with sewer pipe and to allow said petitioners to connect with said sewer at a reasonable price. On motion the petition was referred to the street committee.

The council then proceeded to take up ordinance No. 82 entitled an ordinance to issue bonds for a new steel bridge being the ordinance presented to the council at its regular meeting March 4, 1902. And it appearing that said proposed ordinance was duly published in the WOOD COUNTY REPORTER on the 6th day of March A. D. 1902, and due proof of the publication of said proposed ordinance having been filed with the city clerk this day, and it appearing that Section 925, Sub. Division 133 Wisconsin statutes for the year 1898 has been in all things complied with.

Moved by Alderman Jackson and seconded by Alderman Wood that the ordinance be adopted.

The ordinance was adopted by the following vote the clerk calling the roll. Ayes—Wood, Lutz, Reiland, Schuman, Gross, Pratt, Lubeck, Otto, Bossert, Kellogg, Jackson, Rossier and Boles.

Bossert, Kellogg, Jackson, Rossier and Boles. Nays—none.
This ordinance being adopted by a vote of more than three-fourths of the common council, the ordinance was duly declared adopted.
Ordinance No. 83 was then taken up entitled an ordinance to issue bonds to purchase property of Centralia Water Company being the ordinance presented to the council at its regular meeting March 4, 1902. And it appearing that said proposed ordinance was duly published in the WOOD COUNTY REPORTER on the 6th day of March A. D. 1902, and due proof of the publication of said proposed ordinance having been filed with the city clerk this day, and it appearing that Section 925, Sub. Division 133, Wisconsin statutes for the year 1898 has been in all things complied with.

Moved by Alderman Jackson and seconded by Alderman Wood that the ordinance be adopted.

This ordinance was adopted by the following vote the clerk calling the roll. Ayes—Wood, Lutz, Reiland, Schuman, Gross, Pratt, Lubeck, Otto, Bossert, Kellogg, Jackson, Rossier and Boles. Nays—none.

The ordinance being adopted by a vote of more than three-fourths of the common council, the ordinance was duly declared adopted.

The matter of the account of Loweth & Wolf was on motion laid over until the next meeting.

Moved and carried that the plans of Mr. Lyon for changing the front of the city hall be carried out substantially under the direction of the street committee by the following vote the clerk calling the roll. Ayes—Wood, Lutz, Reiland, Schuman, Gross, Pratt, Lubeck, Otto, Bossert, Kellogg, Jackson, Rossier and Boles.
On motion council adjourned.

M. G. GORDON,
City Clerk.

W. E. WHEELAN,
Mayor.

Notice of Special Election.

Notice is hereby given that a special election will be held in the city of Grand Rapids, in the county of Wood and state of Wisconsin, on the 1st day of April, A. D. 1902, for the purpose of voting on the question of the ratification of a certain ordinance passed by the common council of said city, on the 14th day of March, A. D. 1902, at a regular meeting thereof. Of which the following is a true copy:

ORDINANCE NO. 82.

The Common Council of the city of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, do ordain as follows:

Section 1. The Common Council of the city of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, does hereby declare its purpose to raise the sum of ten thousand (\$10,000) dollars, by issuing the bonds of said city for the purpose of building a new steel bridge across the Wisconsin river at the site of the present wagon bridge in said city. Said bonds shall be of the denomination of one thousand dollars each and numbered consecutively from one to ten thousand, inclusive, and shall bear interest not to exceed 3 1/2 per cent. per annum payable semi annually on the first days of July and January in each year and said bonds shall be payable in installments as follows:

Number 1 on January 31, 1913
" 2 " " " 1914
" 3 " " " 1915
" 4 " " " 1916
" 5 " " " 1917
" 6 " " " 1918
" 7 " " " 1919
" 8 " " " 1920
" 9 " " " 1921
Numbers 10 to 16 inclusive on January 31, 1922.

Section 2. And the City Clerk of said city of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, is hereby authorized and directed to call a special election for the purpose of submitting the question of bonding said city of Grand Rapids for the purposes herein mentioned to the electors thereof as provided by the Statutes of this state, to be held at the several voting precincts in said city on the first day of April, A. D. 1902.

This Ordinance shall be in force and effect from and after its passage and publication and ratification by a majority of the electors of said city of Grand Rapids voting thereon at the special election herein called for that purpose.

Attest: M. G. GORDON,
City Clerk.

At said special election the polls will be opened at six o'clock in the forenoon and closed at five o'clock in the afternoon of said 1st day of April, A. D. 1902, and in all other respects the election will be conducted the same as regular elections are conducted.

The ballots to be used at said election will have printed thereon "For ratification of Ordinance" and "Against ratification of Ordinance." All electors desiring to vote for such ratification shall cast a ballot which has printed thereon "For ratification of Ordinance" and those desiring to vote against the ratification of said ordinance shall cast a ballot which has printed thereon "Against ratification of Ordinance."

The polls will be held at the following places in the several wards in the city, being the usual places of holding elections, to wit:

First Ward—Ed Mahoney's residence.
Second Ward—Library building.
Third Ward—Grand Army hall.
Fourth Ward—John Plenke's residence.
Fifth Ward—Waterworks power house.
Sixth Ward—Barnard Worthington's shop.
Seventh Ward—City hall.
Eighth Ward—Martin Nilsson's residence.
Dated March 5, A. D. 1902.

M. G. GORDON,
City Clerk of the said city of Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wisconsin.

Notice of Special Election.

Notice is hereby given that a special election will be held in the city of Grand Rapids, in the county of Wood and state of Wisconsin, on the 1st day of April, A. D. 1902, for the purpose of voting on the question of the ratification of a certain ordinance passed by the common council of said city, on the 14th day of March, A. D. 1902, at a regular meeting thereof. Of which the following is a true copy:

The Common Council of the city of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, do ordain as follows:

Section 1. The Common Council of the city of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, does hereby declare its purpose to raise the sum of ten thousand (\$10,000) dollars by issuing the bonds of said city for the purpose of purchasing all the pipes, hydrant, waterworks and all property connected therewith in said city owned by the Centralia Water Company. Said bonds shall be of the denomination of two thousand dollars each and numbered consecutively from one to five thousand, inclusive, and shall bear interest not to exceed 3 1/2 per cent. per annum payable semi annually on the first days of July and January in each year, and said bonds shall be payable in installments as follows:

Number 1 on January 31, 1905
" 2 " " " 1910
" 3 " " " 1915
" 4 " " " 1920
" 5 " " " 1925

Section 2. And the City Clerk of the city of Grand Rapids is hereby authorized and directed to call a special election for the purpose of submitting the question of bonding said city of Grand Rapids for the purposes herein mentioned to the electors thereof as provided by Statutes of this state, to be held at the several voting precincts in said city on the first day of April, A. D. 1902.

This Ordinance shall be in force and effect from and after its passage and publication and ratification by a majority of the electors of said city of Grand Rapids voting thereon at the special election herein called for that purpose.

Attest: M. G. GORDON,
City Clerk.

At said special election the polls will be opened at six o'clock in the forenoon and closed at five o'clock in the afternoon of said 1st day of April, A. D. 1902, and in all other respects the election will be conducted the same as regular elections are conducted.

The ballots to be used at said election will have printed thereon "For ratification of Ordinance" and "Against ratification of Ordinance." All electors desiring to vote for such ratification shall cast a ballot which has printed thereon "For ratification of Ordinance" and those desiring to vote against the ratification of said ordinance shall cast a ballot which has printed thereon "Against ratification of Ordinance."

The polls will be held at the following places in the several wards in the city, being the usual places of holding elections, to wit:

First Ward—Ed Mahoney's residence.
Second Ward—Library building.
Third Ward—Grand Army hall.
Fourth Ward—John Plenke's residence.
Fifth Ward—Waterworks power house.
Sixth Ward—Barnard Worthington's shop.
Seventh Ward—City hall.
Eighth Ward—Martin Nilsson's residence.
Dated March 6th A. D. 1902.

M. G. GORDON,
City Clerk of the said city of Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wisconsin.

CENTRALIA
...MEAT MARKET...
WEST GRAND RAPIDS.
A supply of Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats constantly on hand. Everything fresh and clean.
Reiland's East Side Market
Is also the leading trading place on the east side. Here you will find everything wanted in the meat line. FISH AND GAME in season.
N. REILAND, Prop.

B. M. VAUGHAN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
GARDNER BLOCK,
GRAND RAPIDS, - Wis.
Real Estate Bought and Sold on Commission.

GOGGINS & BRAZEAU,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, WIS.
Office in Daly's Brick Block.

D. D. CONWAY,
GRAND RAPIDS.
LAW, LOANS, and COLLECTIONS.
We have \$20,000 which will be loaned at a low rate of interest.

People who are Particular

What They Eat always insist upon having
Dewey, Victoria or Sunbeam Flour.
Bread made from it retains all the elements of the wheat that goes to make brain and strength and has a delicious wheat flavor that is all its own. Sold by all grocers. If not at yours, write the mill.

Grand Rapids Milling Co.

Buy
A Range
with a
Record..

WE sold over Fifty Quick Meal and Bement Ranges last year All testify to their high grade and good cooking qualities.

Garland Stoves
are known all over the world, they need no recommendation.

Stransky Granite & Nickel Plated ware
will furnish a house to the Queen's taste.

NASURY PAINT has been on the market here for fifteen years and is still in the lead. We also sell White Lead, Oil, Varnish and anti-kalsomine.

Paint Brushes, Bicycles, and Clothes Wringers
are some of our leaders.

REMEMBER that we have the largest and most complete tin and plumbing shop in the county. Our prices are always right and work guaranteed.

CENTRALIA HDW. CO.
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

EXPERT REPAIRING
OUR SPECIALTY.



Tires, Casings.... Tubes, Pedals, Chains, Lamps, Hubs, Pumps, Cements and all other sundries on hand and sold cheap.

TIRES FROM ONE DOLLAR UP. Come and see our new Wheels guaranteed, from \$15 to \$50. The Morrow Coaster brake is put in any chain wheel for \$5. Frames repaired and brazed at reasonable price. Punctures fixed and wheels cleaned and adjusted. Our work is done by experts and guaranteed. **WHEELS SOLD ON INSTALLMENTS.** Near St. Paul Depot.

GEO. F. KRIEGER.

Defects in Eyesight



Can be corrected by having your eyes fitted accurately to a pair of glasses by **J. R. CHAPMAN.** Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

NEW SHOE SHOP.
All kinds of repairing on Boots and Shoes promptly and neatly done.
C. F. WARD,
Shop on Silver St. West Side

Patronize Home Industry
by having your work done at the
Riverside Steam Laundry.
All work guaranteed.
GEORGE BOYER, PROP.
West Side, Near Commercial House.

Square Dealing
Yes, Gentlemen.

We give it and we have as nice an assortment of Doors, Columns, Inside Finish, Shingles and Lumber as ever came down the pike. If you will "look in" we will "look out" that you are convinced of our statements.

KELLOGG BROS. LUMBER CO.,
—YARDS AT—
East Grand Rapids, West Grand Rapids, Nekoosa.

ELECTION NOTICE.
Office of City Clerk, March 20, 1902.
To the Electors of the City of Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wisconsin: Notice is hereby given that a municipal election is to be held in the several wards of the city of Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wisconsin, on the 1st day of April, A. D. 1902, at which the officers named below are to be chosen. The names of candidates for each office to be voted for, whose nominations have been certified to this office, are given opposite the title of the office and under the appropriate party or other designation, each in its proper column:

INFORMATION TO VOTERS.
The following instructions are given for the information and guidance of voters: A voter upon entering the polling place, and giving his name and residence, will receive a ballot from the ballot clerk which must have endorsed thereon the names or initials of both ballot clerks, and no other ballot can be used. Upon receiving his ballot, the voter must retire alone to a booth or compartment and prepare the same for voting. A ballot clerk may inform the voter as to the proper manner of marking a ballot, but he must not advise or indicate in any manner whom to vote for. If it be a general election these words are to follow: the voter if he wishes to vote for all the candidates nominated by any party should make a cross mark X under the party designation printed at the top of the ballot in the circle made for that purpose. A ballot so marked, and having no other mark, will be counted for all the candidates of that party in the column underneath, unless the names of some of the candidates of the party have been erased or a cross mark placed in the square under the name or at any place in the space occupied by the name, or names of candidates in another column, and will be counted for any name written in lieu of one erased. If the voter wishes to vote for some of the candidates of different political parties, he should make a cross mark under the name of each candidate he desires to vote for, or at any place within the space in which the name is printed. If he wishes to vote for a person for a certain office whose name is not on the ballot, he must write the name in the blank space under the printed name of the candidate for the office. The ballot should not be marked in any other manner. If the ballot be spoiled it must be returned to the ballot clerk, who must issue another in its stead, but not more than three in all to any one voter. Five minutes' time is allowed in booth to mark ballot. Unofficial ballots or memoranda to assist the voter in marking his ballots can be taken into the booth, and may be used to copy from. The ballot must not be shown so that any person can see how it has been marked by the voter. After it is marked it should be folded so that the inside cannot be seen, but so that the printed endorsements and signatures of ballot clerks on the outside may be seen. Then the voter should pass out of the booth or compartment, give his name to the inspector in charge of the ballot box, hand him his ballot to be placed in the box, and pass out of the voting place. A voter who declares to the presiding officer that he is unable to read, or that by reason of physical disability he is unable to mark his ballot, can have assistance of one or two election officers in marking the same, to be chosen by the voter; and if he declares that he is totally blind, he may be assisted by any person chosen by him from among the legal voters of the county. The presiding officer may administer an oath in his discretion, as to such person's disability. The party designations and candidates for the different offices are, for example, as follows: insert list of party designations and candidates.

Office.	Citizens' Ticket.	Individual Nominations.
Mayor.....	William E. Wheelan.....	
Treasurer.....	Milton W. Mosher.....	
Assessor.....	Bernard G. Chandos.....	
Justice of the Peace.....	Burton L. Brown.....	
First Ward.		
Alderman.....	John B. Arpin.....	Frank Billmeyer.....
Supervisor.....	Ermond P. Arpin.....	
Second Ward:		
Alderman.....	B. Metzger.....	
Supervisor.....	Theodore W. Brazeau.....	
Third Ward		
Alderman.....	Fred W. Kruger.....	
Supervisor.....	William Scott.....	
Fourth Ward.		
Alderman.....	Marcus S. Pratt.....	Albert Bunde.....
Supervisor.....	George T. Rowland.....	
Fifth Ward.		
Alderman.....	Will Otto.....	
Supervisor.....	Ira Bassett.....	
Sixth Ward.		
Alderman.....	Henry Flewelling.....	
Supervisor.....	Dennis D. Conway.....	
Seventh Ward.		
Alderman.....		
Supervisor.....	Lawrence M. Nash.....	
Eighth Ward.		
Alderman.....	Hugh L. Boles.....	
Supervisor.....	Nels Johnson.....	

M. G. GORDON, City Clerk

You will take notice that the above list of candidates includes candidates for the city offices and also the candidates for each of the ward offices and that the ticket to be voted in any one ward will be composed of the above list of candidates for city offices together with a list of the candidates for ward offices for that particular ward, as for example, the ticket for the first ward will be the above list of candidates for city offices together with the above list of candidates for ward offices for the first ward only.

You will further take notice that the polls will be open at 6 o'clock a. m. and close at 5 o'clock p. m. and will be held in the following places in the several wards, to wit:

First ward, Ed. Mahoney's residence; Second ward, Library building; Third ward, Grand Army Hall (G. A. R.); Fourth ward, John Plenke's residence; Fifth ward, Waterworks Power House; Sixth ward, Barnard Worthington's shop; Seventh ward, City Hall; Eighth ward, Martin Nilsson's residence.

M. G. GORDON, City Clerk.

LOCAL ITEMS.

—Take your horses to Charles Currier at Bogogers old stand if you want them clipped.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Fahl of South Centralia on Tuesday morning.

A baby boy arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Emil Eberhard of the town of Grant on Tuesday.

Miss Mamie LaBrot entertained a number of her friends on Monday evening. All report a pleasant time.

Should the weather prove propitious the gun club will get out on Sunday afternoon for their first clay pigeon shoot.

Mrs. A. L. Ridgman entertained a number of friends on Tuesday in honor of her guest, Miss Jennie Jeffrey of Canby.

An infant son of James Chamberlain was taken seriously ill with croup on Sunday, but has since improved very materially.

A number of local sports have made arrangements to attend the Beell-Flaskamp wrestling match at Marshfield Saturday the 29th.

Officer John Raath of the east side, is wearing a broad smile these days, caused by the arrival of a bouncing baby girl at his home on the 17th.

John Mosher is preparing to erect himself a dwelling house on the west side, on lots west of the St. Paul track, having sold his present dwelling.

J. R. Chapman has taken the agency for the Sohmer, Singer and Steger makes of pianos and has received several samples which are on display at his store.

The members of the K. P. lodge held a dancing party at their hall on Monday evening. About twenty couples were in attendance and they report a good time.

The stable for the accommodation of the west side fire team has been finished and is a very neat and handy structure, and will no doubt prove well worth the investment.

A nice new line of collars at Landry's harness shop in Daly block near bridge.

—If you have sick headache go to Johnson & Hill Drug Co. and get KASKAVA, a warranted cure \$1.00 bottles sold for the purpose of advertising until April 19th, 5 for \$1.

St. Patrick's day was not observed in this city to any extent and very few green ribbons were in evidence. The latter fact was no doubt partly owing to the inclement weather.

Charles Kellogg and E. C. Rossier have each filed papers of withdrawal as aldermen of their respective wards, the demands on their time being more than they are able to devote to the work.

—FOR SALE—A high grade Mason & Hamlin organ very cheap for cash or on time inquire of TIMM & BRIERE.

It is expected that a gang of men and a work train will be put on the Northwestern road next month to work in this vicinity in ballasting the road. About sixty men will be employed in the work.

The friends of Mrs. Fred Horton, who resides near Biron, assembled at that ladies home on Thursday to celebrate her 62d birthday and a very pleasant afternoon was spent by those present.

According to the returns made by Register of Deeds E. A. Upham to the secretary of state, the following marriages, births and deaths occurred in Wood county during the year of 1901. Marriages 189, births 262 and deaths 166.

The school meeting was convened at the Howe high school on Monday evening and then adjourned for one week, to meet again at the opera house. It is expected that there will be a large attendance at the coming meeting.

—Don't forget to call on G. Bruderli, the west side shoemaker if you want the best work done in the city.

G. Bruderli has a pair of large snowy owls which he has kept for some time and which are becoming quite tame. While Mr. Bruderli does not expect to go into raising owls as a business the two birds always prove objects of interest to persons who visit his home.

H. Wiperman expects to erect a new block on the east side the coming summer on the site now occupied by the 20th Century Place. The structure will be of brick, three stories high and will certainly produce a great improvement in the appearance of the east side.

Charles Currier of Stevens Point has purchased the livery stable of M. A. Bogogor on the east side, and took charge of the institution on Friday. Mr. Currier is thoroughly conversant with the livery business and has added three horses to his outfit. He will also operate a hack.

The trial of Adam Davis occurred on Thursday before Justice T. J. Cooper. Davis was accused of stealing some lumber and other things that amounted to between six and seven dollars, but he proved to the satisfaction of the jury that he had no intention of stealing the stuff and he was discharged.

—Rocky Mountain Tea taken now will keep the whole family well. If it fails bring it back and get your cash. 35 cents at Johnson & Hill Co.

Many a man have a deep sigh of relief when he glanced out of the window Sunday morning and discovered the ground covered with snow, frost on the panes and other evidences of cold weather. The continued warm weather had made the average house wife so uneasy that poor mankind did not know what minute house cleaning would start in earnest.

—You will never wish to take another dose of pills if you once try Chamberlain's stomach and liver tablets. They are easier to take and more pleasant in effect. They cleanse the stomach and regulate the liver and bowels. For sale by Johnson & Hill Co. and Wood Co. Drug Co.

The Bank of Grand Rapids has made arrangements to furnish its customers and others with the "Little Home Savings Bank." An ad giving more explicit details would have appeared in this issue but the copy came in too late. There is nothing like them for establishing a bank account.

—See the new line of 20th Century harness. In fact everything new and up to date in custom made harness at Landry's. In brick block at west end of bridge.

Dr. V. P. Norton and his wife and four children have been prostrated with smallpox during the past week or so. Mr. Norton reports that Mrs. Norton was quite sick with the malady, but is better now. They reside on a farm belonging to E. S. Renne outside the city limits on the east side.

—Telephone Pavlick & Rick, number 340, for choice meats. Orders delivered promptly. Have new milch cows for sale or trade, also farm horses.

The town treasurers throughout the county will probably finish making their returns to the county treasurer this week. Mr. Seales reports that the amount returned delinquent this year is very small and the indications are that in a few years there will be no tax list to publish and lands sold for taxes. This speaks well for the lands in Wood county.

—Stops the cough and works off the cold. Laxative Bromo Quinine tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure no pay. Price 25 cents.

It is reported that the Northwestern company will build a roundhouse at this place in the near future for the accommodation of the company's engines at this point. This would indicate that the company anticipate keeping an engine or two here at all times. As the trains now run there are two engines here every night, and one more or less during the day.

—Call on Guy Getts for painting. Everything done in a first class manner. Leave orders at Johnson & Hill.

Those who attended the Sousa band concerts at Stevens Point or Wausau report a most delightful two hours of entertainment. The band contains about sixty members, and they travel from town to town in a special car, and generally make two towns each day, playing a concert in the afternoon and one in the evening. This is necessary in order to make any money owing to the large number of people carried. The band has given excellent satisfaction wherever it has played.

We sat at the table together. She cast a shy glance over me, She certainly looked like an angel Oh Charley! Please order me Rocky Mountain Tea.

—Johnson & Hill Co.

—Suits—Suits for everybody, to suit everybody's pocketbook. You will be sure to save money by trading at Cohen Brothers.

The members of the Rocky Run Rod and Reel club held their first meeting on Thursday evening since receiving their articles of incorporation. The officers elected under their charter are F. E. Kellner, pres., E. Oberbeck, treas., and Ben Hansen, secy. The membership of the organization having been limited to twenty, they have had more applications than could be accommodated and the last two members were voted in on Thursday evening. The initiation fee was made \$10 which will give the club \$200, besides which they will borrow a like amount to be paid by annual assessments on the members.

—FOR SALE—One 8 room house and four lots; one 6 room house and two lots; good barns and wells on each place, west side. For particulars enquire of P. CONWAY.

There are two special elections to be held in this city this spring, but they both occur on the regular election day. One is for the purpose of raising funds for building a new bridge across the river and the other to raise \$10,000 for taking up the bonds on the old Centralia waterworks, which as they now stand are drawing an exorbitant rate of interest. Notice of both elections will be found in another column of the paper.

—Now's the time, spring time. Take Rocky Mountain Tea; keeps the whole family well. A great medicine for spring tiredness. 35c at Johnson & Hill Co.

—I. Zimmerman has just received one of the finest lines of shoes in the city. They are all of the latest style. In fact, there is not another place in town where such a thoroughly up-to-date line of footwear can be found.

A class of nine was initiated into the mysteries of the Equitable and Fraternal Union on Tuesday evening at their lodge rooms. After the ceremony light refreshments were served. Those who went in were Mrs. Fred Mellenbar, Mrs. Andrew King, Mrs. James Bronson, Mrs. Chas. Chose, Mrs. James Kirkland, Fred Kruger, H. H. Voss, A. B. Sutor and Ed. Phillo. The order was organized about four years ago here and now has a membership of 120, which shows a very healthy growth.

—Young Box Aiders, now is the time to plant them. For sale by G. Bruderli.

Many expressions have been heard among the residents of the city during the past few days to the effect that everybody would be better satisfied if party lines were drawn in municipal affairs and two tickets put into the field for the people to choose between. The Tribune does not care to enter into a discussion of the matter at this time, in view of the fact that it will be two years before there is another election in the city, but it is claimed by many that most of the dirty work in city politics is caused by the blind following of party leadership. The citizen's ticket is supposed to be the ideal method of electing men to office. That is the way George Washington was elected and the fact has always been pointed out as an ideal state of affairs.

—Guy Getts will do your paper hanging and painting in the best manner possible at the lowest possible price. Leave orders at Johnson & Hill drug department.

—One big load of dry kindling wood delivered to any part of the city for \$1.25. BADER BOX & LUMBER CO. Telephone No. 314.

PERSONAL MENTION.

C. F. Kellogg was in Wausau on Saturday.

LeRoy Taft spent Sunday at Tomah visiting with relatives.

A. W. Rumsey spent Sunday with his family in this city.

Mrs. W. F. Kellogg has been quite sick during the past week.

T. E. Nash left on Tuesday for Chicago on a business trip.

Miss Ella Hasbrouck is in Milwaukee visiting for a few days.

Justice W. H. Getts was a business visitor at Finley on Tuesday.

Tim Daly of Dancy transacted business in the city on Saturday.

Charles Seiler of Alma was in the city on Tuesday on business.

Larry Ward of Babcock transacted business in the city on Tuesday.

Rev. W. J. Rice of Stevens Point, visited friends here on Tuesday.

J. B. Arpin was a Stevens Point visitor on Tuesday and Wednesday.

Miss Isabelle Bowen of Dexterville was in the city on Monday for a time.

Mrs. J. D. Witter is in Chicago this week in attendance upon her husband.

Miss Mabel Garrett of Milton is visiting Mrs. Jessie Love this week.

Jos. Applebaker of Pittsville transacted business in this city on Wednesday.

Attorney W. E. Wheelan transacted business at Finley on Tuesday afternoon.

Bob Morse returned on Monday from Waupaca where court had been in session.

Mrs. Geo. W. Davis left on Tuesday for Necedah to visit relatives for a few days.

Atty. E. C. Pors of Marshfield transacted business in the city on Tuesday.

Frank Foubare of Junction City was in the city between trains on Tuesday.

Miss Vinnie White of Vesper visited friends and relatives in the city on Saturday.

Mrs. Ed. Lynch returned last week from a visit to Chicago, Appleton and Milwaukee.

Arthur Pepin was at Wausau on Thursday evening to hear Sousa's famous band.

Charles Podawiltz was a Wausau visitor on Thursday to take in the band concert.

Robert Searies of Plainfield was in the city on Tuesday, the guest of his brother Jacob.

Deputy Game Warden Brown of Pittsville was in the city on Saturday for a short time.

Merchant Wm. Downing of Dexterville was a business visitor in the city on Tuesday.

George N. Wood spent several days at Marshfield the fore part of the week on business.

Chas. Wassor who is employed at Atlanta is home this week for a visit with his mother.

Miss May Sawler of Morris spent Saturday and Sunday, the guest of Miss Agnes Mulroy.

Dr. C. A. Boorman returned on Tuesday from Chicago, where he had accompanied J. D. Witter.

Mrs. Laura Sheehan, nee McCarthy has been visiting her parents in the city during the past week.

P. N. Christensen, chairman of the town of Lincoln was a business visitor at the court house on Monday.

Dr. D. A. Hoenes of Milwaukee is visiting at the home of Matt Derricks of the west side for a few weeks.

Arthur Wolsiayer returned to his home at Stevens Point on Wednesday after an extended visit with friends.

Al Plath of Marshfield arrived in the city on Tuesday, having accepted a position with A. Peterick, the baker.

Oliver Akev, the Rudolph real estate man, was in the city Tuesday and Wednesday transacting business.

Wilbur Briere arrived in the city on Monday and has been visiting his parents and other friends since then.

Charles E. Boles is able to be around again this week after being confined to his home a week or more by sickness.

L. Jefferson of Stevens Point was in the city on Saturday the guest of his daughter, Miss Jefferson, the preceptress.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Ward of Dexterville was in the city on Wednesday and transacted business at the court house.

Mrs. A. R. Jackson, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Sam Church, returned to her home at Elroy on Thursday.

Mrs. H. E. Pearson of Appleton has been the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Carrington, during the past week.

Mrs. Geo. Martin, who has been the guest of Mrs. W. C. Martin for some time, returned to her home in Chelsea on Tuesday.

E. F. Deyo of Port Edwards was in the city the fore part of the week and purchased a fine Hamilton piano from W. G. Scott.

A. C. Boyles of Wausau visited friends in the city on Wednesday. He had also been at Nekoosa renewing acquaintances.

Father Jenner of Stevens Point was in the city on Thursday and held services in St. John's Episcopal church that evening.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Arpin departed on Monday for the east to be absent several weeks. They visited in Milwaukee on their way.

The family of N. H. Potter of the town of Grand Rapids were at Friendship on Wednesday to attend the funeral of Mrs. I. C. Rous.

Mrs. Ed. King of Merrill was in the city over Sunday the guest of Mrs. John Daly. Mrs. King was on her way home from a trip to Chicago.

T. A. Tack of Marshfield was in the city on Thursday having come down with his boy who is taking instruction on the violin from Jacob Reuter.

Hiram Rous and Mrs. Minnie Palmater were called to Friendship on Wednesday to attend the funeral of their grandparent, Mrs. I. C. Rous.

A. C. Keyes, traveling freight agent for the Northwestern road, was in the city on Wednesday interviewing our business men in the interests of the road.

Advices from J. D. Witter state that he is getting along nicely since his operation. It is expected that he will have to remain in Chicago about three weeks.

Miss Agnes Mulroy who is teaching at Morris, Shawano county, is home for a short visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. Mulroy of the Commercial house.

The following Pittsville people transacted business in this city the past week, Dr. Wood, Wm. Sprowl, E. W. Ring, Nash Mitchell and W. C. McGlynn.

Dr. J. J. Looze was at Green Bay and vicinity the latter part of last week, where he had been visiting his father who had been sick for some time past.

Mrs. John Dixon and son Charles returned on Tuesday from Milwaukee where Mrs. Dixon had been receiving medical treatment during the past week.

Mrs. I. Baruch and Mrs. J. Hamm left on Saturday for Milwaukee and Chicago to be absent several days buying goods for the Heinemann Mercantile company.

Rube Lyons, Art Houston, Emil Lambert and Louis Peyrusse went to Wausau Thursday morning for the purpose of attending the concert given by Sousa that evening.

Martin Pfy, the Arpin merchant, was in the city on Thursday and a pleasant caller at the Tribune office. Mrs. Pfy is visiting her old home in Ohio for three weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Cameron, Miss Helen Kromer, Miss Lona Johnson and Miss Edith Nash went to Stevens Point on Thursday to hear the concert given by Sousa's band.

John Ostrauski of Grand Rapids came to the Riverside hospital on Friday to receive treatment for a lame back, sustained by having overlifted himself.—Wausau Record.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Cady arrived in the city on Wednesday and will take up their residence in the Klein house on the east side. Mr. Cady has not secured a business office as yet.

Nic Boer, one of Milladore's young farmers was a business visitor here on Thursday. Mr. Boer was closing up a deal for the sale of his farm, intending to buy another at once.

Rev. W. A. Peterson has been somewhat under the weather during the past week by what seems to be an attack of grip. He has been able to be around much of the time, however.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Grenfell spent Sunday in the city the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Kellogg, being on their way to Chelsea, where they expect to make their home for a short time at least.

Julius Nelson, who is managing the John Farrish farm at Sherry, was in the city on Saturday and while here favored the Tribune with a pleasant call. Mr. Nelson reported pretty tough roads up his way.

Henry Alpine returned on Wednesday from Oshkosh where he had had a leg removed on account of a tubercular affection of the bone. He is recovering as rapidly as can be expected under the circumstances.

Nash Mitchell of Pittsville was in the city on Tuesday and Wednesday on business. Mr. Mitchell has been investigating the oil business as it exists in the south and figures on investing some capital in the business.

Rev. Leopold Kroll has so far recovered from his illness as to be able to take his place in the pulpit again, and will hold services for the first time on Sunday. His many friends will be glad to hear of his complete recovery.

Mrs. C. Crotteau of Rudolph has been visiting the family of N. J. Richards during the past week. Mrs. Richards being a daughter of Mrs. Crotteau. Two of Mr. and Mrs. Richards little girls have been sick with measles.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Parker and Leo Johnson expect to leave on Monday for Chatoo, Montana, where they will probably make their home in the future, both Mr. and Mrs. Parker owning land there.

F. B. Roe, who has held the position of operator at the Central depot for some time past, left on Thursday for Stevens Point where he has accepted a position as operator in the Central station at that place.

John Hoffman and Chas. Mess, two of Marshfield's leading men, were business visitors in the city last Friday. Mr. Hoffman came down to see Gus Schuman about sand for the coming season for building purposes.

Elbert Kellogg, Atty. H. E. Fitch, Walter Graves, August Wagner and Misses Nellie Carmody, Catherine Galligan and Nellie Forgarty of Nekoosa were in the city Monday evening in attendance at the dance given by the Knights of Pythias.

Mr. and Mrs. I. A. Colcord and daughter, of Andover, South Dakota, are in this city this week the guests of A. H. Colcord, the Messrs. Colcord being brothers. I. A. Colcord was formerly a resident of this city, but left here some seventeen years ago.

Stevens Point Gazette: M. A. Bogogor of Grand Rapids spent a few hours in the city Monday afternoon, coming over in company with Misses Romona Pfiffner and Arabella Betlach, who spent a couple of days at his home in our neighboring town.

Fred Logan of Rudolph was in the city on Friday of last week and while here he favored the Tribune office with a pleasant call. Mr. Logan and his family are new arrivals at the station where Mr. Logan will engage in the general merchandise business.

—Smoke the Winneschek cigar. The best ten cent smoke on earth.

Notice of Adjourned Annual School Meeting.

Notice is hereby given that the annual school meeting of Grand Rapids School District No. 1, met pursuant to law at the Howe High school building, situated in the second ward of the city of Grand Rapids, Monday, March 17th, 1902, at 7:00 o'clock p. m., and adjourned to meet at the opera house, Monday, March 27th, at 7:30 p. m., to transact such general business as may legally come before it.

First Ward—Commissioners to succeed Messrs. H. Rablin (long term) and W. H. Reeves (short term), whose terms expire April 12th, 1902.

Second Ward—Commissioner to succeed Mr. J. P. Horton, whose term expires April 12th, 1902.

Third Ward—Commissioner to succeed Mr. I. P. Witter, whose term expires April 12th, 1902.

Fourth Ward—Commissioner to succeed Mr. E. Roenius, whose term expires April 12th, 1902.

Fifth Ward—Commissioner to succeed Mr. E. R. Griffith, whose term expires April 12th, 1902.

Sixth Ward—Commissioners to succeed Messrs. A. McMillan (long term) and E. Oberbeck (short term) whose terms expire April 12th, 1902.

Seventh Ward—Commissioner to succeed Mr. L. M. Nash, whose term expires April 12th, 1902.

Eighth Ward—Commissioner to succeed Mr. A. L. Ridgman, whose term expires April 12th, 1902.

GEO. P. HAMBRECHT.

MEDICINE FREE!

TO INTRODUCE AND ADVERTISE

Kas-kava

We are going to be here Six Weeks. All those calling twice a day at Johnson & Hill Co.'s Drug Store will receive the medicine FREE until Saturday, April 19th.

Kas-kava is a Guaranteed Cure for Rheumatism and Catarrh.

Now when we stay here six weeks and let you try the medicine free, you will understand the medicine certainly must be good or we could not advertise by this method. It will only take from 7 to 10 days to convince you what KASKAVA is. For Rheumatism and Catarrh, and if you have Kidney or Liver trouble, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Impure Blood, Heart Trouble, Nervousness, Neuralgia, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Eczema, or Sick Headache, if you will only come and try it one week the medicine will tell its own story. Come and try it, it's FREE.

Female Weakness and Irregularities

relieved in five or six days or Money Refunded. For the benefit of those who cannot call daily for a treatment, **will sell until Saturday, April 19th,**

The Regular \$1.00 Bottle for 35 Cents, or 3 Bottles for \$1.00

After April 19th the medicine will sell for \$1.00. We guarantee that if, after a thorough trial, the medicine does not do as represented, you can return the bottle to our agent and your money will be refunded. You can use part of the bottle as a test.

KAS-KAVA, THE GREAT BLOOD AND NERVE TONIC

Is a purely vegetable compound, free from mineral poisons. It cleanses all bilious derangements and impure blood from the system, restores weakened constitutions, tones the nerves and creates an appetite.

WE HAVE HUNDREDS OF TESTIMONIALS. WAIT FOR HOME ENDORSEMENTS.

Berlin, Wis., Feb. 24, 1902
After spending \$50 a year to keep my blood in good condition. I find Kas-Kava does the work better and at much less expense.
DAN O'CONNELL.

Berlin, Wis., Feb. 22, 1902
For years I have suffered with Kidney trouble and a few doses of Kas-Kava have cured me.
MARTIN HANSON

Rush Lake, Wis., Feb. 20, 1902
For years I have been troubled with Constipation and have tried all kinds of remedies, but found no permanent relief until I used Kas-Kava and have experienced no trouble in taking it. I recommend it highly to all similarly afflicted.
P. DAVLIN.

Berlin, Wis., Feb. 23, 1902
After suffering for years Periodical Headaches, I find Kas-Kava the first remedy to give relief. I have had no trouble since I began using it.
MRS. A. E. RICHARDS.

FREE. We have got to CURE to make a reputation. All are invited to call and receive medicine FREE of charge until Saturday April 19th.

JOHNSON & HILL GO., DRUGGISTS.

G. W. MORTON, Western Advertising Agent
Representing Kas-Kava Medicine Co., New York.



ONLY A FARMER'S DAUGHTER.

By
MRS. FORRESTER.

CHAPTER XX.

Mrs. Clayton was still a rich woman, although she did not, of course, possess more than a tithe of her husband's income. Still, that was enough to give her every luxury that she had been accustomed to, and to keep her in a manner befitting her station. She could not pretend any deep sorrow for the loss of a man who had been cruel, neglectful and almost brutal to her; but the time she had been absent from him had in a measure softened the harshness of the previous memories, and the sad fate which had overtaken him forbade in her forgiving heart the angry remembrance of past wrongs.

"Perhaps, aunt," she said, in a low, regretful voice, "if I had been more forgiving and less provoking to him he might have been different all the time."

Lady Marion looked up from her book. "It is always right, dear, to think kindly of people who are gone, and I should feel it wrong to speak against Francis Clayton now; but I cannot help thinking that no amount of goodness or gentleness could have touched a heart so bitter and cynical as his."

Mrs. Maxwell declined absolutely to be present at Winifred's wedding. As she was utterly indifferent now to the favor for or against her relations, she did not trouble to make any excuse, but contented herself with saying she did not feel inclined to be one of the party.

"I always disliked the girl, and thought her intriguer," she wrote to her mother. "It would be a perfect farce for me to be present at her marriage. I have not the least sympathy with her success, although I admit she has played her cards well."

The wedding was none the less happy or magnificent for Mrs. Maxwell's absence: everyone pronounced it a very splendid affair; and this time the sympathies of all were enlisted for the bride and bridegroom were both young and handsome and happy. Sir Howard gave Winifred away, and her husband received her with infinite gladness and tenderness. All the farmers and villagers came round to see Miss Errol, "that they had known from a child," married.

At Hazeli Court there were great festivities; dinners for all the tenants, and games and fireworks in the evening, and a real military band from London.

Captain Le Marchant was best man, of course; Ada Fordey chief bridesmaid, and Lord Harold Erskine was able to be present without suffering any pang of jealousy. He was to be married himself in a month's time. Madame de Monroliu had actually been persuaded to be present at the wedding.

"When we come back you will always live with us, dear madame," Winifred had said.

"Not yet, my love," the old lady answered. "Young people are best by themselves at first. I shall ask Lady Grace to keep me a little longer; and then, if in six months or a year's time you care to have me, I shall rejoice to come to you."

The spring had come round again, and Mr. and Mrs. Hastings were at Hazeli Court. Mrs. Clayton was starting with them. She was herself again now—not so bright and sparkling, perhaps, as in the old days, but very sweet and good.

She and Winifred were sitting together in the green morning room as the twilight was coming on.

"I think the old Court is decidedly improved by the presence of a mistress," said Mrs. Clayton presently. "I always thought it charming—now it is perfect."

Winifred laughed a short, happy laugh. "Oh, do you really think so? It seems to me the place ought to have a much grander mistress than I. Fancy a girl brought up to a simple country life coming to such state and grandeur! I feel as if I ought to be like Lady Burleigh, and instead of making myself so thoroughly at home, to pine away and die."

"It is a good thing Errol is not here to hear you, or he would be very angry at your saying such foolish things. If ever anyone was born with a thorough appreciation of the pomps and vanities of the world, it is you, I think. It makes me laugh when I remember how you used to preach to me about love in a cottage, and marrying the man you loved if he had not a shilling."

"And so I would have married Errol if he had been as poor as—"

"Be thankful, ma belle, that your love was not put to such a terrible test."

There was silence for a few moments, and then Mrs. Clayton spoke again, with a voice that betrayed some agitation.

"Winifred, did you ever know how much I cared for Col. d'Aguilar?"

"I know he cared a great deal for you, Fee."

"And you thought because I could not make up my mind to share poverty with him, that I did not love him?"

"Nay, Fee, I would not say that."

"Well, then," cried Mrs. Clayton, impatiently, "I tell you I loved him both before and after I married Francis Clayton—better after, perhaps, than before. I may as well confess the whole; I am not afraid of your repeating it. When I was so miserable we met again in London, and it seemed my only comfort to get his sympathy for my trouble. At last we parted, with the intention of not meeting again. I have never seen or heard of him since. I can guess why he keeps away."

"You think he does not like to seek you because you are rich as well as free?" Winifred suggested.

Mrs. Clayton bent her head.

"And I want you to do something for me," she said, after a pause.

"To ask him here, darling?" said Winifred, gently.

"Yes," answered Fee, simply.

"Errol shall write to him at once. I know he likes him. I suppose he is in England?"

"I should think so," and Mrs. Clayton rose slowly and left the room.

Presently Mr. Hastings came in.

"Errol!" said his wife.

"Yes, my pet."

"I want you to write at once and invite Col. d'Aguilar to come and stay."

"Do you, dear—why?"

"Never mind. You are not to ask any questions. I cannot tell you the reasons—at all events, not now."

He went up and kissed her.

"You seem to have an equal opinion of your husband's powers of divination and discretion," he said, laughing.

"Well, Errol, but will you?" pleaded Winifred.

"Of course. I will do anything I like," he answered. "It is too late to write to-night."

"Not if you send the letter over to Holton, Errol."

"What is it so important as all that?"

"Yes, darling," she answered coaxingly, pushing him into a chair, and bringing the writing materials to him.

"Very well, little tyrant. But where is he?—what is his address?"

"O, Errol, I can't tell you," cried Winifred, looking blank. "Do you not know?"

"I don't, indeed. I believe his regiment has left Hounslow."

"Well, cannot you send it by the club?"

"Yes, I can do that; but you seemed in such a terrible hurry, and if he is not in town, the chances are he may not get it for days. Perhaps Fee knows."

"Now, Errol, how should she?"

"I don't know, darling. I always thought they were such great friends."

"Why, they have not met for months and months."

"Perhaps they might not like to meet, then," said Mr. Hastings, looking up at Winifred, and smiling a little maliciously.

"Had you not better consult Fee first?" and then Winifred fairly laughed, but would not be induced to say anything more on the subject. However, the letter was duly written and sent, and in three days' time the answer arrived. Col. d'Aguilar would have much pleasure in spending a few days at the Court, and Mr. Hastings might expect him the following day.

CHAPTER XXI.

When the Colonel came there was an embarrassment in his manner towards Mrs. Clayton; he was grave, kind and courteous, as though there had been more than an ordinary friendship between them. He was resolved not to speak a single word of love to her. He felt her wealth to be a barrier between them, and could not bear to say what was in his heart for her, for fear any doubt of his great love should come between them—for fear any base thought should creep in and see a sordid desire in the renewal of his passion for her.

The last few months had been very painful to him. When he heard of Francis Clayton's sudden death, a feeling that he was ashamed of came over him. He was not glad, not actually glad—nay, he felt a kind of pity for the man who had been cut off in the prime of his life, selfish and ill-spirited though it had been; but he could not forget that Fee was free. He felt that she must be the first to hold communication with him. Would she do so? Did she still care for him, and had she believed truly in the unselfishness of his renunciation of her?

Mrs. Hastings was by no means satisfied with the progress of the affair. Instead of the first natural reserve between Col. d'Aguilar and her friend being dispelled it seemed to grow stronger each day. They avoided, above all things, being left alone together. Winifred wanted to help them; she felt certain they cared for each other, and, besides, women in the first flush of a happy marriage are always inveterate match makers.

"Errol," said his wife one day at lunch, "I want to drive you over to the Manor this afternoon. I am going to see grandpapa, and he has grown so fond of you he never likes me to go without you."

"You forget, dear," replied Mr. Hastings, "we cannot be so unceremonious as to leave our guests."

"How stupid and provoking men are!" Winifred thought, pettishly. She looked up at Col. d'Aguilar pleadingly.

"You will excuse him, will you not?"

"I was intending to ask permission to ride over and call on Lord Lancing this afternoon," he answered, fabricating a polite fiction for the occasion.

"And I have a headache and do not care to go out," said Mrs. Clayton.

"Then we shall go over to the Manor as you wish, Winifred. Have you ordered the ponies?"

"No, please ring the bell, and say I am just going round to the stables. Will you come, d'Aguilar? What will you ride this afternoon?" and the two gentlemen went off together.

"Fee," said Winifred, suddenly, "you and Col. d'Aguilar are very provoking."

"How, Winifred?"

"You are so strange and distant to each other. Why do you not let him see you care for him?"

"I do not think he cares for me any longer," Mrs. Clayton answered, despondingly.

"How can you be so blind, Fee? You must know what he feels. Is it not quite natural that he should hesitate to remind you of the past now that you are rich?"

"But, Winifred, a woman cannot speak first."

"Of course you cannot ask him to marry you, but you can let him see that you are not utterly indifferent to him."

Mrs. Clayton made no answer.

"It is so tiresome of him to go out," continued Winifred, presently.

"And defeat your intentions, little match maker," added Fee, looking up.

When Errol and his wife had started Mrs. Clayton took her book to the green-room and began to read. Col. d'Aguilar came to fetch a letter he had written in the morning. A sudden thought crossed Fee's mind that sent the blood rushing

over neck and brow and made her heart beat in great throbs.

"Col. d'Aguilar," she said, with a voice almost inarticulate with nervousness.

"Yes, Mrs. Clayton."

"Are you really going out?"

"I am just starting for Holton."

"Won't you stay with me? I shall be so dull all alone."

He hesitated for a moment.

"If you really wish it I will."

"Of course I wish it or I should not ask," Fee responded, a little peremptorily.

"Then I will go and send the groom back to the stables." And he left the room.

Mrs. Clayton was excessively uneasy in her mind. She could not form the least resolve what she should say to him when he returned.

"You will not thank me for spoiling your ride," were her first words to him.

"I would much rather be here. I only proposed riding to Holton because I thought Mrs. Hastings was anxious for her husband's company."

"Are they not devoted?" sighed Fee.

"I never saw a man fonder of a woman. I do believe he fancies there is no one like her—so graceful, so amiable, so clever."

"That is as it should be, is it not?" asked Col. d'Aguilar, smiling.

"Of course. He intends her to make quite an impression this season. He has taken a mansion for three months and an opera box, and I know he means her to have her handsomest carriage and horses in London. Fancy a woman having all that and a handsome husband whom she loves besides!" And there were tears in Mrs. Clayton's eyes.

"She is very sweet-mannered. I think she deserves her happiness."

"I am sure she does," responded Mrs. Clayton, warmly. "She would have married him just the same if he had been poor. She was not like me, Col. d'Aguilar."

"You forget how differently you were brought up," he exclaimed, eager to defend her from any imputation, even though it came from her own lips. "Poverty would have been a terrible hardship to you, who had been used all your life to luxury."

"It is very generous in you to excuse my selfishness," Fee said, softly, "since you suffered by it. Did you suffer?" she asked, with a quick alteration of mood.

"Hardly," she added, with the slightest tinge of bitterness, "or you would not have been so ready to give me up."

It was Col. d'Aguilar's turn to feel hurt and bitter now.

"I believe women never give men credit for real unselfishness," he said. "A woman has more faith in the passion that sacrifices than in the love that spares her."

"Col. d'Aguilar," said Mrs. Clayton, with bright tears standing in her eyes, "I would give the world to know if you left me because you really loved me."

"My love could have little worth for you," he answered, sadly, "if a doubt of my motive could have found room in your heart."

There came then a long silence between them, and both looked straight away from each other, as though they feared the next words that might be spoken. At last Mrs. Clayton turned her face toward the man, whom she loved and esteemed more now than she had ever done in her life before.

"Ivora," she said, in a low voice, that trembled from the deep under-current of emotion—"Ivora, do you not know how hard it is for a woman to ask for a man's love?"

He turned quickly toward her.

"My darling, do you think it necessary to ask for what I have given you, wholly and entirely, from the time I first saw you? Do I need to tell you that I love you heart and soul, and that I can never cease to care for the little fairy who first bewitched me until the day I die?"

(The end.)

Not Pampered.

The professor who was the chief instructor of the present King of Italy during his boyhood has lately made some interesting statements as to the method pursued in the education of the prince.

"The first day I went to instruct the prince," says the author, "I was informed by those in authority that I was to treat him as I would any other pupil, neither showing him any undue respect nor any indulgence even in trifling matters. For example, if anything was needed during the lesson it was the prince who should get it, and not I; and if a book or anything like it were to fall from the table it was the prince who should pick it up."

The tutor was sharp in his reprimands if the prince slighted his lessons.

"Your royal highness should remember," he said, on one occasion, "that a king's son, if he is a blockhead, will remain a blockhead, for in this respect there is no difference between him and the son of a shoemaker."

At another time the prince asked to be relieved from exercise on horseback on the plea that he had a headache.

"If a battle were to be fought to day, do you think a pain in the head ought to prevent your royal highness from appearing at the head of his troops?" asked the tutor.

The prince rode that day, as usual.

Influence of Food.

"What do you think of the theory that food has a potent influence in determining character?" asked Mr. Smithfield, as he put three lumps of sugar in his coffee.

"I guess it's all right," replied Mr. Wood, as he severed a portion of his beefsteak. "It always seems a little cannibalistic to me when you order lobster."

"Well," retorted Mr. Smithfield, good humoredly, "I ought to have known it was dangerous to lend you money after I discovered your fondness for beefs. But, seriously, if there were anything in the theory, wouldn't it make a man sheepish to eat mutton?"

"It would, and prize fighters ought to restrict themselves to a diet of scraps."—Pittsburg Gazette.

Has a Thick Hide.

The hide of the hippopotamus in some parts is fully two inches thick.



Riding Attachment for Plows.

The illustrated device is a riding attachment for a plow, which a correspondent of the Iowa Homestead says he devised a number of years ago.

Fig. 1 shows the attachment attached to a walking plow and shows how it is attached. Fig. 2 shows the attachment detached from the plow, and if it is to be used for a harrow or other implement where there is no furrow a larger wheel is substituted for the small wheel, which would make it run in a leaning position. This wheel is attached by a set screw and can be re-

moved easily, and the shaft is long enough so the large wheel may be put on the extreme end and thus make it less liable to tip over.

The Asparagus Bed.

We believe in mowing the asparagus bed in the fall and burning it over to destroy the beetles, eggs and rust that may be there. Others who have grown much more of it than we have prefer to have the old stalks remain until spring, as helping to hold the snow on the bed. But in either case we would cut out and carry away all the seed-bearing plants before the seed begun to fall. The little seedlings in the old bed are no better than as many weeds. If seedlings are wanted to set a new bed, cut the stalks when the seed is nearly ripe, and hang them up to ripen, and sow the seed in a new bed from which it may be transplanted at a year old. We like good yearling plants better than two year-olds.—New England Farmer.

The Corn Breeder.

Corn-breeding has become a specialized industry. The field for this branch of farming is very great, as is shown by the fact that the corn growers of Illinois alone use over 1,000,000 bushels of seed every year. Of course it is not necessary that this seed be secured from the breeder fresh every year, but seed will not as a rule remain pure more than four or five years. It then becomes necessary to again secure well-bred seed. As yet the demand has been but little developed. Farmers are just beginning to realize the importance and benefit of improved seed, but even now corn breeders are not able to supply the demand. That this demand will increase far beyond the capacity of corn breeders to supply there is no doubt.—A. D. Shamel, in Orange Judd Farmer.

Safety Milk Pail.

Many a pail of milk has been lost by a kick from the cow just as the task of milking her was about finished and many a stray bit of dirt falls into the open pail if the farmer is not extremely careful in his labors. John Heustis King, of Garrity, Ala., believes that the pail he has just designed will save the milk in case of an upset pail and also prevent the gathering of impurities.

In the picture the details of construction of this improved pail are shown. The top of the pail has a screw-threaded flange, to which a receiving bowl is secured by a similar flange. In the center of this bowl is a strainer, and below the strainer is an open frame in which is placed a loose cone corresponding in shape to the under side of the strainer. As soon as the pail is tipped over the flow of the milk through the strainer seals the cone and effectually closes the outlet until the pail is righted again.

Butter Kept Fresh in Transportation.

Butter is now packed in a manner that permits of its carriage from Australia to Europe without losing its freshness. A box is formed of six sheets of ordinary window glass, and the edges are sealed with gum paper. This box is then enclosed in plaster of paris one-quarter inch thick, this being again covered with special paper. The plaster is a bad conductor of heat, so the temperature inside the box remains the same. Boxes are now made to hold 200 pounds of butter and the cost of packing is 1d a pound.

Setting Strawberry Plants.

Any one who believes in fall setting of strawberry plants has opportunity this year. The weather since fruiting has been such that the runners have made a good growth, and there has been moisture enough for newly set plants. We think we seldom saw plants set in the spring, and well cared for during the summer, produce as many or as handsome berries as we have seen on those set the same year in August. Excepting some of the new varie-

ties, one can get as many plants as he wants, well known and standard kinds, for a trifling sum if not for nothing, at this season of the year in almost any neighborhood.—American Cultivator.

Avoiding Peach Yellows.

It may not be generally known that peach yellows is found in every State in the Union, with six exceptions. Of course, it is worse in some States than in others, but it exists in all States where the peach is grown, except in California, Mississippi, Texas, and parts of Alabama, Florida and Georgia, and there is no cure for it. In orchards, located in Georgia and in New Jersey, there is apparently no difference in the severity of the disease when at its worst, and the trouble apparently attacks trees budded on stocks grown from pits obtained from different sections of the country. It is safe to say that with the possible exception of California pits, it is as safe to select the pits for budding stocks from the finest fruit on the most healthy trees in one's own orchard as from any other source.

Teaching Lambs to Feed.

When a lamb is two weeks old it is ready for feeding something in addition to the ewe's milk. It is true that by feeding the ewe her milk will be increased, but the first thing to do is to feed the ewe, for the sake of the lambs, which may be fed indirectly in this way from the first day of their lives. The lambs are easily taught to feed by themselves if they are provided with suitable feeding pens into which they may go through narrow openings too small for the ewes. This is the simplest matter possible. To catch a lamb and take it into the pen and put a little of the feed provided into its mouth is all that is needed; the lambs will do the rest; for where one goes all will want to go instantly.—Farmers' Voice.

Early Puritan Potato.

As a rule the early potato crop is the profitable one, although the past season good money was made from late potatoes, and especially if the best table varieties were grown. The Early Puritan, one of the new varieties, has been tested in different potato sections sufficiently to prove its merit. The skin is nearly white, most early sorts of value having a pink skin. In flavor

the variety is first-class and the tuber cooks well, being dry and mealy, another point hard to find among early sorts. It is a good keeper also.

Millions of Eggs.

New York City, according to the statistical expert of the New York Herald, consumes 2,283 eggs every minute of the day, which means 100,000,000 dozen a year. The city may feel independent of the hen so far as the hatching process is concerned, but is entirely dependent for its supply of eggs on the moody creature who regulates her output according to the weather happens to suit her whims. These hens get food and lodging for their part of the work, and their owners receive \$20,000,000 a year for the 342 eggs that they supply annually to each inhabitant of the city.

Bavarian Hops.

Although hops have been grown in this country for a great many years, they have always been inferior as compared with the best European hops, and, as they bring a lower price in the market and are not so desirable as the Bavarian hops, cuttings of the best of the latter were imported last year. These cuttings have been placed in the hop-growing districts of the United States and, according to the report of the Secretary to Agriculture, promise to be far superior to the ordinary varieties grown, in addition to maturing earlier and extending the picking season.

Winter Treatment of San Jose Scale.

Winter spraying to destroy the San Jose scale is most effective. Summer spraying is usually necessary in addition, but the insecticide cannot be made as strong as in the winter season when there are no buds to injure. There are several remedies for the scale, but crude petroleum is the best for use in winter, and it may be used only slightly diluted. The work must be thoroughly done, every branch being touched with the petroleum, and several applications made if necessary. If done thoroughly in winter it is probable that only one or two light sprayings would be necessary in the summer.

Keep Sheep in Good Condition.

A sheep should never be allowed to fall off in condition. Its constitution is weakened permanently. The clip of wool is seriously injured. No animal is so difficult to restore to good condition as the sheep, and there is none where a loss of flesh tells so quickly upon its outward covering.—J. F. Hancock.

Choosing a Dairy Cow.

Never choose a dairy cow because she is fat, sleek and a beauty. In a dairy cow "beauty is as beauty does." The fat and sleek dairy cow doesn't do the handsome thing. The scraggy, bony cow does. Therefore she is the real dairy beauty.

The grape has more sugar in it than any other fruit, nearly 15 parts in 100 being sugar. The peach has least, only 1½ per cent.



THE HOUSEHOLD.

The Care of Brooms.

Brooms that are choked with dust, hair and threads cannot do effective service; they should be kept clean, if you wish them to sweep clean.

Keep a pailful of warm suds in the sink every sweeping day, and as often as the broom becomes dusky take it to the sink, dip it up and down in the pail, shake well and continue the sweeping; then, when all is swept, wash it once more before putting it away. Not only will the broom wear longer, the suds toughening the splinters, but the carpet will look brighter.

Many use a sprinkling of salt before sweeping; while it brings out the color, it gathers dampness.

Do not sweep from one side of the broom alone; it will wear uneven and shorten its life.

Carpet sweepers should be freed from dust and threads before being put away, and, as the brush wears off, it should be lowered a trifle. A very little oil will stop the squeaking of the wheels.

Cooking Vegetables.

Be economical. Steam or boil potatoes in their skins.

Lay all greens in cold, salted water before cooking.

Boil greens fast with the lid off, and skim well.

Drain well and serve hot.

Throw water in which cabbage has been cooked outside the house, if possible, not down the sink.

All root vegetables, except beets and onions, are scrubbed.

After peeling or scraping, lay vegetables in cold water to keep the color.

The proportion of salt added to the water should be one teaspoonful to two quarts of water.

Burn all vegetable parings.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Orange Fritters.

Make a nice light batter with one-half pound of flour, one-half ounce of butter, half a teaspoonful of salt, two eggs and sufficient milk to give the proper consistency, which would be about one pint; peel the oranges and divide each into eight pieces without breaking the thin skin; dip each piece into the batter; have ready a pan of boiling lard or clarified dripping; drop the oranges in this and fry them a delicate brown—from eight to ten minutes. When done, lay them on a piece of white blotting paper before the fire to drain away any greasy moisture that may remain; sprinkle them over with white sugar and serve hot.

Sardine Sandwiches.

Sardine sandwiches may be made with bread or crackers. Drain off the oil; lay the sardines on soft paper to absorb all the oil possible. Pick over with silver knife and fork, removing the bones, etc., and mincing fine. For a box of sardines, use the juice of a small lemon, and one or two teaspoonfuls of melted butter, a speck of cayenne pepper and salt. Sometimes the mixture is rubbed through a sieve, but that is not necessary in every case. Spread the bread or crackers with this paste. Oil would be preferred to melted butter by many, and sometimes a slice of ripe tomato is put in each sandwich.

Jumbles.

Cream half cup of butter; add one cupful of granulated sugar; beat the yolks and whites of two eggs separately; add them to the sugar and butter, with one teaspoonful of vanilla or lemon extract; then

NEKOOSA.

The entertainment given by the children of the Nekooosa public schools at "Brook's" hall Monday evening, March 17th, was largely attended and was pronounced a success. The programme being carefully selected was both interesting and amusing and among the numerous recitations were several good pieces of advice. Miss Minnie M. gave the audience some good advice in German. Miss Elva Hinkley gave a recitation in negro dialect which was heartily applauded. The proceeds which amounted to twenty dollars are to be used to pay for and buy new library books for the school. All who attended the entertainment report a very enjoyable time.

Wm. Harrison died on March 13th at the age of 84 years. Deceased was an old settler in this section and is survived by a wife and six children. The only one of these residing in this place is Mrs. Frank Craney.

The baseball boys intend to fence in their ball grounds the coming season and, as their games have always been well attended, they will then reap some benefit hereafter.

Watch for the grand opening on Monday March 24, 1902. The People's Supply Store. M. H. Goldstein proprietor.

The Mystic Workers gave an entertainment at Brook's hall on Thursday evening last, which was well attended.

When you wake up with a bad taste in your mouth, you may know that you need a dose of Chamberlain's stomach and liver tablets. They will cleanse your stomach, improve your appetite and make you feel like a new man. They are easy to take, being sugar coated and pleasant in effect. For sale by Johnson & Hill Co. and Wood County Drug Co.

RUDOLPH.

Joe Provost, who was employed in the woods up north during the past winter, is now at home. He reported that he was seriously ill with the small-pox and thought he was going to die but we all see that jolly Joe is living yet.

Mr. and Mrs. Hurbert of Stevens Point were here on Monday and Tuesday on business and at the same time were visiting their old friends, perhaps for the last time, for they intend to move east in the near future.

Louis Weyers is doing a good business in his new store. Prompt attention is given to the customers as he has good pleasant clerks.

Mr. and Mrs. Mose Sharkey were in Grand Rapids Tuesday shopping, they bought considerable furniture while there.

Allen Richard and his sister Rose of Merrill are visiting friends and relatives in this burg this week.

Oliver Akey and Owen Oliver of Waukesha were in the county seat on Tuesday transacting business.

Miss Laura Akey was in Grand Rapids this week visiting with her sister-in-law, Mrs. Louis Akey.

Miss Layonnais was the guest of Mrs. Geo. Grignon at Grand Rapids, Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Orren Rayome are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Rayome this week.

Miss Laura Raymond of Plover is the guest of Miss Laura Lyaque this week.

The Vice of Nagging.

Clouds the happiness of the home but a nagging woman often needs help. She may be so nervous and run-down in health that trifles annoy her. If she is melancholy, excitable, troubled with loss of appetite, headache, sleeplessness, constipation or fainting and dizzy spells, she needs Electric Bitters, the most wonderful remedy for ailing women. Thousands of sufferers from female troubles, nervous troubles, backache and weak kidneys have used it, and become healthy and happy. Try it. Only 50c at John E. Daly's. Satisfaction guaranteed.

CRANMOOR.

Mrs. Grimshaw has gone to Minnesota to see a sick relative whose recovery is very doubtful. A niece of Mrs. Grimshaw's from Pittsville is here and will probably remain with the family during Mrs. Grimshaw's absence.

Clinton Kruger came from Babcock Friday afternoon expecting to stay with his people till Monday. A severe attack of asthma kept him here until the middle of the week.

C. S. Whittlesey of Grand Rapids and C. A. Jasperson of Port Edwards took the Monday morning train after spending Sunday with their Cranmoor friends.

S. N. Whittlesey transacted business at the county seat Thursday. The sick in the family are slowly recovering from their recent illness.

Miss Dorothy Fitch was a caller at the Kruger and Whittlesey homes Tuesday and resumed her duties at Nekooosa Wednesday.

Messrs. James Gaylor and Jacob Emmerich were making business calls in the neighborhood Wednesday and Thursday.

Edward Kruger was a Babcock visitor Tuesday and Mr. Grimshaw visited the same town Wednesday.

Thomas Rezin was a business visitor at Grand Rapids last Saturday going up on the early morning train.

Dr. Waters came down on the noon train Saturday being called to see the sick at the Whittlesey home.

I. W. Fitch drove to Nekooosa Saturday and was accompanied home by his sister Dorothy.

Danger of Colds and LaGrippe.

The greatest danger from colds and la grippe is their resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used, however, and Chamberlain's cough remedy taken, all danger will be avoided. Among the tens of thousands who have used this remedy for these diseases, we have yet to learn of a single case having resulted in pneumonia, which shows conclusively that it is a certain preventive of that dangerous malady. It will cure a cold or an attack of la grippe in less time than any other treatment. It is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by Johnson & Hill Co.

BABCOCK.

Who will say that Wood county is not fast becoming noted for the rapidity with which it is being settled? Nearly every day dozens of men go thru here on their way to take land north of here in this county. Hardly a day goes by now without some real estate changing hands here also.

John J. O'Reilly returned on Friday from a trip to Hancock whither he had gone on business. It will be remembered that Mr. O'Reilly has been very sick for some weeks but he is just beginning to feel like himself once more.

L. M. Addleman went north to Minocqua on No. 3 Friday to help pick up a wreck that recently occurred between Minocqua and Star Lake. After a long hard job, he completed his labors and returned home on No. 2 Sunday.

The ladies of the Catholic church gave a basket social at the Oakland parlors on Monday evening. The affair was most successful in every way; the proceeds footing up to about \$82.

Some new apparatus for the schools arrived on Monday. Among the lot were eight large maps in single roller cases, a large eight day clock and some waste paper baskets.

The school track team is training daily when the weather permits. The outlook for a good team, at present, is very good.

Pria. C. W. Jenkins and Miss Laura Emmons spent Saturday and Sunday at their respective homes in Grand Rapids.

Miss Belle Akey was on the sick list Friday and Saturday. She was able to attend to her school duties again on Monday.

Miss Mae Daniels spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents at Daly. She returned to school on Monday.

Mrs. John Close has been indisposed for a day or so but is feeling much better at this writing.

T. F. Cummings made a business trip to Armenia on Thursday last. He was looking up land.

Fireman Disper made a trip to Milwaukee, returning on Monday.

Latest advices from the Hemlock, the "Sages" are coming.

Amos Griffith is again at work for W. F. Noltner.

Women and Jewels.

Jewels, candy, flowers, man—that is the order of a woman's preferences. Jewels form a magnet of mighty power to the average woman. Even that greatest of all jewels, health, is often ruined in the strenuous efforts to make or save the money to purchase them.

If a woman will risk her health to get a coveted gem, then let her fortify herself against the insidious consequences of coughs, colds and bronchial affections by the regular use of Dr. Boschee's German Syrup. It will promptly arrest consumption in its early stages and heal the affected lungs and bronchial tubes and drive the dread disease from the system. It is not a cure-all, but it is a certain cure for coughs, colds, and all bronchial troubles. You can get Dr. G. G. Green's reliable remedies at Johnsons & Hill Co.'s drug department. Get Green's Special Almanac.

VESPER.

At a meeting of the Lutheran church trustees on Sunday it was decided to again start the work of erecting the church in this village. The foundation for the structure was built last fall, when work was discontinued. While no contract has been entered into it is understood that Jacob Bord will do the work.

Among those who transacted business in the city during the past week are Messrs. Nellie Victory, Mav and Vinnie White, Lena Otto, Mrs. P. J. Flanagan, Ed. Flanagan, Albert Frederickson, Jos. Cezic, John Wosau, C. S. Johnson, Bert Spencer and Joseph White.

Farmers and others in this section are doing just as little traveling as possible owing to the rough condition of the roads, which have been well nigh impassible since the recent freeze.

P. Flanagan sold out his saloon last week to Antoine Sparks. Mr. Flanagan has conducted a saloon in Vesper for the last seventeen years and thinks it is time to take a rest.

Will Moody purchased of C. R. Goldsworthy the building known as the old sleeping shanty. Mr. Moody intends to occupy the same by the 1st of May.

Miss May White, teacher in school district No. 3, town of Arpin is having a week's vacation on account of muddy roads.

Miss Bertha Rozell of Grand Rapids visited friends in Vesper the past week.

Antone Sparks moved into one of the J. Q. Rotes buildings on Saturday.

Mr. Yerkey moved his household goods to Marshfield on Thursday.

Dan Keenan of Hanson was a business caller in Vesper on Tuesday.

\$100 Reward \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh. Hall's catarrh cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's catarrh cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer \$100 for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists 75c. Hall's Family pills are the best.

GENERAL COUNTY.

Christian Bock who resided near Pittsville, killed himself on Saturday by hanging himself in the barn. The man was 68 years old and had been sick for a year or more and it is thought the act was the result of his lengthy sickness. He climbed to the barn of his son-in-law, G. Szwatzka, with whom he lived and tying the rope about his neck and then to the rung of a ladder and jumped from the mow.

SIGEL.

Last Wednesday a number of Sigel and Rudolph farmers met at James Rouhan's corner to consider the possibility of putting in a creamery at their place. The old saying that ten farmers cannot agree to undertake an enterprise was nicely illustrated in result of this meeting, for after having talked it over two hours the meeting broke up without having decided anything except that ten farmers can never agree in any matters of business. All of the men at this meeting clearly saw the benefits to be derived from a creamery but they could not agree about locating it. Most of the people present at this meeting were in favor of locating it on the S. E. corner of James Rouhan's field, but a small minority wished to have it a half a mile north of that place. After the meeting had broken up a few of the farmers considered a proposition offered by one of them, but what will be the outcome of it can not be predicted. One thing is certain, however and that is, that a creamery run by an honest and competent man, is a necessity.

The funeral of Simon Kronholm, a highly respected resident of this town, occurred at the Lutheran church on Tuesday of last week, Rev. Setter of Bessemer, Mich., officiating. Mr. Kronholm was 56 years of age and had been a resident of this town since '83. He leaves a wife and four children, they being Mrs. E. M. Worlund, Miss Hannah Kronholm and Edward and Emanuel Kronholm.

We thought, last week, that we could begin to sow our grain this week, but the "cold snap" we had Sunday and Monday dashed our thoughts away.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Youskow spent Tuesday and Wednesday in the Rapids visiting friends and relatives.

Miss Marie Hoffman spent Sunday here she returned on Monday to resume her work with Mrs. Brown.

Mrs. Pagel who died last Thursday afternoon was buried Tuesday at 10 o'clock, Rev. Baese officiating.

Misses Rose and Matilda Youskow visited with their sister, Mrs. J. T. Johnston for a few days.

There are suspicions of a number of weddings after Easter, so we may as well get ready for them.

Miss Annie Heiser departed for Westfield to visit with her aunt for a week or two.

C. Heiser, Sr., spent Saturday evening at the Youskow home.

Miss Clara Youskow visited with her parents over Sunday.

Pneumonia can be Prevented.

This disease always results from a cold or an attack of the grip and may be prevented by the timely use of Chamberlain's cough remedy. This remedy was extensively used during the epidemics of la grippe of the past few years and not a single case has ever been reported that did not recover or that resulted in pneumonia, which shows it to be a certain preventive of that dangerous disease. For sale by Johnson & Hill Co.

MARSHFIELD.

[From the News.]

James Forestal, who is employed at the Omaha roundhouse, was killed on Monday evening by getting beneath the wheels of a train at the Central crossing. The man tried to cross the track while it was occupied by a train when the engine started and he was knocked to the ground and bruised so seriously by the brake beam that he died in an hour. A companion with him saw his predicament and tried to pull him out but did not succeed.

Hon. Frank A. Cady, whose contemplated removal from the city has been mentioned in these columns, transferred his household goods to Grand Rapids yesterday morning. The fact that he will maintain his law office here under the firm name of Cady & Tscharnier will necessitate frequent visits to Marshfield. Mr. Cady and family take with them the best wishes of a large circle of friends.

Edw. Lynch of Grand Rapids, circulated among his many friends here the latter part of last week. He states that the early breakup reduced his log output to about 75 per cent of the usual cut.

J. W. Cameron of Milwaukee, one of the directors of the First National bank of this city spent Saturday here on business.

Guy Nash of Grand Rapids visited friends here last Friday on his way home from a northern trip.

Register of Deeds E. A. Upham was a Marshfield visitor last Saturday.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50 cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25 cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded. JOHNSON & HILL CO. JOHN E. DALY.

ALTDORF.

Miss Harriet Wipfli intends to leave for Mauston Friday where she will spend a few weeks visiting relatives.

Services were held in the Catholic church here by the Rev. Father Van Severn of Rudolph.

Miss Lena Fayer of Grand Rapids spent the week with her parents here.

Can't Keep It Secret.

The splendid work of Dr. King's New Life pills is daily coming to light. No such grand remedy for liver and bowel troubles was ever known before. Thousands bless them for curing constipation, sick headache, biliousness, jaundice and indigestion. Try them. 25c at John E. Daly's drug store.

PILES CAN NOT BE CURED

by local treatment alone. L...-1 application to remove the external trouble and internal medicine to prevent the return in the future. CURE PILES. 25c, for treatment. CUTLER'S COMBINED TREATMENT CURE is the only cure that combines internal and external treatments and GUARANTEES. One month treatment \$1.00. Sold by all druggists or by mail on receipt of 50c to CLARK MEDICINE CO., Chicago, Ill.

CURES IN 3 TO 5 DAYS. B No. 1—For Men, Internally, 50c. B No. 2—For Men, Wash, 50c. B No. 3—For Women, Wash, 50c. SAFE AND SURE. CURE GUARANTEED. Send 2c for treatise. Sold by all Druggists, or sent on receipt of price by CLARK MEDICINE CO., Chicago, Ill.

F. C. and American Beauty Corsets.



Will satisfy the demands of the most fastidious.

This guarantee with every pair: "Money refunded after four weeks' trial if corset is not satisfactory."

Look for these Trade Marks—the signs of quality—on label of box and on inside of corset.



Kalamazoo Corset Co. MAKERS Kalamazoo, Michigan.

SOLD BY MILWAUKEE CHEAP STORE.

WHERE PURITY IS PARAMOUNT

A thoroughly competent and experienced farmer, concentrating his entire energies on a piece of rich, fertile soil, will find his efforts absolutely without result if his seed is not right.

A striking parallel is found in medicine. Though you engage the service of a skilled and experienced physician, his prescription may as well be thrown in the fire as prepared with poor quality or impure drugs; yes, better that it should be burned than what was intended to give health should injure it. The good of a doctor's prescription depends entirely upon how it is dispensed and the quality of the drugs used.

When We Speak of Our Pharmacy

as "where Purity is Paramount" it is not merely for the sake of euphony. Drugs of doubtful purity or anything but first quality can never find a place in the bottles on our shelves. We take our business seriously as one on which, in many cases, life or death depends. We have made absolute accuracy take the place of the guess work and eye measure of the careless druggist.

Johnson & Hill Co., DRUG DEPARTMENT.

REAL ESTATE.

I have a number of desirable houses for sale. Either side of the river. If you are looking for a home, come and see me. I may have just what you want.

C. S. Whittlesey

Office over bank of Grand Rapids.

..NEW..

Harness Shop.

Across from Johnson & Hill Company's. In-building with U. S. Express office.

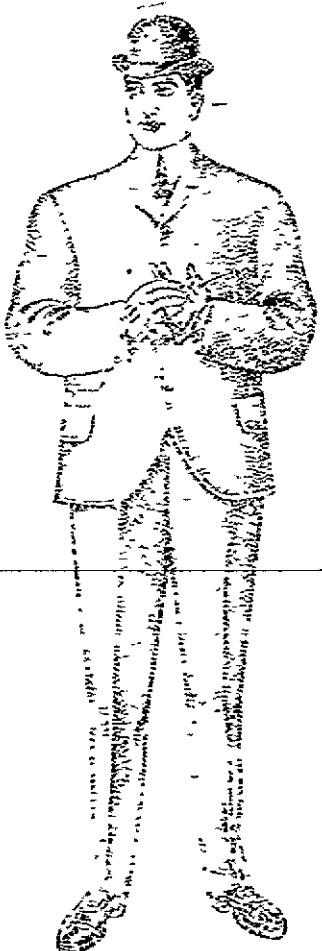
All New Stock.

I invite all my old customers to call and see me. Everything in the line of harnesses and repairing.

V. X. LANDRY

YOUR EASTER SUIT AND OVERCOAT

The most important garment in the Easter wardrobe is the Suit, next the light weight Overcoat, then the Hat and furnishings to be rightly attired. No detail should be neglected. Easter preparations must be made this week. Are you going to appear in Spring Togs? Here they are. New Spring Suits. New Spring Overcoats, the swell long coat or the box, a veritable flower garden of New Spring Neckwear. Fancy Hosiery etc., at economy prices. It will not be our fault if you don't look right Easter Sunday.



FREED BROTHERS CLOTHING CO. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

For Suits the round front Sack as illustrated or square front sack or 3 button cutaway, just what suits your build or your taste, made from imported Clay, Black, Blue, Dark Mixture, Light Mixture, Stripes and Check Easter Suits lined with durable linings. Extreme or modest cut made by skilled hands and finished right up to the top notch.

\$13.00 For Stylish cut and well made, just a little less value in the fabric and a little less value in the linings than the \$15.00 Suits. Your satisfaction guaranteed in the fabric, fit and finish, the price is dollars in your pocket compared with any other ready-to-wear.

\$10 An assortment of Business Sack Suits. In Fancy Cheviots and Cassimeres, also Black and Blue Clay Worsted. The United States is a big country but you may search the whole country in vain for equals of these at the price.

\$7.50 For \$7.50 we will save you \$2.72. We mean by that the suits we sell at that price, fabric fit and finish considered, will be found on many counters in the market and sold for \$2.72 more than our price. We make it a point to give more for the \$7.50 than anyone else.

\$5 The tables containing these suits represent many values. Some ought to be \$7, some \$10, the reason they are \$5 is that they represent odd patterns, odd sizes and ends of certain assortments. If your size is here and there are lots of them, the bargain wise can do some interesting buying.

Spring Overcoats.

Those who wear a short one, a medium light or a long and full coat will all be in style this spring and in all these styles our assortment of Coverts, Cheviots, Worsted Vicunas is a wonder, they will sell at \$7.00, \$10, \$15, \$20.

Separate Trousers.

If we told you the number of pairs we have, the variety of styles, the greatness of our assortment you would think we fibbed. Watch our doings in trousers \$1.00 to \$7.00 per pair.

Boys' Easter.

Don't disappoint the little fellows at Easter. That is the time of all the year that they take the most delight in new clothes. Bring them here, we can clothe the little fellows so that their appearance will be up-to-date at Cost the smallest item in the transaction.

They're made Vestee style, age 3 to 10. Double breasted style age 8 to 16 and single breasted three piece styles age 10 to 16, prices are \$1 to \$7.

Men's Hats for Easter.

Some men prefer a high crown, others a low crown. The high crown will look just right on some men while on others comical. It's our peculiar knack of knowing how to hat men correctly, that is why our store is the Mecca for Hats.

We are showing all the newest shapes and colorings in Derbies and Alpines. Qualities are of the best standard yet withal, our prices are, 50c to \$5.00.

New Fancy Shirts.

The latest patterns of 1902 just received; figures entirely new at prices that surprise and delight as well as the beauty of the patterns and elegance of the fabrics. These Shirts are made expressly for us and are thoroughly custom made. Prices, 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.25 and \$1.50.

Men's Imported Silk and Satin Neckwear

Is by far the most tempting array we have ever shown. Shapes are Four-in-hands, Ascots, Imperials, Graduate Club, Butterfly and Shield bows.

Any of the above styles are proper. It's all a matter of taste. Prices.....25 and 50c

KRUGER & GAMERON.

GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN.